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EMBLEMS,

 $\mathbf{B} \mathbf{Y}$

FRA. QUARLES;

WITH THE

Hieroglyphicks:

ALL THE

CUTS

Being newly Illustrated.



LONDON,

Printed for M.G. and W.F. and to be fold by Roger Clavel at the Peacock in Fleetstreet, and Andrew Bell at the Cross-Keys in the Poultrey. 1696.

EMELLIE FICH CONTENTS 241 011W Hiero pari m gri-A

LOIT DON,
Printed for M. (- red W. F. and to be feld by Royer Clavel at the Peaceck at I Littlets, and Andrew bill at the Peaceck at I Littlets, and Andrew bill at the Poultry, 1655.



Crucifie: Let Dorrs delight to immer'd themfelves in dung, whilft Eagles fcorn so poor a Game as Flies. Sir, you have Art and Candour; let the one judge, let the other excuse,

each for if the firm for

en terminal de la proporción de la composition della composition d

Your most affectionate

reinschie (in the Friend,

FRA. QUARLES.

To the control of the

n mar in dealth and the deal of the deal o

TO THE

READER.

Let not the tender eye check, to fee the allusion to our blessed Saviour figured in these Types. In Holy Scripture he is sometimes called a Sower; sometimes a Fisher; sometimes a Physician: And why not presented so as well to the eye as to the ear? Before the knowledg of Letters God was known by Hieroglyphicks. And indeed what are the Heavens, the Earth, nay, every Creature, but Hieroglyphicks and Emblemes of his Glory? I have no more to say, I wish thee as much pleasure in the Reading, as I had in writing. Farewel READER.

A 3

By

Thou shew'st away to Heav'n by Helicon:
The Muses Font is consecrate by Thee,
And Poesse, baptiz'd Divinity:
Blest Soul that here embark'st: Thou sail'st apace
'Tis hard to say, mov'd more by Wit or Grace,
Each Muse so plies her Oar: But O, the Sail
Is still'd from Heaven with a Diviner Gale:
When Poets prove Divines, why should not I
Approve in Verse this divine Poetry?

I Fathers back'd, by Holy Writ led on,

Let this suffice to licence thee the Press: Imust no more; nor could the Truth Say less.

And we not in the last the last

described a fallow the commend.

Sic approbavity

RICH. LOVE

Procan. Cantabrigiensis.

Tot Flores QUARLES, quot Paradifus habet. Lectori bene male volo.

Quilegit ex Horto hoc Flores, Qui carpit, uterque
Jure potest Violas dicere, jure Rosas,
Non è Parnasso V 10 LA M., Festive ROSETO
Carpit Apollo, magis quæsit amæna, ROSAM.
Quot Versus V 10 LA S legu; & Quem verba locutum
Credis, verba dedit: Nam deditille ROSAS.
Utque Ego non dicam hæc V 10 LAS suavissima; Tute
Ipse facis V 10 LAS, Livide si violas.
Nam velut è V 10 L 1S sibi sugit Aranea virus:
Vertis at in succos Hasque ROSASque tuos.
Quas violas Musas, V 10 LAS puto, quasque recusas
Dente tuo rosas, has, reor, esse ROSAS,
Sic rosas, facis esse ROSAS, dum, Zoile, rodis:
Sic facis has V 10 LAS, Livide, dum violas.

Brent Hall, 1634.

Tierde Linking Cooling . Comism and hell at



Qum Colum aprecio Sociam Servicio.

FIGURE WILL

THE

FIRST BOOK.

The INVOCATION.

R Owze thee, my Soul; and drein thee from the dregs Of vulgar thoughts: Scrue up the hightned pegs Of thy fublime Theorboe four notes higher, And higher yet, that so, the shril-mouth'd Quire Of swift-wing'd Scraphims may come and joyn, And make thy Confort more than half divine. Invoke no Muse; Let Heav'n be thine Apollo; And let his facred Influences hallow Thy high-bred ftrains: Let his full beams inspire Thy ravish'd brains with more heroick fire: Snatch thee a Quil from the spread Eagles wing, And, like the morning Lark, mount up and fing: Cast off these dangling plummets, that so clog Thy lab'ring heart, which gropes in this dark fog Of dungeon earth; let flesh and blood forbear To frop thy flight, till this base world appear A thin blew Landskip: Let thy pinions foar So high a pitch, that men may feem no more Than Pilmires, crawling on this Mole-hill earth, Thy ear untroubled with their Frantick mirth; Let not the frailty of thy flesh diffurb Thy new-concluded peace; Let Reason curb Thy hot mouth'd Passion; and let heav'ns fire season The fresh conceits of thy corrected Reason. Disdain to warm thee at luss smoky fires, Scorn, Scorn to feed on thy old bloat defires: Come, come, my Soul, hoise up thy higher fails, The wind blows fair; Shall we ftill creep like Spails.

That

Must mount to Heav'n, and reach th' Olympick Ear; Our Heav'n blown fire must seek no other Sphear.

Thou great Theanthropos, that giv'ft and ground'ft Thy gifts in duft, and from our dunghil crown'ft Reflecting honour, taking by retail, What thou haft giv'n in gross, from lapfed frail, And finful man : That drink'ft full draughts, wherein Thy Childrens leprous fingers, scurf'd with fin, Have padled; Cleanse, O cleanse my crasty Soul From fecret crimes, and let my thoughts controul My thoughts: O, teach me floutly to deny My felf, that I may be no longer I: Enrich my Fancy, clarifie my thoughts, Refine my dross; O, wink at human faults; 35 And through the flender Conduct of my Quill Convey thy Currant, whose clear streams may fill

The hearts of men with love, their tongues with praise: Crown me with Glory, take who lift the Bayes,



I.



I.

JAM. 1. 14.

Every man is tempted, when he is drawn away by his own lust and enticed.

Serpent. Eve.

Serp. Tot eat? Not tafte? Not touch? Not cast an eye Upon the fruit of this fair Tree? And why? Why eat'ft thou not what Heav'n ordain'd for food? Or can'ft thou think that bad which Heav'n call'd Good? Why was it made if not to be enjoy !? Neglett of favours makes a favour void : Bletfings unus'd, pervert into a Waft, As well as Surfeits; Women, Do but taft: See how the laden boughs make filent fuit To be enjoy'd; Look how their bending fruit Meet thee half-way: Observe but how they crouch To kiss thy hand; Coy woman, Do but touch: Mark what a pure vermilion blush has dy'd Their swelling cheeks, and how for shame they hide Their palfie heads to fee themselves fland by Neglected: Woman, Do but cast an eve. What bounteous Heav'n ordain's for use, refuse not, Come, pull and eat: Y'abuse the thing ve use not.

Eve. Wifest of Beasts, our great Creator did Reserve this Tree, and this alone forbid; The rest are freely ours, which doubtless are As pleasing to the tast; to th'eye as fair; But touching this his strict commands are such, 'Tis death to tast, no less than death to touch.

Serp. Pifh ; Death's a fable : Did not Heav'n inspire

Your equal Elements with living Fire:

Blown

Blown from the spring of life? Is not that breath Immortal? Come; ye are as free from death As he that made ye. Can the flames expire Which he has kindled? Can ye quench his fire? Did not the great Creatours voice proclaim What'ere he made (from the blew spangled frame To the poor leaf that trembles) very good? Bleft he not both the feeder and the Food? Tell, tell me then, what danger can accrue From such bleft Food, to such half gods as you? Curb needless fears, and let no fond conceit Abuse your freedom; Woman take and eat.

Eve. 'Tis true, we are immortal; death is yet Unborn, and till Rebellion make it debt, Undue; I know the fruit is good, until Prefumptuous disobedience make it is.

The lips that open to this Fruit's a Portal To let in death and make immortal mortal.

Serp. You cannot die; come woman, Taste, and fear not: Eve. Shail Eve transgress? I dare not, O I dare not.

Serp. Afraid? Why draw'ft thou back thy tim'rous arm? Harm only falls on such as fear a harm. Heav'n knows and fears the virtue of this Tree: 'Twill make ye perfect Gods as well as He. Stretch forth thy hand, and let thy fondues never Fear death: Do, pull, and eat, and live for ever.

Eve. 'Tis but an Apple; and it is as good To do, as to defire. Fruit's made for food: I'le pull, and tafte, and tempt my Adam too To know the fecret; of this Dainty. Serp. Do.

S. CHRYS. sup. Marth.

He forced bim not: He touched bim not: Only said, Cast thy self down; that we may know, that whosever obeyerb the Devil casteth himself down: For the Devil may suggest, compel he cannot.

S. BERN. in Ser.

It is the Devils part to suggest: Ours, not to consent: As oft as we refift him, so often we overcome him: as often as we overcome him, so often we bring joy to the Angels, and glory to God, who proposethus, that we may consend, and affished us, that we may consend, and affished us, that we may conquer.



EPIG. 1.

Unluckly Parliament! Wherein at laft, Both Houses are agreed, and firmly past An act of death confirm'd by higher Powers? O had it had but such success as Ours! II.



Sic malum court Vnicimi in onine malum

II.

JAMES 1. 15.

Then when lust hath conceived, it bringeth forth sin; and sin when it is finished bringeth forth death.

1

Ament, lament; Look, look, what thou haft done?

Lament the world's, Lament thy own eftate;

Look, look, by doing how thou art undone;

Lament thy fall, lament thy change of State:

Thy faith is broken, and thy freedom gone,

See, fee too foon, what thou lament if too late.

O thou that wert fo many men, nay, all

Abridg'd in one, how has thy desp'rate fall

Destroy'd thy unborn feed, destroy'd thy self withal.

2

Uxorious Adam, whom thy Maker made
Equal to Angels that excel in pow'r,
What haft thou done? O why haft thou obey'd
Thy own deftrustion? Like a new-cropt flower
How does the glory of thy beauty fade!
How are thy fortunes blafted in an hour!
How art thou cow'd that haft the pow'r to quell
The spite of new fal'n Angels, baffle Hell,
And vie with those that flood, and vanquish those that fell.

3

See how the world (whose chaft and pregnant womb Of late conceiv'd, and brought forth nothing ill) 10

Is now degenerated, and become

A base Adulteress, whose false births do fill The earth with Monsters, Monsters that do rome And rage about, and make a trade to kill :

Now Glutt'ny paunches ; Luft begins to spawn ; Wrath takes revenge; and Avarice a pawn, Pale Euvy pines, Pride Iwells, and Sloth begins to yawn.

The Air that wisper'd, now begins to rore; And bluffring Boreas blows the boyling Tide : The white mouth'd Water now usurps the shore, And fcorns the pow'r of her tridental guide; The fire now burns, that did but warm before, And Rules her ruler with refiftless Pride: Fire, Water, Earth, and Air, that first were made To be subdu'd see how they now invade; (obey'd. They rule whom once they ferv'd, command where once

Behold; that nakedness, that late bewray'd

Thy glory, now's become thy shame, thy wonder; Behold; those trees whose various fruits were made For food, now turn'd a shade to shrowd thee under, Behold; that voice (which thou haft disobey'd) That late was mufick, now affrights like thunder : Poor man! Are not thy joynts grown fore with fha-To view th'effect of thy bold undertaking, That in one hour did'ft marr what heav'n fix days was

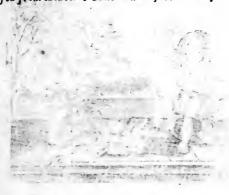
(making ?

S. AUGUST. lib. 1. de lib. arbit.

It is a most just punishment, that man should lose that freedom, which man could not use, yet had power to keep, if he would; and that he who had knowledge to do, what was right, and did not, should be deprived of the knowledge of what was right. I that he who would not do righteously, when he had the power, should lose the power to do it, when he had the Wil.

HUGO de anima.

They are justly punished that abuse lawful things, but they are most justly punished, that use unlawful things: Thus Lucifer sell from Heaven: Thus Alam lost his Paradise.



EPIG. 2.

See how these fruitful kernils, being cast Upon the earth, how thick they spring! how fast! A full ear'd crop and thriving, rank and proud; Prepostrous man first sow'd, and then he plough'd.

III.



D't potiar, patior. Patieris, non potieris.

III.

PROV. 14. 13.

Even in laughter the heart is forrowful, and the end of that mirth is heaviness.

I

A Las fond Child,
How are thy thoughts beguild
To hope for honey from a neft of wasps?
Thou may'ft as well
Go seek for ease in Hell,
Or sprightly Negar from the mouths of asps.

2

The world's a hive,
From whence thou can'ft derive
No good, but what thy fouls vexation brings:
Put case thou meet
Some petti-petti sweet,
Each drop is guarded with a thousand ftings.

:

Why dost thou make
These murm'ring troops forsake
The safe protection of their waxen homes?
Their hive contains
No sweet that's worth thy pains;
There's nothing here, alas, but empty combes.

e, alas, but empty compes

4

For trash and toyes, And grief ingen'dring joyes,

What

Book I. 14 .. What torment feems too sharp for flesh and blood!

What bitter pills, Compos'd of real Ills.

Men swallows down to purchase one false good!

The dainties here, Are least what they appear; Though sweet in hopes, yet in fruition sowre: The fruit that's yellow, Is found not always mellow; The fairest Tulips not the sweetest flower.

Fond youth give ore, And vex thy foul no more In feeking what were better far unfound; · Alas! Thy gains Are only present pains To gather Scorpions for a future wound.

What's earth? Or in it, That longer then a minute, Can lend a free delight that can endure? O who would droyl, Or delve in fuch a foyl, Where gain's uncertain and the pains is fure:

S. AUGUST.

Sweetness in temporal matters is deceitful: It is a labour and a perpetual fear; it is a dangerous pleasure, whose beginning is without providence, and whose end is not without repensance.

HUGO.

Luxury is an enticing pleasure, a bastard mirth, which hath boney in her mouth, gall in her heart, and a sting in her tail.



EPIG. 3

What, Cupid, are thy shafts already made? And seeking honey, to set up thy trade True Embleme of thy sweets! Thy Bees do bring Honey in their mouths, but in their tails a sting.

B 4

IV.



Quis levior! cui plus ponderi addit amor

8

THE OWN LESS TO

16.

IV.

PSALM 62.9.

To be laid in the ballance, it is altogether lighter than vanity.

I

Put in another weight: 'Tis yet too light:
And yet, Fond Cupid, put another in;
And yet another: Still there's under weight:
Put in another hundred: Put again;
'Add world to world; then heap a thousand more
To that, then to renew thy wasted flore,
Take up more worlds on trust, to draw thy ballance lower.

2

Put in the flesh with all her loads of pleasure;
Put in great Mammon's endless inventory;
Put in the ponderous acts of Mighty Cae'ar:
Put in the greater weight of Smedens glory;
Add Scipio's gauntlet; put in Plato's gown:
Put Circes charms; put in the triple crown.
Thy ballance will not draw; thy ballance will not down:

2

Jerd what a world is this, which day and night,
Men feek with fo much toil, with fo much trouble?
Which weigh'd in equal scales is found so light,
So poorly overballanc'd with a bubble?
Good God! that frantick mortals should destroy
Their higher hopes, and placetheir idle joy

Upon such airy trash, upon so light a toy !

4

Thou holy Impostor, how hast thou befool'd The tribe of Man with conterfeit desire! How has the breath of thy falle bellows cool'd

Heav'ns free born flames, and kindled baftard fire!

How haft thou vented drofs inflead of measure,

And cheated men with thy falle weights and measure,

Proclaiming bad for good; & gilding death with pleasure!

5

The world's a crafty Strumpet most affecting,
And closely following those that most reject her;
But seeming careless, nicely disrespecting
And coyly flying those that most affect her:
If thou be free, she's strange, if strange she's free;
Flee, and she follows; follow and she's free;
Then she ther's none more coy, ther's none more fond then
(she.

5

O what a Crocodilian world is this,
Compos'd of treacheries, and infnaring wiles!
She cloathes defiruction in a formal kifs.
And lodges death in her deceifful finiles;
She hugs the foul fine hates; and there does prove
The veryeft tyrant, where she vows to love,
And is a Serpent most, when most she seems a Dove.

7

Thrice happy he, whose nobler thoughts despise
To make an object of so easie gains;
Thrice happy he who scorns so poor a price
Should be the crown of his heroick pains:
Thrice happy he, that ne're was born to try
Her frowns or smiles; or being born, did lie
In his sad nurses arms an hour, or two, and die.

S. AUGUST. lib. Confess.

O you that dote upon this world, for what victory do ye fight? Your bopes can be crowned with no greater reward, than the world can give; and what is the world but a brittle thing full of dangers, wherein we travel from leffer to greater perils? O let all ber vain light, momentary glory, perish with ker self, and let us be converfant with more eternal things. world is miserable; life is short, and death is sure.



EPIG. 4.

My foul, what's lighter, than a feather? Than wind? The fire. And what, than fire? The mind. What's lighter, than the mind? A thought. Then thought? This bubble world. What, than this bubble? Nought,

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Mis vertitur orbis.

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V.

I Cor. 7.31.

The fashion of this World passeth away.

One are those golden days, wherein
Pale Conscience flarted not at ugly sin:
When good old Saturn's peaceful Throne
Was unusurped by his beardless Son:
When jealous Ops ne'r fear'd th' abuse
Of her chast bed, or breach of nuptial Truce:
When jast Astrea pois'd her Scales
In mortal heart whose absence earth bewails.

When froth born Venus and her brat, With all that spurious brood Young fove begat,

In horrid shapes were yet unknown; Those Halcyon days, that golden age is gone.

There was no Client then to wait The leifure of this long tayl'd Advocate;

The Talion Law was in request,
And Chanc'ry Courts were kept in ev'ry brest:
Abused Statutes had no Tenters,

And men could deal fecure without indentures:

There was no peeping hole to clear The wittals eye from his incarnate fear; There were no luftful Cinders then

To broil the Carbonado'd hearts of men:
The rofie cheeks did then proclaim

A shame of Guilt, but not a guilt of shame:
There was no whining soul to start

At Cupid's twang, or curse his staming dart;
The Boy had then but callow wings,

The better-acted world did move Upon the fixed poles of Truth and Love.

Love essenc'd in the hearts of men!

Then Reason rul'd, there was no passion then;

Till Lust and rage began to enter,

Love the Circumference was, and Love the Center Until the wanton days of Fove

The fimple world was all compos'd of Love;

But Fove grew fleshly, falle unjust; Inferiour beauty fin'd his veins with luft:

And Cucquean Juno's fury hurld

Fierce balls of rape into th'inceftuous world:

Astraa fled, and love return'd

From earth, earth boyl'd with fuft, with rage it burn'd : And ever fince the world hath been

Kept going with the scourge of Lust and Spleen.

S. AMBROS.

S. AMBROS.

Lust is a sharp spur to vice, which always putteth the affections into a false gallop.

HUGO.

Lust is an immoderate wantonness of the stell, a sweet poyson, a cruel pestilence; a pernitious poyson, which weaknesh the body of Man, and effeminatesh the strength of an heroick mind.

S. AUGUST.

Envy is the batted of anothers felicity: in respect of Superiours, because they are not equal to them; in respect of Inseriours, lest be should be equal to them; in respect of equals, because they are equal to them: Through envy proceeded the fall of the world, and death of Christ.

EPIG. 5.

What, Cupid, must the world be lash'd so soon?
But made at morning, and he whipt at noon?
'Tis like the wagg, that plays with Venus Doves,
The more 'ris lash'd, the more perverse it proves.

VL

", Capril



In cruce tuta quies

71

VI.

ECCLES. 2.17.

All is vanity and vexation of Spirit.

I

IT Ow is the anxious foul of man befool'd
In his defire,
That thinks an Hectick feaver may be cool'd
In flames of fire,
Or hopes to rake full heaps of burnish'd gold
From nasty mire!
A whining Lover may as well request
A fornful breaft

To melt in gentle tears, as woo the world for reft.

2

Let wit, and all her studied plots effect The best they can; Let smiling Fortune prosper and perses. What wit began,

Let earth advise with both, and so project

Let wit or fawning Fortune vie their best;
He may be blest

With all that earth can give; but earth can give no reff.

3

Whose gold is double with a careful hand, His cares are double, The Pleasure, Honour, Wealth of Sea and Land Bring but a trouble;

The World it felf, and all the Worlds command, Is but a bubble.

The strong defires of mans infatiate breast May stand possest

Of all that Earth can give ; but Earth can give no rest.

The World's a feeming Par'dife, but her own And man's tormentor;

Appearing fix'd, yet but a rolling stone Without a tenter :

It is a vast Circumference, where none Can find a Center.

Of more than Earth, can Earth make none poffest; And he that least

Regards this restless World, shall in this World find rest,

True rest consists not in the oft revying Of worldly drofs :

Earth's miry purchase is not worth the buying; Her gain is loss;

Her rest but giddy toil, if not relying Upon her cross.

How worldlings drovl for trouble! That fond break That is posses'd

Of Earth without a cross, has Earth without a rest.

CASS. in Pf.

The Cross is the invincible sanduary of the humble: The dejection of the proud, the victory of Christ, the desiruation of the devil, the confirmation of the faithful, the death of the unbeliever, the life of the just.

DAMASCEN.

The Cross of Chriss is the key of Paradise; the weak mans staff; the Converts convoy; the upright Mans perfection; the soul and bodies health; the prevention of all evil, and the procurer of all good.



EPIG. 6.

Worldlings, whose whimpering folly holds the losses, Of honour, pleasure, health, and wealth such crosses, Look here, and tell me, what your Arms engross: When the best end of what ye hugg's a cross.

VII.



Latet hofis, et otia ducis!

1 170

S of work

VII.

1 PET. 5 8.

Be sober, be vigilant, because your Adverfary the Devil as a roaring Lion walketh about, seeking whom he may devour.

I

Why dost thou suffer sufficient stockers?

Is this a time to pay thine idle Vows

At Morpheus thrine? Is this a time to steep

Thy brains in wasteful flumbers? up and rouze

Thy leaden spirit: Is this a time to sleep?

Adjourn thy sanguine dreams, awake, arise,

Call in thy shoughts; and let them all advise,

Hadist thou, as many heads, as thou hast wounded eyes

2

Look, Look, what horrid furies do await

Thy flatt'ring flumbers! If thy drowzy head

But chance to nod, thou fall'ft into a bed

Of fulph'rous flames, whose torments want a date.

Fond boy, be wise, let not thy thoughts be fed

With Phrygian wisdom; fools are wise too late:

Beware betimes, and let thy reason sever

Those gates which passion clos'd; wake now or never;

For if thou nod'ft thou fall'ft, and falling fall'ft for ever.

3

Mark, how the ready hands of death prepare:
His bow is bent, and he hath notch'd his dart;
He aims, he levels at thy flumb'ring heart;

The

The wound is posting, O be wife, beware.

What? has the voice of danger lost the art

To raise the spirit of neglected care?

Well, sleep thy fill, and take thy soft reposes.

But know withal, sweet tasts have sower closes;

And he repents in thorus, that sleeps in beds of roses.

4

Yet fluggard, wake, and gull thy Sonl no more
With Earth's false pleasure, and the worlds delight,
Whose fruit is fair, and pleasing to the sight,
But sower in taste, false as the putrid core:
Thy flaring glass is gems at her half light,
She makes thee seeming rich, but truly poor:
She boasts a kernel, and bestows a shell;
Performs an inch of her fair promis'd ell:
Her words protest a Heaven; her works produce an hem.

5

O thou the fountain of whose better part,

Is earth'd and gravell'd up with vain defire:
That daily wallow'ft in the fleshly mire
And base pollution of a lustful heart,
That feel'st no passion, but in wanton fire,
And ownst no torment but in Cupia's dart;
Behold thy type: Thou sitt'st upon this ball
Of earth, secure, while death that slings at all,
Stands arm'd to strike thee down, where slames attend thy
(fall.

S. BERN.

Security is no where; neither in Heaven, nor in Paradife, much less in the World: In Heaven the Angels fell from the Divine Presence; in Paradise, Adam fell from his place of pleasure; in the World, Judas fell from the School of our Sivieur.

HUGO.

I can secure, I drink secure, I sleep secure, even as though I had past the day of death, avoided the day of judgment, and escaped the torments of Hell-sire: I play and laugh, as though I were already triumphing in the Kingdom of Heaven.

EPIG. 7.

Get up, my foul; Redeem thy flavish eyes From drowzy bondage: O beware; be wife: Thy Fo's before thee; thou must fight or fly: Life lies most open in a closed eye. 32

Emblemes:

Book I.

E CHARLE

VIII.



Et risu nerai

VIII.

LUKE 6. 25.

Woe be to you that laugh now, for ye shall mourn and weep.

He World's a popular disease, that reigns Within the froward heart and frantick brains Of poor distemper'd mortals, oft arising From ill digeftion, through th'unequal poifing Of ill-weigh'd Elements, whose light directs Malignant humours to malign effects: One raves and labours with a boyling liver; Rends hair by handfuls, curfing Cupid's quiver : Another with a bloody flux of oaths Vows deep revenge: one dotes: the other loaths: One frisks and fings, and vies a flagon more To drench dry cares, and make the Welkin rore: Another droops: the Sun-shine makes him sad; Heav's cannot please: One's mop'd; the t'other's mad: One huggs his gold; another lets it fly: He knowing not for whom; nor tother why. One spends his day in plots, his night in play; Another fleeps and flugs both night and day: One laughs at this thing; t'other cries for that: But neither one nor t'other knows for what. Wonder of wonders! What we ought t'evite As our disease, we hug as our delight: 'Tis held a symptome of approaching danger, When disacquainted Sense becomes a Stranger, And takes no knowledge of an old disease; But when a noisom grief begins to please

The unrefifting sense, it is a fear That death has parli'd, and compounded there: As when the dreadful Thund'rers awful hand Pours forth a Vial on th'infeated land, At first th'affrighted Mortals quake and fear; And every noise is thought the Thunderer: But when the frequent foul-departing Bell Has pav'd their ears with her familiar knell, It is reputed but a nine days wonder, They neither fear the Thund'rer nor his Thunder. So when the world (a worse disease) began To fmart for fin, poor new created Man Could feek for shelter, and his gen'rous Son Knew by his wages, what his hands had done: But bold-fac'd Mortals in our blushless times Can fing and fmile, and make a sport of crimes, Transgress of custom, and rebel in ease; We false joy'd fools can triumph in disease, And (as the careless Pilgrim, being bit By the Tarantula, begins a fit Of life concluding laughter) waste our breath In lavish pleasure, till we laugh to death.

Book I.

HUGO de anima.

What profit is there in vain-glory, momentary mirth, the worlds power, the fleshes pleasure, full riebes, noble descent, and great desires? Where is their laughter? where is their mirth! Where their insolence? their arrogance? From how much joy to how much sadnes! After how much mirth, how much misery! From how great glory are they fallen, to how great torments! What hath fallen to them, may befalt thee, because thou art a man: Thou art of earth; thou livest of earth; thou shalt return to earth. Death expecteth thee every where: Be wise therefore, and expect death every where.

EPIG. 3.

What ayls the fool to laugh? Does fomething please His vain conceit? Or is't a meer disease? Fool, giggle ou, and waste thy wanton breath; Thy morning laughter breeds an evining death. - 1 1 1 9 - .

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I SOME WAY

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1 1

IX



(Frustra quis stabilem figat in orbe gradum)

The state of the state of

PARTY IN

IX.

1 JOHN 2. 17.

The World passeth away, and all the Lusts thereof.

I

Raw near, brave Sparks, whose Spirits scorn to light
Your hallow'd tapers, but at Honours slame;
You, whose heroic actions take delight
To varnish over a new-painted name;
Whose high-bred thoughts distain to take their flight,
But on th' Icarian wings of babbling same;
Behold how tott'ring are your high-built stories (ries.
Of earth, whereon you trust the ground-work of your glo-

2

And you more brain-fick Lovers, that can prife

A wanton smile before eternal Joys;

That know no heav'n, but in your Mistris eyes;

That feel no pleasure, but what sense enjoys:

That can like crown-distemper'd fools despise

True riches, and like babies whine for toyes:

Think ye the Pageants of your hopes are able

To stand secure on earth, when earth it self's unstable?

2

Come dunghill Worldlings, you that root like swine, And cast up golden trenches, where ye come: Whose only pleasure is to undermine,

And view the secrets of your mothers womb: Come bring your Saint pouch'd in his Leather shrine,

And fummon all your griping Angels home;
Behold your World, the bank of all your flore.
The World ye so admire, the World ye so adore.

4

A feeble world, whose hot-mouth'd pleasures tire
Before the race; before the flart, retrait;

A faithless world, whose false delights expire Before the term of half their promis'd date:

A fickle World, not worth the least defire,
Where ev'ry chance proclaims a change of State:
A feeble, faithless, fickle world, wherein
Each motion proves a vice; and ev'ry ast a sin.

5

The beauty, that of late was in her flower,
Is now a ruin, not to raife a luft:
He that was lately drench'd in Dandes shower,
Is master now of neither good nor trust;
Whose honour late was mann'd with Princely power,
His glory now lies buried in the dust;

O who would truff this world, or prize what's in it, That gives and takes, and chops and changes ev'ry minute!

6

Nor length of days, nor folid strength of brain,
Can find a place wherein to rest secure:
The World is various, and the Earth is vain
There's nothing certain here, there's nothing sure:
We trudge, we travel, but from pain to pain,
And what's our only grief's our only cure:
The world's a torment; he that would endeavour
To find the way to rest must seek the way to leave her.

S. GREG. in ho.

Behold the world is withered in it self, yet stourisheth in our hearts, every where death, every where grief, every where desolution: On every side we are smitten; on every side filled with hitterness, and yet with the blind mind of carnal desire, we love her hitterness: It slieth, and we follow it; it salleth, yet we slick to it: And because we cannot enjoy it falling, we fall with it, and enjoy it fallen.



EPIG. 9.

If Fortune fail, or envious Time but spurn, The world turns round, and with the world we turn: When Fortune sees, and Lynx ey'd Time is blind, I'le trust thy joyes, O world till then, the wind. VI.



Utriusgs crepundia Merces.

X.

JOHN 8. 44.

Te are of your father the Devil, and the lusts of your father you will do.

The Ere's your right ground: wag gently o're this black:
'Tis a short cast; y'are quickly at the jack,
Rub, rub an inch or two; two crowns to one,
On this bowle side: Blog wind 'tie firly thrown:

On this bowls fide: Blow wind, 'tis fairly thrown: The next bowl's worse that comes, come bolw away;

Mammon, you know the ground untutor'd, play;
Your last was gone, a yard of strength well spar'd,

Had touch'd the block; your hand is fill too hard, Brave pastime, Readers, to consume that day,

Which without partime flies too fwift away!

See how they labour; as if day and night
Were both too short to serve their loose delight?

See how their curved bodies wreath, and skrue Such antick shapes as Proteus never knew:

One rapps an oath, another deals a curse;

He never better bowl'd; this never worse:
One rubs his itchless elbow, shrugs and laughs,

The 2'other bends his beetle brows, and chafes?
Sometimes they whoop, sometimes their Stygian cries

Send their black Santo's to the blushing skies:
Thus mingling homours in a mad confusion,

They make bad Promiles, and worse conclusion:

But where's a Palm that Fortunes hand allows
To bless the visors honourable brows?

Come, Reader, come; l'le light thine eye the way
To view the prize, the while the Gamesters play:

Close by the jack, behold, gill fortune flands To wave the game, see in her partial hands

The glorious garland's held in open show,

To chear the Lads, and crown the conqu'rors brow.

The world's the jack; the gamesters that contend, Are Cupid, Mammon: that judicious Friend,

That gives the ground, is Sman: And the bowls
Are finful Thoughts; they Prize, a crown for Fools.

Who breaths that bowls not? What bold tongue can fay Without a blush, he hath not bowl'd to day?

It is the trade of man, and every finner

Has plaid his rubbers : Every Soul's a winner.

The vulger Proverb's croft, He hardly can Be a good Bowler and an honest man.

Good God! turn thou my Brazil thoughts anew; New fole my bowls, and make their bias true:

l'le cease to game, till fairer ground be given, Nor wish to win, until the mark be Heaven.

S. BERNARD. lib. de Confid.

O you sons of Adam, you coverous generations, what have ye to do with earthly riches, which are neither true, nor yours? Gold and Silver are real earth, red and white, which the only error of min mikes, or rather reputes, precious: Inshort, if they be yours, carry them with you.

S. HIERON. in Ep.

O Lufe, thou infernal fire, whose fewel is gluttony; whose flame is pride; whose sparkles are wanton words; whose smoke is infamy; whose ashes are uncleanness: whose end is hell.



EPIG: 3.

Mammon well followed: Cupid bravely led;
oth Touchers; equal Fortune makes a dead:
No need can measure where the conquest lies;
Take my advice! compound, and share the Prize:

D 2

XI.



XI:

EPHES: 2. 2.

Te walked according to the course of this World, according to the Prince of the air.

Whither will this mad brain world at laft Be driv'n? Where will her restless wheels arrive? Why hurries on her iff-match'd pair so fast? O whether means her furious groom to drive? What will her rambling fits be never past? For ever ranging? Never once retrive?

Will Earth perpetual progress ne'r expire? Her Team continuing in their fresh careir.

And yet they never reft, and yet they never tire.

sol's hot mouth'd Steeds, whose nofirils vomit flame, and brazen lungs belch forth quotidian fire,

Their twelve hours task perform'd grow stiff and lame, And their immortal spirits faint and tire:

At th' azure mountains foot their labours claim

The priviledge of rest, where they retire To quench their burning fetlocks, and go fleep Their flaming not rils in the western deep,

And fresh their tired souls with firength reftoring sleep.

But these prodigious hackneys, basely got 'Twixt men and devils, made for race or flight, Can drag the idle world, expecting not

The bed of rest, but travel with delight;

Who never weighing way nor weather, trot

Through

Through dust and dirt, and droil both night and day;
Thus droil these fiends incarnate, whose free pains
Are sed with dropsies and venereal blains.

No need to use the whip; but strength to rule the rains.

4

Poor captive world! How has thy lightness given A just occasion to thy foes illusion?

O, how art thou betray'd thus fairly driven In seeming triumph to thy own confusion? How is thy empty Universe bereaven

Of all true joys, by one false joys delusion?

So I have seen an unblown virgin fed of With sugar'd words so full, that she is led A fair attended Bride to a false Bankruots bed.

5

Full gracious Lord; Let not thine arm forfake
The world impounded in her own devices:
Think of that pleafure that thou once did it take
Amongh the Lillies and fweet Beds of spices.
Hale firongly, thou whole hand has pow'r to flack
The fwift-foot fury of ren thousand vices:
Let not thy dust devouring Dragon boast,
His craft has won what Juda's Lion lost;
Remember what is cray'd; recount the price it cost.

ISIDOR. lib. 1. De summo bono.

By how much the nearer Satan perceiveth the world to an end, by so much the more fiercely be troubleth it with persention; that knowing himself is to be damned, he may get company in his damnation.

CYPRIAN. in Ep.

Broad and spacious is the road to infernal life; there are envicements and death-bringing pleasures. There the Devil flattereth that he may deceive; smileth that he may endamage; allureth that he may destroy.



EPIG. 11.

Nay foft and fair, good world; peft not too faft; Thy journies end require, not half this haft. Unless that arm thou so distain'd, reprives thee, Alas thou needs must go; the devil drives thee.

D 4

XII.

48



Inopem me copia fecit.

XII.

ISAIAH 66. II.

Te may suck, but not be satisfied with the breast of her consolation.

Hat never fill'd? Be thy lips skrew'd fo fast (theer Toth' earths full breast? for shame, for shame unseize Thou tak'ft a furfet where thou should'ft but taft, And mak'ft too much not half enough to please thee. Ah, fool, forbear; thou swallowest at one breath

Both food and poison down; thou draw'ft both milk and (death.

The ub'rous breafts, when fairly drawn, repaft The thriving infant with her milkie floud, But being overftrain'd, return at last

Unwholfom gulps compos'd of wind and blood. A mod'rate use does both repast and please; Who strains beyond a mean draws in and gulps disease.

But, Othat mean, whose good the least abuse Makes bad, is too too hard to be directed : Can thorns bring grapes, or Crabs a pleating juice?
There's nothing wholfom, where the whole's infeded. Unfeise thy lips: Earth's milk's a rip'ned core, That drops from her disease, that matters from her sore.

Think'ft thou that punch, that burlyes out thy coat, Is thriving fat; or flesh, that seems so brawny? Thy paunch is dropfied and thy cheeks are bloat; Thy lips are white, and thy complexion tawny;

Thy skin's a bladder blown with watry tumors; Thy flesh a trembling bog, a quagmire full of humours.

5

And thou whose thriveless hands, are ever firaining
Earths fluent, breafts into an empty sieve,
That always hast, yet always art complaining,
And whin'st for more then earth has power to give;
Whose treasure flows and slees away as fast;
That ever hast, and hast, yet hast not what thou hast;

6

Go choose a substance, Fool, that will remain Within the limits of thy leaking measure;

Or else go seek an urn that will retain

The liquid body of thy slipp'ry treasure:

Alas, how poorly are thy labours crown'd?

Thy liquor's never sweet, nor yet thy vessel sound.

•

What less, than Fool, is man, to prog and plot.
And lavish out the cream of all his care,
To gain poor seeming goods, which being got,
Make firm possession but a thorow fare;

Or, if they fray, they furrow thoughts the deeper.

And being kept with care, they lose their careful keeper.

S. GREG. Hom. 3. second. parte Ezech.

If we give more to the stess then we cught, we nourish an enemy; if we give not to her necessity what we ought, we destroy a Citizen: The stess in to be satisfied so far as suffices to our good; who soever allower be so much to her as to make her proud, knoweth not how to be satisfied. To be satisfied is a great art; less by the satisfy of the stess we break forth into the iniquity of her folly.

HUGO de anima.

The hears is a small thing, but descreth great matters. It is not sufficient for a Kites dinner, yet the whole world is not sufficient for it.

EPIG. 12.

What makes thee, Fool, fo fat? Fool, thie so bare? Ye suck the self-same milk, the self-same air: No mean betwixt all paunch, and skin, and bone? The mean's a virtue and the world has none.

XIII.



Da mihi frana timor Da mihi calcar amer

XIII.

JOHN 3. 19.

Men love darkness rather than light, because their deeds are evil.

Ord, when we leave the world and come to Thee, How dull, how flug are we ! How backward! How prepofterous is the motion Of our ungain devotion! Our thoughts are Milftones, and our fouls are lead, And our defires are dead : Our vows are fairly promis'd, faintly paid; Or broken or not made: Our better work (if any good) attends Upon our private ends In whose performance one poor worldly scoff Foils us or beats us off. If thy sharp scourge find out some secret fault. We grumble or revolt, And if thy gentle hand forbear, we ftray, Or idly lose the way. Is the road fair ? we loyter: clogg'd with mire? We flick or else retire : A lamb appears a Lion; and we fear,

Each bush we see's a bear.

When out dull fouls direct our thoughts to thee, The foft pac'd faail is not fo flow as we : But at earth we dart our wing'd defire, We burn, we burn like fire.

Like as the am'rous needle joys to bend

To her magnetick friend ;

Or as the greedy Lovers eye-bails fly
At his fair Miffris eye:

So, so we cling to earth; we fly and puff,

Yet flie not fast enough.

If pleasure becken with her balmy hand,

Her beck's a frong command:

If honour call us with a courtly breath:

An hour's delay is death:

If profits golden finger'd charms enveigles,

We clip more swift than Eagles:

Let Auster weep, or blustring Boreas rore

Till eyes or lungs be fore:

Let Neptune swell until his dropfy sides

Burst into broken tides:

Nor threatning Rocks, nor Winds, nor Waves, nor Fire, Can crub our fierce defire;

Nor Fire, nor Rocks, can stop your furious minds, Nor Waves, nor Winds

How fast and fearless do our footsteps flee! The light-foot Roe-buck's not so sweet, as we.

S. AUGUST. sup. Psal. 64.

Two several lovers built two several Cities; the love of 3od buildeth a Ferusalem; the love of the world buildeth a 3abylon: Let every one enquire of himself what keloveth, and in shall resolve himself of whence he is a Citizen.

S. AUGUST. lio. 3. Confes.

All things are driven by their own weight, and tend to their wan center; My weight is my love; by that I'am driven whibersoever I am driven.

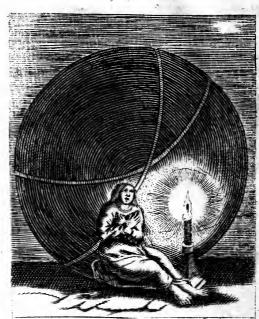
Ibidem.

Lord, he loweth thee the less, that loweth any thing with bee, which he loweth not for thee.

EPIG. 13.

.ord, scourge my Ass, if the should make no half, and curb my Stag, if he should sty too fast: he be over-swift, or she prove idle, at Love lend him a spur: Fear, her a bridle.

XIV.



Phosphere redde diem

56

XIV.

PSALM 13.3.

Lighten mine eyes, O Lord, lest I sleep the

Il't ne'r be morning? Will that promis'd light
Ne'r break, and clear those clouds of night?
Sweet Phosper, bring the day,
whose conqu'ring ray
May chase these fogs; Sweet Phosper, bring the day.

Iow long! How long shall these benighted eyes
Languish in shades, like feeble slies
expessing Spring? How long shall darkness soyl
The face of earth, and thus beguise
Dur souls of sprightful action? When, when will day
Begin to dawn, whose new born ray
May gild the weather cocks of our devotion,
And give our unsoul'd souls new motion?
Sweet Phosper, bring the day,
Thy light will fray
These horrid mists? Sweet Phosper bring the day.

Let those have night that sighly love t'mmure
Their cloyster'd crimes, and sin secure;
Let those have night that blush to let men know
The baseness they ne'r blush to do;
Let those have night, that love to have a nap
And loss in Ignorances lap;
Let those whose eyes, like Owls, abhor the light,
Let those have night that love the night;

Sweet

Sweet Phosper bring the day;
How fad delay
Afflies dull hopes? Sweet Phosper, bring the day.

Alas! my light in vain expeding eyes
Can find no object but what rife
From this poor mortal blaze, a dying spark
Of Vulcan's forge, whose flames are dark,
A dangerous, a dull blew burning light,
As melancholy as the night:
Here's all the Suns that glifter in the Sphere
Of earth: Ah me! What comfort's here?
Sweet Phosper bring the day;
Hafte, hafte away

Heav'ns loyt'ring lamp; Sweet Phosper, bring the day.

Blow, Ignorance: O thou, whose idle knee
Rocks earth into a Lethargy,
And with thy sooty fingers halt bedight
The worlds fair cheeks, blow, blow thy spight;
Since thou hast pust our greater Taper; do
Puss on, and out the lesser too:
If e're that breath-exiled slame return,
Thou hast not blown, as it will burn:
Sweet Phoser, bring the day:
Light will repay
The wrongs of night: Sweet Phoser, bring the day.

S. AUGUST

S. AUGUST. in Joh. Ser. 19.

God is all to thee: If thou be bungry, be is bread; if thirfly, be is water; if darkness, he is light; If naked, be is a robe of immortality.

A L A NUS de conq. nat.

God is a light that is never darkned; An unwearied life that cannot die; a fountain always flowing; a garden of life; a seminary of wisdom; a radical beginning of all goodness.



EPIG. 14.

My foul, If Ignorance puff out this light, She'l do a favour that intends a spight: 'T seems dark abroad; but take this light away, Thy windows will discover break a day.

E 2

XV.



Devilitate fides: Terras Aftra a reliquia

XV.

REV. 12. 12.

The Devil is come unto you, having great wrath, because he knoweth that he hath but a short time.

I

Ord! can'ft thou see and suffer? is thy hand
Still bound to th' peace? Shall earths black Monarch
A full possession of thy wasted land?
O, will thy slumb'ring vengeance never wake,
Till full ag'd law-resisting Custom shake
The Pillars of thy right by false command?
Unlock thy clouds, great Thund'rer and come down;
Behold those Temples wear thy sacred Crown;

Redress, redress our wrongs; revenge, revenge thy own.

See how the bold Usurper mounts the seat
Of royal Majesty; How overstrawing
Perils with Pleasure, pointing ev'ry threat
With bugbear death, by torments over-awing
Thy frighted subject; or by favours drawing
Their tempted hearts to his unjust retreat;
Lord can'ft thou be so mild, and he so bold?
Or can thy slocks be thriving, when the fold
Is govern'd by the Fox? Lord, can'ft thou see and hold?

3

That swift-wing'd Advocate, that did commence Our welcome suits before the King of Kings, That sweet Embassador, that hurries hence
What ayresth harmonious soul or sighs or sings.
See how she flutters with her idle wings;
Her wings are clipt, and eyes put out by sense;
Sense conqu'ring Faith is now grown blind and cold,
And basely craven'd, that in times of old
Did conquer Heav'n it self, do what th' Almighty could.

4

Behold how double fraud does foourge and tear

Afrai's wounded fides, plough'd up, and rent
With knotted cords, whose fury has no ear;
See how she flands a pris'ner to be sent

A slave into eternal banishment,
I know not whither, O, I know not where:
Her Patent must be cancell'd in disgrace;
And sweet lipt Fraud, with her divided face,

Must act Astras's part, must take Astras's place.

5

Faith's pinion's clipt! And fair Astraa gone?

Quick seeing Faith now blind? And Justice see?

Has Justice now found wings: And has Faith none?

What do we here? Who would not wish to be
Dissolv'd from earth, and with Astraa slee

From this blind dungeon to that Sun bright Throne?

Lord, is thy Scepter lost, or laid aside?

Is hell broke loose, and all her fiends untied?

Lord, rise, and rouze, & rule, and crush their furious pride.

PETR. RAV, in Matth.

The Devil is the author of evil, the fountain of wickedness, the adversary of the truth, the corrupter of the World, mans perpetual enemy; be planteth snares, diggeth ditches, shurreth bodies, he goadeth souls, he suggesset thoughts, belebeth anger; exposeth virtues to hatred, maketh vices beloved, soweth errors, nourisheth contention, disturbeth peace, and scattereth affection.

MACAR.

Let us suffer with those that suffer: And be crucified, with those that are crucified, that we may be glorified with those that are glorified.

SAVANAR.

If there he no enemy, no fight; if no fight, no victory; if no victory, no crown.

EPIG. 15.

My foul, fit thou a patient looker on; Judge not the play before the play is done: Her plot has many changes: Every day Speaks a new Scene; the last ast crowns the Play.

E

I.



Sie lumine lumen , ademptun .

THE

SECOND BOOK.

I.

ISAIAH 50. 11.

Tou that walk in the light of your own fire; and in the sparks that ye have kindled, ye shall lie down in sorrow.

I

Thy falle, thy feeble light,
And make her felf-confuming flames more bright;
Methinks she burns too dim.
Is this that sprightly fire,
Whose more than sacred beams inspire

The ravisht hearts of men, and so instame defire?

2

See, Boy, how thy unthrifty blaze Conlumes, how fast she wains;

She spends her self, and her, whose wealth maintains

Her weak, her idle rays. Cannot thy luftful blaft

Which gave it lustree, make it last! (fast.
What heart can long be pleas'd, where pleasure spends so

3

Go. Wanton, place thy palefac'd light Where never breaking day Intends to vifit mortals, or difplay

Thy fullen shades of night:

Thy torch will burn more clear In nights un-Titan'd Hemisphere;

Heav'ns scornful flames and thine can never co-appear.

2

In vain thy bufie hands address

Their labour to display

Thy easie blaze within the Verge of day;

The greater drowns the less:
If Heav'ns bright glory shine,

Thy glim'ring sparks must needs resign;

Puff out heav'ns glory then, or heav'n will work out thine.

5

Go, Cupid's rammish Pander, go, Whose dull, whose low desire

Can find fufficient warmth from Natures fire,

Spend borrow'd breath, and blow, Blow wind made strong with spight;

When thou hast pust the greater light

Thy leffer spark may shine, and warm the new-made night.

6

Deluded Mortals, tell me when Your daring breath has blown

Heav'ns Taper out, and you have spent your own,

What fire shall warm you then?

Ah fools, perpetual night

Shall haunt your Souls with Stygian fright,

Where they shall boil in slames, but slames shall bring no (light.

S. AUGUST:

S. AUGUST.

The sufficiency of my merit, is to know that my merit is not sufficient.

S. GREG. Mor. 25.

By how much the less man seeth kimself, by so much the less be displeaseth himself; and by how much the more he seeth the light of Grace, by so much the more he disdaineth the light of nature.

S. GREG. Mor.

The light of the understanding, humility kindleth, and pride covereth.

EPIG. T.

Thou blow's heav'ns fire, the whil's thou go's about, Rebellious fool, in vain to blow it out:
Thy folly adds confusion to thy death;
Heav'ns fire confounds, when fann'd with Fosiies breath.

II.



Donec totum expleat orbem.

II.

ECCLES. 4.8.

There is no end of all his labour, neither is his Eye satisfied with Riches.

How our wid'ned arms can over-stretch
Their own dimensions! How our hands can reach Beyond their diffance! How our yielding breaft Can shrink to be more full, and full possest Of this inferiour Orb? How earth refin'd Can cling to fordid earth! How kind to kind! We gape, we grasp, we gripe, and flore to store; Enough requires too much; too much craves more. We charge our fouls fo fore beyond their ftint, That we recoil or burft : the bufie Mint Of our laborious thoughts is ever going, and coyning new defires; defires not knowing Where next to pitch, but like the boundless Ocean Gain, and gain ground, and grow more strong by motion. The pale-fac'd Lady of the black ey'd night First tips her horned brows with easie light, Vhose curious train of spangled Nimphs attire Her next nights glory with increasing fire; each Ev'ning adds more lustre, and adorns The growing beauty of her grasping horns: he fucks and draws her brother's golden store, Intil her glutted orb can fuck no more, iv'n to the Vulture of infatiate minds itill wants, and wanting seeks, and seeking finds New fewel to increase her rav'nous fire, The grave is fooner cloy'd than mens defire: Ne cross the Seas, and midst her waves we burn, Fransporting lifes, perchance that n'ie return;

We fack, we ranfack to the utmost fands Of native kingdoms, and of forreign lands; We travel Sea and Soil, we pry, we proul, We progress, and we prog from pole to pole; We spend our mid-day sweat, our midnight oyl, We tire the night in thought, the day in toil: We make Art fervile, and the Trade gentile, (Yet both corrupted with ingenious guile) . To compass earth, and with her empty store To fill our arms, and grasp one handful more; Thus feeking reft, our labours never cease, But as our years, our hot desires increase : Thus we, poor little Worlds! with blood and fweat In vain attempt to comprehend the great; Thus, in our gain become we gainful losers, And what's enclosed. encloses the enclosers. Now Reader close thy book, and then advise; Be wisely worldly, be not worldly wise; Let not thy nobler thoughts be always raking The world's base dunghil; vermin's took by taking : Take heed thou trust not the deceitful lap Of wanton Delilab : The world's a Trap.

HUGO de anima.

Tell me where be those now; that so lately loved and bugg'd the world? Nothing remaineth of them but dust and worms; Observe what those men were; what those men are: They were like thee; they did eat, drink, laugh, and led merry days; and in a moment slipt into kell. Here their sless food for worms; there their Souls are fewel for fire, till they shall be rejoyned in an unhappy sellowship, and cast into eternal torments; where they that were once companions in fin, shall be kereafter partners in punishment.

EPIG. 2.

Gripe, Cupid, and gripe still, until that wind, That's pent before, find secret yent behind: And when th'ast done, hark here, I tell thee what, Before I'le trust thy armful, I'le trust that.

Book 2

TIE



Non amat iste; sed hamat amor.

III.

JOB 18.8.

He is cast into a net by his own feet, and walketh upon a snare.

1

These sile devices to be tray poor men?

Die they not saft enough when thousands sall

Before thy dart? What need these engines then?

Attend they not, and answer to thy call,

Like nightly coveys where thou list and when?

What needs a stratagem where strength can sway?

Or what needs frength compel, where none gainsay?

Or what needs fratagem or ftrength, where hearts obey?

Husband thy flights: It is but vain to waste

Honey on those that will be catch'd with gall;

Thou canst not, ah! the canst not bid so fast

As men obey: Thou art more flow to call,

Then they to come; thou canst not make such hast,

To skrike, as they being struck make hast to fall.

Go save thy nets for that rebellious heart

That scorns thy power, and has obtained the art

T'avoid thy flying shaft, to quench thy fi'ry dart.

3

Loft mortal, how is thy diffruction fure,

Between two bawds, and both without remorfe!

The

The on's a Line, the t'other is a Lure;
This to intice thy foul; that to enforce:
Way-laid by both, how canft thou fland secure?
That draws; this wooes thee to th' eternal curse.
O charming Tyrant, how hast thou befool'd
And slav'd poor man, that would not if he could
Avoid thy line, thy lure; nay could not if he would!

475 m 1. 10 1 10 1 2 1 0 m

Alas, thy sweet perfidious voice betrays
His wanton ears with thy Syrenian baits;
Thou wrapeft his eyes in mists, then boldy lays
Thy Lethal gins before their chrystal gates;
Thou lok'st up ev'ry sense with thy false keys,
All willing pris'ners to thy close deceits:
His ear most nimble, where it deaf should be,
His eye most blind, where most it ought to see, (freeAnd when his heart's most bound, then thinks himself most

5

Thou grand Impostor, how hast thou obtain'd
The wardship of the world? Are all men turn'd
Idiots and Lunaticks? Are all retain'd
Beneath thy service bands; is none return'd
To his forgotten self? Has none regain'd
His senses? Are their senses all adjourn'd?
What none dismist thy Court? Will no plump see
Bribe thy false fifts to make a glad decree,
T' unfool whom thou hast fool'd, & set thy pris'ners free?

S. BERN. in Ser.

In this world is much treachery, little truth, here all things are traps; here every thing is before with snares; here souls are endangered, bodies are afflished; here all things are vanity and vexation of spirit.

EPIG. 2.

Nay, Eupid, pitch thy trammel, where thou please, Thou canst not fail to take such fish as these; Thy thriving sport will ne'r be spent: no need To fear, when ev'ry cork's a world, thous't speed.

IV.



Quam grave forminm of gued louis efer part

IV.

HOSEA 13. 3.

They shall be as the chaff that is driven with a whirlwind out of the sloor, and as the smoke out of the Chimney.

Lint-hearted Stoicks, you, whose marble eyes-Contemn a wrinkle, and whose souls despise To follow natures too affected fashion, Or travel in the Regent walk of Passion; Whose rigid hearts disdain to shrink at fears, Or play at fast and loose, with smiles and tears; Come burst your spleens with laugther to behold A new found vanity, which days of old Ne'r knew: a vanity, that has helet The world, and made more flaves than Mahomet: That has condemn'd us to the fervile voke Of flavery, and made us flaves to smoke. But flay; why tax I thus our modern times, For new-born follies, and for new-born crimes? Are we fole guilty, and the first age free? No, they were smok'd and slav'd as well as we: What's sweet-lipt Honours blast, but smoke? What's trea-But very smoke? And what more smoke than pleasure? Alas! they're all but shadows, fumes, and blasts, That vanishes, this fades, the other wastes. The restless Merchant, he that loves to steep His brains in wealth, and lays his foul to fleep In bags of Bullion, fees th' immortal crown, And fain would mount, but Ingots keep him down: He brags to day, perchance, and begs to morrow: He lent but now, wants credit now to borrow;

Blow winds, the treasure's gone, the merchant's broke: A flave to filver's but a flave to fmoke. Behold the Glory-vying child of fame, That from deep wounds fuck fuck an honour'd name, That thinks no purchase worth the ftile of good, But what is fold for sweat, and seal'd with blood; That for a point, a blast of empty breath, Undaunted gazes in the face of death; Whose dear bought bubble, fill'd with vain renown. Breaks with a phillop, or a Gen'rals frown: His stroke got Honour, staggars with a scroke; A flave to honour, is a flave to fmoke. And that fond fool, which wastes his idle days In loofe delights, and sports about the blaze Of Cupia's Candle; he that daily spies Twin babies in his Mistris Geminies, Whereto his fad devotion does impart The fweet burnt-offering of a bleeding heart: See, how his wings are findg'd in Cyprian fire, Whose flames consume with youth, in age expire: The World's a bubble, all the pleasures in it, Like morning vapours vanish in a minute: The vapours vanish, and the bubble's broke; A flave to pleasure, is a flave to smoke. Now, Stoick, cease thy laughter, and repast Thy pickled cheeks with tears, and weep as fast,

S. HIERON.

That rich man is great, who thinketh not himself great, because he is rich: the proud man (who is the poor man) braggeth outwardly, but beggeth inwardly: He is blown up, but not sull.

PETR. RAV.

Vexation and anguifo accompany riches and bonour; the pomp of the world, and the favour of the people, are but smoke; and a blast suddenly vanifring: Which if they commonly please, commonly bring repensance, and for a minute of joy, they bring an age of sorrow.



EPIG. 4.

Eupid, thy diet's strange: It dulls, it rowzes, It cools, it heats, it binds, and then it looses: Dull-sprightly-cold hot fool, if ev's it winds thee Into a looseness once, take heet, it binds thee.

F A

80

Emblemes:

Book 2:

V.



Non omne quod hic micar aurum est

V.

PROV. 23.5.

Wilt thou set thine eyes upon that which is not? for riches make themselves wings, they flie away as an Eagle.

Alfe world, thou ly'ft : thou canft not lend The least delight : Thy favours cannot gain a Friend, They are to flight: Thy morning pleasures make an end-To please at night:

Poor are the wants that thou supply'ft: And yet thou vaunt'ft, and yet thou vy'n

With Heaven; fond earth thou boalts; falle world thou

Thy babling tongue tells golden tales Of endless treasure; Thy bounty offers easie sales

Of lasting pleasure;

Thou ask'st the Conscience what she ails, And fwear it to eafe her:

There's none can want where thou supply'it: There's none can give where thou deny'it.

Alas, fond world thou boafts; falle world thou ly'ft,

What well advised ear regards What earth can fay? Thy words are gold, but thy rewards Are painted clay;

Thy cunning can but pack the cards

Thou can't not play:

Thy game at weakest still thou vy'st;

If seen, and then revy'd, deny'st;

Thou art not what thou seem'st; false world, thou ly'st.

4

Thy tinfil bosome seems a mint,
Of new-coin'd treasure,
A Paradise, that has no stint,

No change, no measure;

A painted cask, but nothing in't,

Nor wealth, nor pleasure:

Vain earth! that fally thus comply it

With man: Vain man! that thou rely'st and on earth: Vain man thou dot'st: Vain earth thou ly'st.

5

What mean dull fouls, in this high measure
To haberdash
In earths base wares, whose greatest treasure

Is drofs and trash?

The height of whose inchanting pleasure
Is but a flash?

Are these the goods that thou supplyst Us mortals with? Are these the high st?

Can these bring cordial peace? false world thou ly'it.

PET. BLES.

The world is descriful: Her end is doubtful; Her conclusion is borrible; ber Juige is terrible; and ber punishment is inolirable.

S. AUGUST. lib. Confest.

The vain glory of this world is a deceitful sweetness, a fruitless labour, a perpetual fear, a dangerous honour: Her begining is without providence, and her end not without repensance.

EPIG. 5.

World, th' art a Traytor; thou hast stampt thy base and chymick metal with great Casar's face, and with thy bastard bullion thou hast batter'd for wares of price; how jastly drawn and quarter'd!

VI.



Sic decipit orbis .

84

VI.

JOB 15. 31.

Let not him that is deceived trust in vanity, for vanity shall be his recompence.

I

Believe her not, her glass diffuses False portraitures: thou canst espice to true restection: She abuses Her mis-inform'd beholders eye;

Her Chrystal's fallly steel'd: it scatters eceitful beams. Believe her not, she slatters.

2

his flaring mirour represents
No right proportion, view or feature:
fer very looks are complements;
They make thee fairer, goodlier, greater:
The skilful gloss of her reflection

at paints the Context of thy course complexion.

3

'ere thy dimension but a firide, Nay, wert thou flatur'd but a span, ich as the long bill'd troops defi'd,

A very fragment of a man?

She'l make thee Mimas, which ye will, he fove-flain Tyrant, or th'lonick hill.

4

ad furfets, or th'ungracious Star Conspir'd to make one common place Of all deformities that are

Within the volume of thy face,

She'd lend thee favour should out-move The Troy-bane Hellen, or the Queen of Love.

5

Were thy consum'd estate as poor

As Lazrus or afflicted Fab's:

Shee'l change thy wants to seeming store,

And turn thy rags to purple robes;

Shee's make thy hide bound slank appear

As plump as theirs that seast it all the year.

6

Look off, let not thy Opticks be
Abus'd: thou feeft not what thou fhould'R:
Thy fell's the object thou should'it see,
But 'tis thy shadow thou behold'it:

And shadows thrive the more in stature, The nearer we approach the light of nature.

7

Where Heav'ns bright beams look more direa;
The shadow shrinks as they grow stronger:
But when they glance their fair aspect,
The bold-fac'd shade grows larger, longer:
And when their lamp begins to fall,
Th'increasing shadows lengthen most of all.

8

The foul that feeks the noon of grace, Shrinks in, but fwells if grace retreat; As heav'n lifts up, or wells his face, Our felf-esceems grow less or great.

The least is greatest, and who shall Appear the greatest, are the least of all.

HUGO lib. de anima.

In vain he listeth up the eye of his heart to behold his God, who is not first rightly advised to behold himself: First, thou must see the visible things of thy self, before thou canst he prepared to know the invisible things of God; for if thou canst not apprehend the things within thee, thou canst not comprehend the things above thee: the hest looking glass, wherein to see thy God, is perfectly to see thy self.

EPIG. 6.

Be not deceiv'd great Fool: there is no loss In being small; great bulks but swell with dross. Man is heav'ns Master-piece: If it appear More great, the valu's less; if less, more dear. VII.



VII.

DEUTERONOMY 30. 19.

I have set before thee life and death, blessing and our sing, therefore choose life, that thou and thy seed may live.

.

The world's a Floor, whole swelling heaps retain
The mingled wages of the Pleughmans toyl;
The world's a heap, whole yet unwindowed grain
Is lodg'd with chaff and buried in her foyl;
All things are mixt, the useful with the vain;
The good with bad, the hoble with the vile;
The world's an Ark, wherein things pure and gross
Present their loss-ful gain, and gainful loss,
Where ev'ry dram of gold contains a pound of dross.

2

This furnish'd Ark presents the greedy view
With all thit earth can give, or Heav'n can add;
Here lasting joyes; here pleasures hourly new,
And hourly fading, may be wish'd and had:
All points of Honour, counterfeit and true,
Salute thy soul, and wealth both good and bad:
Here maist thou open wide the two leav'd door
Of all thy wishes, to receive that flore
hich being empty most, does overslow the more.

Come then my foul, approach this royal Burfe. And fee what wares our great Exchange retains : Come, come; here's that shall make a firm divorce Betwixt thy wants and thee, if want complains ; No need to fit in council with thy purfe.

Here's nothing good shall cost more price than pains: But O my foul take heed, if thou rely Upon thy faithless Opticks, thou wilt buy Too blind a bargain: Know, fools only trade by th'eye.

The worldly wisdom of the foolish man Is like a fieve, that does alone retain The groffer substance of the worthless brain; But thou, my foul, let thy brave thoughts disdain

So course a purchase, O be thou a fan

To purge the chaff, and keep the winnow'd grain : A Make clean thy thoughts, and dress thy mixt desires Thou art Heav'as tasker; and thy God requires, The pureft of thy floor, as well as of thy fires.

Let grace conduct thee to the paths of peace, And wisdom bless the souls unblemish'd ways, No matter then, how short or long's the lease, Whose date determines thy self-numbred days: No need to care, for wealth's or fame's increase, Nor Mars his Palm, nor high Apollo's Bays. Lord, if thy gracious bounty please to fill The floor of my defires, and teach me skill To dress and chuse the corn, take those the chaff that will.

S. AUGUST, lib. 1. de doct. Chrifti.

Temporal things more ravish in the expedations than in fruition : But things eternal more in the fruition than expediation.

Ibidem.

The life of man is the middle between Angels and Beafts: if man takes pleasure in carnal things, be is compared to beasts; but if be delight in fpiritual things, be is suited with Angels.



EPIG. 7.

Art thou a child? Thou wilt not then be fed, But like a child, and with the childrens bread : But thou are fed with chaff, or corn undreft: My foul thou favour'st too much of the beaft.

VIII.





Hec animant pueros cymbala, at illa viros

Tree of the control o

VIII.

PHILIPPIANS 3. 19.

They mind earthly things, but our conversation is in Heaven.

Venus.

Div. Cupid.

Ven. TIT Hat means this peevish babe? Whish, lullaby. What ails my babe? What ails my babe to cry? Will nothing still it? Will it neither be Pleas'd with the nurses breaft, nor mothers knee? What ails my bird? What moves my forward boy To make such whim p'ring faces? Peace, my joy: Will nothing do? Come, come, this pettish brat, Thus cry and brawl, and cannot tell for what? Come bus and friends, my lamb; which lullaby, What ails my babe? What ails my babe to cry? Peace, peace my dear; alas, thy early years Had never faults to merit half thele tears; Come smile upon me: Let thy mother spie Thy fathers image in her babies eye: Husband these guilty drops against thee rage Of harder fortunes, and the gripes of age; Thine eye's not ripe for tears: Whish lullaby; What ails my babe, my sweet fac'd babe to cry? Look, look, what's here! A dainty golden thing : See how the dancing bells turn round and ring To please my bantling ! Here's a knack will breed An hundred kisses: Here's a knack indeed.

So, now my bird is white, and looks as fair
As Pelops (houlder, or like a milk white pair :
Here's right the father's smile; when Mars beguil'd
Sick Venus of her heart, just thus he smil'd.

Divine Cupid. 1 1

Well may they smile alike; thy base bred boy And his base sier had both one cause, a toy: How will their subjects and their smiles agree? Thy Cupid finds a toy, and Mars found thee: Falle Queen of beauty, Queen of falle delights, Thy knee presents an Embleme, that invites Man to himself, whose self-transported heart (Ov'r-whelm'd with native forrows, and the smart Of purchas'd griefs) lies whining night and day, Not knowing , why, till heavy heeld delay. The dull-brow'd Pander of despair, laies by His leaden buskings, and presents his eye With antick triffes, which th' indulgent earth Makes proper objects of mans childish mirth. There's nothing good, there's nothing great but there: These be the pipes that base born minds dance after, And turn immod'rate tears to lavish laughter; Whilft Heav'nly raptures pass without regard; Their ftrings are harsh, and their high ftreans unheard: The ploughmans whistle or the trivial flute Find more respect than great Apollo's lute: We'll look to Heay'n, and truft to higher jovs: Let swine love husks, and children whine for toys.

S. BERN.

That is the true and chief joy, which is not conceived from the creature, but received from the Creator, which (being once possesteered) none can take from thee: Whereto all pleasure being compared is terment, all joy is grief, sweet things are bitter, all glory is baseness, and all delectable things are despicable.

S. BERN.

Foy in a changeable subject must necessarily change as the subject changest.

EPIG. 8.

Peace, childish Cupid, peace: thy finger'd eye But cries for what, in time, will make the cry But are thy peevish wranglings thus appear'd? Well mayest thou cry, that art so poorly pleas'd.

G A

Emblemes.

Book 2.

IX.



Denturum exhorresco diem.

IX.

ISAIAH 10. 3.

What will you do in the day of your visitation? to whom will ye flie for help? and where will you leave your glory?

I

Is this that jolly God, whose Gyprian bow
Has shot so many slaming darts.
And made so many wounded Beauties go
Sadly perplex'd with whimp'ring hearts?
Is this that Sov'reign Deity that brings
The slavish world in awe, and stings

The flavish world in awe, and stings (Kings? The blundring souls of swains, and stops the hearts of

2

What Circean charm, what Hecateaa spight
Has thus abus'd the God of love?
Great Fove was vanquish'd by his greater might;
(And who is stronger-arm'd than Fove)
Or has our lustful god perform'd a Rape,
And (searing Argus eyes) would scape
The view of jealous earth, in this prodigious shape?

3

Where be those rose cheeks, that lately scorn'd
The malice of injurious Fates?

Ah, where's that pearl Percullis that adorn'd
Those dainty two-leav'd Ruby gates?

Where be those killing eyes, that so control'd
The world? And looks that did infold.

Like knots of flaming wire, his curles of hurrish'd or

Like knots of flaming wire, like curles of burnish'd gold?

- -

No, no, 'twas neither Hecatean spite,
Nor charm below, nor pow'r above;
'Twas neither Circes spell, nor Stygian sp'rit,
That thus transform'd our God of Love,
'Twas owl-ey'd Lust (more potent far than they)
Whose eyes and actions hate the day;
Whom all the world observe, whom all the world obey.

5

See how the latter Trumpets dreadful blaft
Affrights frout Mars his trembling fon!
See, how he startles! how he stands agast,
And scrambles from his melting Throne!
Hark, how the direful hand of vengeance tears
The swelt'ring clouds, whilst Heav'n appears
A circle fill'd with flame, and-centred with his fears.

6

This is that day, whose oft report hath worn
Neglected tongues of Prophets bare;
The faithless subject of the worldlings scorn,
The sum of Men and Angels pray'r:
This, this the day, whose All-discerning light
Ransacks the secret dens of night,
And severs good from bad; true joys from false delight.

7

You grov'ling worldlings, you, whose wisdom trades
Where light nev'r shot his golden ray,
That hide your actions in Cimmerian shades,
How will your eyes endure this day?
Hills will be deaf, and mountains will not hear;
There be no caves, no corners there,
To shade your souls from fire, to shield your hearts from

HUGO.

HUGO.

O the extreme losthformess of stelly lust, which not only steminates the mind, but enerves the body; which not only listaineth the foul, but dissuiseth the person! It is ushered with fury and wantonness; it is accompanied with filthiness and unleanness; and it is followed with grief and repentance.



EPIG. 9.

What? sweet fac'd Cupid, has thy bastard-treasure, Thy boasted honours and thy bold-fac'd pleasure Perplex'd thee now? I told thee long ago, To what they'd bring thee, fool, To win, to woe.

X.



Jimit : mane est.

100

X.

NAHUM 2. 10.

She is empty, and void, and waste.

1

She's empty: bark, the founds, there's nothing there
But noise to fill thy ear;
Thy vain enquiry can at length but find
A blast of murm'ring wind:
It is a cask, that seems as full, as fair,
But meerly tunn'd with air;
Fond youth, go build thy hopes on better grounds:
The soul that vainly founds

Her joys upon this world but feeds on empty founds.

2

She's empty: hark, the founds: there nothing in't,

The spark-ingendring flint
Shall sooner melt, and hardest raunce shall first
Diffolve and quench thy thirst,
E're this false world shall still thy stormy breast
With smooth-fac'd calms of rest?
Thou mayst as well expect Meridian light
Prom shades of black-mouth'd night,
As in this empty world to find a full delight.

2

She's empty: hark, the founds; 'tis void and vast;
What if fome flatt'ring blast
Of flatuous honour should perchance be there,
And whilper in thine ear:
It is but wind, and blows but where it list,
And vanisheth like a mist.
Poor honour earth can give! What gen'rous mind

Would be so base to bind Her Heav'n-bred soul a slave to serve a blast of wind?

4

She's empty: hark, she sounds: 'tis but a ball
For fools to play withall:
The painted film but of a stronger bubble,
That's lin'd with silken trouble:
It is a world, whose work and recreation
Is vanity and vexation;
A Hag, repair'd with vice complexion paint,
A quest house of complaint:
It is a saint, a fiead, worse siend, when most a saint,

5

She's empty: hark, she sounds: 'tis vain and void,
What's here to be enjoy'd.
But grief and sickness, and large bills of sorrow,
Drawn now, and cross'd to morrow?
Or what are men, but puffs of dying breath,
Reviv'd with living death?
Fond lad, O build thy hopes on surer grounds
Then what dull flesh propounds.
Trust not this hollow world, she's empty: hark, she sounds.

S. CHRYS. in Ep. ad Heb.

Contemn riches, and thou shalt be rich; contemn glory and thou shalt be glorious; contemn injuries, and thou shalt be a conqueror; contemn rest, and thou shalt gain rest; contemn earth, and thou shalt find Heaven.

HUGO lib. de Vanit. mundi.

The world is a vanity which affordeth neither heauty to the amorous, nor reward to the laborious, nor encouragement to the industrious.



EPIG. 10.

This House is to be let for life or years; Her rent is sorrow, and her Income tears: Cupid, 'c has long stood void; her bills make known, She must be dearly let; or let alone. XI.



XI:

MATTH. 7. 14.

Narrow is the way that leadeth unto life, and few there be that find it.

Repost'rous feol, thou troul'st amis; Thou err'ft; that's not the way, 'eis this : Thy hopes instructed by thine eye, Make thee appear more near than I: My flower is not fo flat, fo fine, And has more obvious rubs then thine: 'Tis true my way is hard and ftrait. And leads me through a thorny gate: Whose rankling pricks are sharp and fell; The Common way to Heav'n's by hell: 'Tis true; thy path is short and fair, And free from rubs: Ah, fool beware, The fafeft road's not always ev'n: The way to Hell's a seeming Heav'n: Think'st thou the Crown of Glory's had With idle ease, fond Cyprian lad? Think'ft thou, that mirth, and vain delights High feed, and shadow shortning nights, Soft knees, full bones and beds of down, Are proper prologues to a Crown? Or canft thou hope to come and view. Like prosperous Casar, and subdue? The bondflave Ufurer will trudge In fpight of Gouts will turn a drudge, And ferve his foul condemning purfe, T'increase it with the widows curse :

And

And shall the crown of glory stand Not worth the waving of an hand The fleshly wanton to obtain His minute-luft, will count it gain To loofe his freedom, his effate, Upon fo dear, fo fweet a rate; Shall pleasures thus be priz'd, and muk Heav'ns Palm be cheaper than a lust? The true-bred spark, to hoise his name. All is congression Upon the waxen wings of fame, A hard ball. Will fight undaunted in a floud That's rais'd with brakish drops and blood And shall the promis'd crown of, life too was Rogo (Be thought a toy, not worth a strife? An enfie good brings eafie gains ; yd lost it lle, saged yn I But things of price are bought with pains: The pleasing way is not the right:
He that would conquer Heav'n must fight.

SHIERON

Fighters with he will be some for the sound of the sound

And ferve hi food condernatur pv. 2, 3 increase is min the middle of the min the middle of the same of the middle of the same middle of the same of th

Enterny Translation of the Mean of the Court of the Court

S. HIERON. in Ep.

No labour is bard, no time is long, wherein the glory of Eternity is the mark we level at.

S. GREG. lib. 8. Mor.

The valour of a just man is to conquer the sless, to contradict his own will, to quench the delights of this present life, to endure and love the miseries of this world for the reward of a better, to comtemn the statteries of prosperity, and inwardly to overcome the fears of adversity.

E P I G. 11.

O Cupid, if thy smoother way were right, I should mistrust this Crown were counterfeit: The way's not easie where the Prize is great: I hope no virtues, where I smell no sweat. 108

1 Wile St

Emblemes:

Book 2.

to bear to the said of Eurps of the section of the section of

XII.

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In cruce stat securus amor.

Complete the contraction of the Margara Tatan Mark to 1968 and A CALL TO A CONTROL OF THE SECOND SEC

XII.

GALAT. 6: 14.

God forbid that I should glory, save in the Croß.

An nothing settle my uncertain breast, And fix my rambling love ? Can my affections find out nothing best? But fill and fill remove ? Has earth no mercy? Will no Ark of reft Receive my reftless Dove? Is there no good, than which there's nothing higher,

To bless my full defire With joys that never change; with joys that ne'r expire.

I wanted wealth; and at my dear request,

Earth lent a quick supply;

I wanted mirth to charm my fullen breaft; And who more brifk than I?

I wanted fame to glorifie the reft :

My fame flew eagle-high:

My joy not fully ripe, but all decay'd;

Wealth vanish'd like a shade,

My mirth began to flag, my fame began to fade.

The world's an Ocean, hurried too and fro With ev'ry blaft of passion:

Her

Her luftful ftreams, when either ebb or flow,
Are tides of mans vexation:
They alter daily, and they daily grow
The worse by alteration:
The earth's a cask full tunn'd, yet wanting measure;

Her precious wine is pleasure; Her yest is honours puff; her lees are worldly creasure.

4

My trust is in the Cross: let beauty slag

Her loose, her wanton sail;

Let count'nance guilding honour cease to brag

In courtly terms, and vail;

Let ditch-bred wealth henceforth forget to wag

Her base, though golden tail;
False beauties conquest, is but real loss,

Best honour's but a blast: my trust is in the Cross.

5

My trust is in the cross: There lies my rest;
My fast, my sole delight:
Let cold-mouch'd Boreas, or the hot mouth'd East
Blow till they burst with spight:
Let earth and Hell conspire their worst, their best;
And joyn their twisted might;
Let shows of thunder bolts dart down, and wound me
And troops of friends surround me,

All this may well confront; all this shall ne'r confound me.

S. A U.G.

Nilli, w age w. tilly/

S. AUGUST.

Christ's Cross is the Christress of all our happiness: It delivers as from all blindness of error, and enriches our darkness with light; it restores the troubled soul to rest; It bringeth strangers to Gods acquaintance; It makes bremote forreigners mear neighbours; it cuttes off discord; concludes a league of everlassing peace; and is the bounteous author of all good.

S. BERN. in Ser. de Refur.

We find glory in the Cross; to us that are saved, it is the power of God, and the fulness of all vertues.

EPIG. 12.

I follow'd rest, rest sted and soon forseok me; I ran from grief, grief ran and overtook me. What shall I do? lest I be too much tost. On worldly crosses, Lord, let me be cross.

H 4

1

the feet of the second

XIII.



Post Vulnera Damon

112

XIII.

PROV. 26. 11.

As a dog returneth to his vomit, so a fool returneth to his folly.

I am wounded! and my wounds do smart
Beyond my patience, or great Ebiron's art;
I yeild, I yeild; the day, the Palm is thine;
Thy bow's more true; thy shaft's more sierce than mine.
Hold, hold, O hold thy conqu'ring hand. What need
To send more darts? the first has done the deed;
Oft have we struggled, when our equal arms
Shot equal shafts, inflicted equal harms;
But this exceeds, and with her slaming head,
Twy-fork'd with death, has struck my conscience dead.
But must I die? Ah me! if that were all,
Then, then I'd stroke my bleeding wounds, and call
This dart a cordial, and with joy endure
These harsh ingredients, where my griet's my cure.
But something whispers in my dying ear,

There is an after-day; which day I fear:
The flender debt to Nature's quickly paid,
Discharg'd perchance with greater ease than made;
But if that pale fac'd Sergeant make arrest,
Ten thousand actions would (whereof the least
Is more than all this lower world can bail)
Be entred, and condemn me to the Jail
Of Stygian darkness, bound in red hot chains,
And grip'd with tortures worse than Titian pains.
Farewel my vain, farewel my loose delights;
Farewel my rambling days, my rev'ling nights;

'Twas you betray'd me first, and when ye found My foul advantage, gave my foul the wound: Farewel my bullion gods, whose sovereign looks So often catch'd me with their golden hooks: Go feek another flave; ye must all go; I cannot serve my God and Bullion too. Farewel falle honour; you, whole airy wings Did mount my foul above the thrones of Kings; Then flatter'd me, took pet, and in disdain, Nipt my green buds: then kick'd me down again: Farewel my bow; farewel my Cyprian Quiver; Farewel dear world, farewel dear world for ever. O, but this most delicious world, how sweet Her pleasures relish! Ah! How jump they meet The grasping soul, and with their sprighly fire, Revive, and raife. and rowze the wrapt defire! For ever? O, to part fo long? what? never. Meet more? another year, and then for ever: Too quick refolves do resolution wrong; What, part so soon, to be divorc'd so long? Things to be done are long to be debated; Heav'n is not decay'd. Repentance is not dated.

S. AUGUST. lib. de util. agen. poen.

Go up my foul into the tribunal of thy Conscience; there set by guilty self before thy self: Hide not thy self behind thy self, lest God bring thee forth before thy self.

S. AUGUST. in Solileq.

In vain is that washing, where the next sin defleth: He bath ill repented, whose sins are repeated: that stomach is the worse for vomiting, that licketh up his vomit.

ANSELM.

God hath promised pardon to him that repenteth, but be bath not promised repentance to him that sinneth.

EPIG. 13.

Brain-wounded Cupid, had this hafty dart,
As it hath prick'd thy fancy, pierc'd thy heart,
'T had been thy friend: O how hath it deceiv'd thee!
For had this dart but kill'd, this dart had fav'd thee.

XIV.



Post lapsum fortius esto.

1

XIV.

PROV. 24. 16:

A just man falleth seven times, and riseth up again, but the wicked shall fall into mischief.

t

Is but a foil at beft, and that's the most
Your skill can boak:
My slipp'ry footing fail'd me; and you tript
Just as I slipt:
My wanton weakness did her self betray
With too much play:
I was too bold, He never yet stood sure:
That stands secure:
Who ever trusted to his native strength,
But sell at length?

The title's craz'd, the tenure is not good, That claims by th' evidence of fielh and blood.

9

Boast not thy skill, the righteous man falls oft; Yet falls but soft:

There may be dirt to mire him, but no stones To crush his bones:

What if he flaggers? Nay, put case he be Foil'd on his knee?

That very knee will bend to Heav'n, and woo For mercy too.

The true-bred Gamester ups a fresh, and then, Falls to'e agen;

Whereas the leaden hearted coward lies, And yields his conquer'd life, or crayen'd dies.

2005

73

Boast not thy Conquest; thou that ev'ry hour Fall'st ten-times lower,

Nay, hast not pow'r to rife, if not, in case,

To fall more base.

Thou wallow'll where I flip; and thou doft tumble.

Where I but flumble:

Thou glory'st in thy slav'ries dirty badges,

And fall'ft for wages: Sowr grief and fad repentance scowrs and clears

flom a.l. My flain, with tears; a fund all. Thy falling keeps thy falling full in ure;

But when I slip, I stand the more secure on any in the

What fenny trash maintains the smoth ring fires of his defires had

Vich too mark ply:

How flight and fhort are his refolves at longer 1913 647

O if a finner held by that fast hand,

Can hardly stand, Good God! in what a desp'rate case are they?

> ្រាងប្រាក្ស នៃ ស្រាងប្រាក្ស នេះ មានប្រាក្ស នេះ ស្រាស់ ស្រ

The warton wealand lid healest in may

That have no flay!

Man's state implies a necessary curse;

When not hinfelf, he's mad; when most himfelf, he's a

. 1. 2in 10 b', 61

(worfe.

S. AMBROS in Ser. ad vincula.

Peter flood more firmly after he had lamented his fall thin before he fell. Insomuch that he found more grace than he lost grace.

S. CHRYS. in Ep. ad Heliod. monach.

It is no such bainous matter to fall afflisted, as being down to lie dejected. It is no danger for a Souldier to receive a wound in battel, but after the wound received, through despair of recovery to refuse a remedy; for we often see wounded Champions wear the palm at last, and after fight, crowned with vistory.

EPIG. 14.

Triumph not Cupid, his mischance doth show Thy trade; doth once, what thou dost always do: Brag not too soon: has thy prevailing hand Foil'd him? Ah fool, th' hast taught him how to stand. XV.



Putet æther; claudina oebi.

120

XV.

JER. 32.40.

I will put fear in their bearts, that they shall not depart from me.

So, now the Soul's sublim'd; her fow'r desires Are recalcied in heaven's well temp'red fires: The heart reftor'd and purg'd from droffie nature, Now finds the freedom of a new-born creature: It lives another life, it breaths new breath; It neither fears nor feels the fling of death. Like as the idle vagrant (having none) That boldly 'dopts, each house he views, his own; Makes ev'ry purse his chequer; and at pleasure, Walks forth and taxes all the world like Cafar; At length by vertue of a just command, His fides are lent to a feverer hand : Whereon his Pali, not fully understood. Is taxed in a manuscript of blood; Thus past from town to town; until he come A fore repentant to his native home: Ev'n so the rambling heart, that idly roves From crimes to fin, and uncontrol'd removes From luft to luft, when wanton flesh invites From old-worn pleasures to new choice delights, At length corrected by the filial rod Of his offended (but his gracious God) And lash'd from fins to fighs; and by degrees, From fighs to vows, from vows to bended knees; From bended knees to a true pensive breft; From thence to terments, not by tongue exprest,

12.12.5

Returns; (and from his finful felf exil'd) Finds a glad father, he a welcome child: O then it lives ; O then it lives involv'd In secret raptures; pants to be dissolv'd: The royal Off-spring of a second Birth ... Sets ope to Heav'n, and shuts the door to earth: If love-fick fove commanded clouds should hap I will To rain such show'rs as quickned Danae's lap: Or Dogs (far kinder than their purple mafter) Should lick his fores, he laughs, nor weeps the fafter If earth (Heav'ns rival) dart her idle ray; To Heav'n, 'tis wax, and to the world, 'tis clay: If earth present delights, it scorns to draw, But like the jet unrub'd, disdains that ftraw : 1 110 P ולבער יוו י No hope deceives it, and no doubt divides it; 1 111111 No grief diffurbs it; and no errour guides it; Lord ten al No guilt condemns, and no folly shames it : " No floth besots it; and no lust enthralls it; 100 Mill & No scorn afflicts it, and no passion gawls it: Manage en It is a cark' net of immortal life; An Ark of peace; the lifts of facred firife; THE CHILD A purer piece of endless transitory; I POLA Fis fire A shrine of Grace, a little throne of Glory: A Heav'n born Off-spring of a new-born birth; An earthly Heav'n; an ounce of Heav'nly earth. THE PROPERTY OF

Of min (a) the second 10

William Stone A

Trend i l

S. AUGUST. de Spir. & Anima.

O bappy beart, where piety affecteth, where humility subjects, where repentance correcteth, where obedience directeth, where power protesteth, where devotion projecteth, where charity connecteth.

S. GREG.

Which way soever the beart turneth it self (if carefull) it shall commonly observe, that in those very things we lose God, in those very things we shall find God: It shall find the heat of his power in consideration of those things, in the love of which things he was most cold, and by what things it fell, perverted, by those things it is raised, converted.



EPIG. 15.

My heart! But wherefore do I call thee so?
I have renounc'd my int'rest long ago:
When thou wer't false and sleshly, I was thine;
Mine wert thou never, till thou wert not mine.

M. Fort. Price while thousand he to show out the receive

5 - 11 1



Lord all my defire is before the and my greating is not hid from thee Pi30

THE

THIRD BOOK

The Entertainment.

And (rebaptiz'd with holy fire) can form
The worlds base trash, whose necks distain to bear
Th' imperious yoke of Satan; whose chast ear
No wanton Songs of Syrens can surprize
With false delight; whose more then Eagle-eyes
Can view the glorious slames of gold, and gaze
On glitt'ding beams of honour, and do not daze;
Whose souls can spurn at pleasure, and deny
The loose suggestions of the field, draw nigh:

And you whose am'rous, whose select defires Would feel the warmth of those transcendent fires. Which (like the rifing Sun) put out the light Of Venus Rar, and turn her day to night; You that would love, and have your passions crown'd With greater happiness, than can be found In your own wishes; you that would affect Where neither scorn, nor guile, nor disrespect Shall wound your tortur'd fouls; that would enjoy, Where neither want can pinch, nor fulness cloy, Nor double doubt affiicts, nor baser fear Unflames your courage in pursuit, draw near, Shake hands with earth, and let your foul respect Her joys no further, than her joys reflect Upon her makers glory; if thou swim In wealth, see him in all; see all in him:

Sink'ft thou in want, and is thy small cruse spent? See him in want: enjoy him in content: Conceiv'ft him lodg'd in Cross, or loft in pain? In Pray'r and Patience find him out again : Make Heav'n thy Mistris, let no change remove Thy loyal heart, be fond; be fick of love: What if he stop his ear, or knit his brow? At length he'll be as fond, as fick as thou: Dart up thy foul in groans: Thy fecret groan Shall pierce his ear, shall pierce his ear alone :-Dart up thy foul in vows: Thy facred vow Shall find him out, where Heav'n alone shall know: Dart up thy foul in fighs: Thy whifp'ring figh Shall rouse his ears, and fear no liftner nigh : Send up thy groans, thy fighs, thy closet-vow; Ther's none, ther's none shall know but Heav'n and thou: Groans fresh'd with vows, and vows made salt with tears, Unscale his eyes, and scale his conquer'd ears: Shoot up the bosome shafts of thy defire, Feather'd with faith, and double fork'd with fire. And they will hit: Fear not, where Heav'n bids come: Heavn's never deaf, but when man's heart is dumb.

Sookis.



7 ...

I.



My Soul both defined thee in the night 23 Clay 26

T.

ISAIAH 26.6.

My Soul bath defired thee in the night.

NOod God? what horrid day dess doth furround I My groping foul! how are my fenfes bound In utter shades; and muffled from the light, Lurk in the bosom of eternal night! The bold-fac'd Lamp of Heav'n can fet and rife: And with his morning glory fill the eyes Of gazing mortals; his victorious ray Can chase the shadows, and restore the day: Nights bashful Empress, though the often wain, As oft repents her darkness, primes again; And with her circling horns doth re embrace Her brothers wealth, and orbs her filver face. But ah, my Sun deep swallow'd in his fall, Is fet and cannot fhine, nor rife at all: My bankrupt wain can beg nor borrow light; Alas, my darkness is perpetual night, Falls have their rilings, wainings have their primes, And desp'rate forrows wait their better times; Ebs have their Flouds, and Autumns have their Springs: All States have changes hurried with the swings Of Chance and Time, still riding to and fro : Terrestrial bodies, and celest al too. How often have I vainly grop'd about, With length'ned arms to find a passage out, That I might catch those beams mine eye defires, And bathe my foul in those celestial fires? Like as the haggard, cloistered in her mew, To scowr her downy robes, and to renew

130 Her broken flags, preparing t'overlook The tim'rous Mallard at the sliding brook, Jets oft from perch to perch; from ftock to ground, from ground to window, thus furveying round Her Dove befeather'd Prison, till at length (Calling her noble birth to mind, and firength Whereto her wing was born) her ragged beak Nipps off her jungling jesses, strives to break Her gingling fetters, and begins to bate At ev'ry glimple, and darts at ev'ry grate: Ev'n fo my weary foul, that long has bin An Inmate in this Tenement of fin, Lock'd up by cloud-brow'd Error, which invites My cloift'red thoughts to feed on black delights, Now scorns her shadows, and begins to dark Her wing'd defires at thee, that only art The Sun she seeks, whose rising beams can fright These duskie-clouds that make so dark a night : Shine forth great Glory, shine; that I may see Both how to loath my felf, and honour Thee: But if my weakness force thee to deny Thy flames, yet lend the twilight of thine eye:

If I must want those Beams; I wish, yet grant, That I, at least, may wish those Beams, I want.

S. AUGUST. Soliloqu. cap. 32.

There was a great dark cloud of vanity before mine eyes, fo that I could not see the Sun of Justice & the Light of Truth: I being the son of darkness, to is involved in darkness: I loved my darkness, because I knew not thy light: I was blind, and loved my blindness, and did walk from darkness to darkness: But Lord thou art my God, who hast led me from darkness and the shadow of death; hast called me into this glorious light, and behold, I fee.



EPIG. I.

My foul, chear up; what if the night be long, Heav'n finds an ear, when finners find a tongue; Thy tears are morning show'rs: Heav'n bids me say, When Peter's cock begins to crow, 'tis day. II.



OLord thou knowest my foolishnesse and my Sinns are not hid from thee Pf: 69. 5.

II.

PSAL 69. 3.

O Lord, thou knowest my foolishness, and my sins are not hid from thee.

CEest thou this fulsom Ideot? in what measure He feems transported with the antick pleasure Of childin haubles? Canft thou but admire The empty fulnels of his vain defire? Canst thou conceive such poor delights, as these Can fill th' insatiate soul of man, or please The fond aspect of his deluded eye? Reader, fuch very fools are thou and I: False puffs of honour; the deceitful streams Of wealth; the idle, vain and empty dreams Of pleasure, are our traffick, and enshare Our fouls, the threefold subject of our care; We toil for trash, we barter solid joys For aiery trifles, sell our Heav'n for toys: We knatch at barly grains, whilft pearls frand by Despis'd; such very fools are thou and I. Aim'st thou at honour? Does not th' Ideot shake it In his left hand? Fond man, step forth and take it: Or would'st thou wealth? see now the fool presents thee With a full basket, if fuch wealth contents thee: Would'it thou take pleasure? if the fool unstride His prancing Stallion, thou maift up and ride: Fond man, such is the pleasure, wealth, and honour The earth affords such fools, as dote upon her: Such is the game whereat earth's Ideots flie; Such Ideots, ah! fuch fools are thou and I:

Had rebel-man's fool-hardiness extended No farther than himself, and there had ended, It had been just; but thus enrag'd to fly Upon the eternal eyes of Majesty, And drag the Son of Glory from the breaft Of his indulgent Father; to arrest His great and facred Person: in disgrace To spit and spaul upon his Sun-bright-face; To taunt him with base terms; and being bound To scourge his foft, his trembling sides; to wound His head with thorns; his heart with human fears; His hands with nails, and his pale flank with spears: And then to paddle in the purer stream Of his spilt blood, is more, than most extreme: Great builder of Mankind, canst thou propound All this to thy bright eyes, and not confound Thy handy work? O! Canft thou choose but see, That mad'st the eye? Can ought be hid from thee? Thou feeft our perfons, Lord, and not our guilt; Thou feeft not, what thou mailt, but what thou wilt: The hand that form'd us is enforc'd to be A Screen fet up betwixt thy work and thee: Look, look upon that Hand, and thou shalt spie An open wound, a through-fare for thine eye; Or if that wound be clos'd, that passage be Deny'd between thy gracious eyes and me, Yet view the fcar; that fcar will countermand : Thy wrath: O read my fortune in thy hand.

S. CHRYS. Hom. 4. Joan.

Fools seem to abound in wealth, when they want all things; they seem to enjoy happiness, when indeed they are only most miserable; neither do they understand that they are deluded by their fancy, till they be delivered from their folly.

S. GREG. in Mor.

By so much the more are we inwardly foolists, by tow much we strive to semontwardly wie.



EPIG. 2.

Rebellious fool, what has thy felly done?
Controll'd thy God, and crucifi'd his Son?
How sweetly has the Lord of life deceiv'd thee? (thee?
Thou shedd'st his blood, and that shed blood has say'd

III.



Have mercy on me O Lord for I am weake OL heale me formy bones are vexed Ff. 62.

III.

PSALM. 6. 2.

Have mercy Lord, upon me, for I am weak; O Lord, heal me, for my bones are vexed.

Soul.

Fofm.

foul. AH, Son of David. help: fel. What finful crie Implores the Son David? Soul, It is I. fel. Who art thou? Soul. Oh, a deeply wounded breaft That's heavy laden and would fain have reft.

Fef. I have no scraps, and dogs must not be fed Like houshold children, with the childrens bread.

Soul. True, Lord; yet tolerate a hungry whelp To lick their crumbs: O son of David, help.

Jef. Poor Soul, what ail'ft thou? Soul. O I burn, I fry,

I cannot reft, I know not where to fly
To find some ease; I turn'd my blubber'd face
From man to man; I roll from place to place
T'avoid my tortures, to obtain relief,

l'avoid my tortures, to obtain relier, But fill am dogg'd and hunted with my grief: My mid-night torments call the fluggifh light

And when the morning's come, they woo the night.

Fel. Surcease thy tears, and speak thy free desires (fires

so. Quench, quench my flames, and swage those scorching

Fel. Canst thou believe, my hand can cure thy grief?

soul. Lord, I believe; Lord, help my unbelief.

Fel. Hold forth thing arm and let my singers try

Thy pulse; where chiefly doth thy torment lie; Soul. From head to foot; it reigns in ev'ry part,

But plays the felf-law'd tyrant in my heart.

Fef. Canft thou digeft? Canft relish wholsom food? How flands the tast? Soul. To nothing that is good: All sinful trash, and earths unsav'ry stuff I can digest, and relish well enough.

Fefus. Is not thy blood as cold as hot, by turns?

Soul. Cold to what's good; to what is bad it burns!

Fefus. How old's thy grief? Soul. I took it at the fall With eating fruit. Fefs. 'Tis Epidemical:

Thy blood's interest and th' interestion forms.

Thy blood's infected, and th' infection fprung From a bad liver: 'Tis a feaver flrong And full of death, unless, with present speed, A vain be opened, thou must die, or bleed.

Soul. OI emfaint and spent: that launce that shall Let forth my blood, lets forth my life withal: My soul wants cordials, and has greater need Of blood, then (being spent so far) to bleed:

I faint already, if I bleed, I dy.

Fest. 'Tis either thou must bleed, sick soul or I'my blood's a cordial. He that sucks my veins, Shall cleanse his own, and conquer greater pains. Then these: chear up; this precious blood of mine Shall cure thy grief; my heart shall bleed for thine Believe and view me with a faithful eye, Thy soul shall neither languish, bleed nor die.

S. AUGUS.T. lib. 10. Confess.

Lord, be merciful unto me: Ab me: Bebold, I bide not my to runds: Thou art a Phylician, and I am fick; Thou art merciful, and I am miserable.

S. GR EG. in Paftoral.

O Wisdom, with how sweet an art doth thy wine and oil restore health to my healthless soul! How powerfully merciful, how mercifully powerful art thou! Powerful for me, merciful to me!



EPIG. 34

Canft thou be lick, and such a Doctor by?
Thou canft not live, unless thy Doctor dye!
Strange kind of grief, that finds no med'cine good
To swage her pains, but the Physicians blood!

K 2



Look upon my affliction, and misery and forgive me all my Sinns

IV.

PSAL. 25. 18.

Look upon my affliction and my pain, and forgive all my fins.

Oth work and firokes? Both, lash and labour too? What more could Edom, or proud Alhur do? Stripes, after Stripes; and blows fuceeeding blows? Lord, has thy scourge no mecry, and my woes. No end? My pains no ease? No intermission? Is this the state? Is this the sad condition Of those that trust thee? Will thy goodness please T' allow no other favours? None but these? Will not the Rhet'rick of my terments move? Are these the symptomes, these the signs of love? Is't not enough, enough that I fulfil-Thy toylfome task of thy laborious will? May not this labour explate and purge My fin without the addition of a scourge? Look on my cloudy brow, how fast it reins Sad showers of sweat, the fruits of fruitless pains: Behold these ridges; see what purple furrows Thy plow has made; O think upon those forrows. That once were thine; wilt thou not be woo'd To mercy by the charms of sweat and blood? Canft thou forget that drowfie mount, wherein Thy dull Disciples sleep, was not my fin There punish'd in my foul? did not this brow Then sweat in thine? Were not those drops enow? Remember Golgotha, where that spring tide O' reflow'd thy foverain Sacramental fide :

There was no fin, there was no guilt in Thee, That caus'd those pains; thou sweat'ft, thou bledft for me. Was there not blood enough, when one small drop Had pow'r to ransome thousand worlds, and stop The mouth of Justice? Lord, I bled before In thy deep wounds; can Justice challenge more? Or doft thou vainly labour to hedge in Thy losses from my sides? My blood is thin, And thy free bounty fcorns fuch easie thrift; No, no, thy blood came not as love but gift. But must I ever grind? And must I earn Nothing but stripes ? O wilt thou disaltern The rest thou gav'st? Hast thou perus'd the curse Thou laid'st on Adam's fall, and made it worse? Canst thou repent of mercy? Heav'n thought good Loft man should feed in sweat; not work in blood : Why dost thou wound th'already wounded breast? Ah me! my life is but a pain at best: I am but dying dust: my day's a span; What pleasure tak'st thou in the blood of man? Spare, spare thy scourge, and be not so austere; Send fewer stroaks, or lend more strength to bear,

S. BERN. Hom. 81. in Cant.

Miserable man! Who shall deliver me from the reproach of this shameful boudage? I am a miserable man but a free man; free, because a man; miserable, because a servant: In regard of my bondage, miserable, in regard of my will, inexcusable: For my will, that was free, bestaved it self to fin, by asenting to sin; for be that committeeth sin, is the servant to sin.



EPIG. 4.

Tax not thy God: Thine own defaults did urge
This two-fold punishment; the mill, the scourge.
Thy sin's the author of thy self-tormenting:
Thou grind'st for sinning; scourg'd for not repenting.

K 4

V.



Remember I befeech thee that those half made me as the Clay Will those wing me with dust againe leb 10:3

V.

JOB 10.9:

Remember I beseech thee, that thou hast made me as the clay, and wilt thou bring me to dust again?

Hus from the bosom of the new made earth Poor man was delv'd, and had his unborn birth; The same the stuff, the self same hand doth trim The plant that fades, the beast that dies, and him: One was their fire, one was their common mother, Plants are his fisters, and the beast his brother, The elder too; beafts draw the felf-same breath, Wax old alike, and die the felf-same death: Plants grow as he, with fairer robes arrai'd; Alike they flourish, and alike they fade: The beaft in sense exceeds him, and in growth, The three-ag'd Oak doth thrice exceed them both: Why look it thou then so big, thou little span Of earth? what art thou more in being man? I, but thy great Creator did inspire My chosen earth, with thy diviner fire Of reason gave me judgment and a will: That, to know good; this, to choose good from ill: He puts the reigns of pow'r in my free hand, And jurisdiction over Sea and Land, He gave me art to lengthen out my span Of life, and made me all, in being man: I. but thy passion has committed treason Against the sacred person of thy reason: Thy judgment is corrupt, perverse thy will; That knows no good, and this makes choice of ill:

The greater height sends down the deeper fall ; And good declin'd turns bad, turns worst of all. Say then, proud inch of living earth, what can Thy greatness claim the more in being man? O but my foul transcends the pitch of nature, Born up by th' Image of her high Creator; Out braves the life of reason, and beats down Her waxen wings, kicks off her brazen crown, My heart's a living Temple t'entertain The King of Glory, and his glorirus train; How can I mend my title then? where can Ambition find a higher file than man? Ah, but that Image is defac'd and soil'd; Her Temple's raz'd, her Altars all defil'd; Her Vessels are polluted and distain'd With cloathed luft, her ornaments prophan'd; Her oyl-forsaken lamps, and hallow'd tapours Put out; her incense breaths unsav'ry vapours: Why swell'it thou then so big, thou little span Of earth? what art thou more in being man? Eternal Potter, whose bleft hands did lav My course foundation from a sod of clay, Thou know'ft my flender veffel's apt to leak; Thou know'st my brittle temper's prone to break; Are my bones brazil, or my flesh of oak! O, mend what thou hast made, what I have broke : Look, look with gentle eyes, and in thy day Of vengeance, Lord, remember I am clay.

S. AUGUST. Solilog. 32.

Shall lask, who made me? It was thou that madest me, without whom nothing was made: Thou art my maker, and I thy work. I thank thee, my Lord God, by whom I live, and by whom all things subssit, because thou madest me: I thank thee, O my Potter, because thy hands have made me, because thy hands have formed me:



EPIG. 5.

Why sweh'st thou, man, pust up with same and purse? Th'art better earth, but born to dig the worse: Thou cam'st from earth, to earth thou must return, And art but earth cast from the womb to th'arn.

VI.



What shall I do unto thee o thow preserver of men why hast thou set the as a marke against thee Iob 7.20

VI.

JOB. 7. 20.

I have sinned: What shall I do unto thee, O thou preserver of Men? Why dost thou set me as a mark against thee?

Ord, I have done; and Lord, I have missione;

'I's folly to contest, to firive with one That is too firong; 'tis folly to affail Or prove an arm, that will, that must prevail. I've done, I've done; these trembling hands have thrown Their daring weapons down: The day's thine own: Forbear to frike where thou haft won the field. The palm, the palm is thine: I vield, I vield. These treach'rous hands that were so vainly bold To try a thriveless combat, and to held Self-wounding weapons up, are now extended For mercy from thy hand; that knee that bended Upon her guardless guard doth now repent Upon his naked floor; See both are bent, And fue for pity: O my ragged wound Is deep and desp'rate, it is drench'd and drown'd In blood and briny tears: It doth begin To flink without, and putrific within. Let that victorious hand that now appears Just in my blood, prove gracious to my tears : Thou great preserver of presumptuous man, What shall I do? what satisfaction can Poor dust and ashes make? O if that blood That yet remains unshed, were half as good As blood of oxen; if my death might be An offering to attone my God and me,

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I would disdain injurious life, and fland A fuiter to be wounded from thy hand. But may thy wrongs be meafur'd by the span Of life? or balanc'd with the blood of man? No, no, eternal fin expects for guerdon, Eternal penance, or eternal pardon: Lay down thy weapons, turn thy wrath away, And pardon him that hath no price to pay; Enlarge that foul, which base presumption binds; Thy justice cannot loose what mercy finds: O thou that wilt not bruife the broken reed, Rub not my fores, nor prick the wounds that bleed. Lord, if the peevish infant fights and flies, With unpar'd weapons, at his mothers eyes. Her frowns (half mix'd with smiles) may chance to shew An angry love-trick on his arm, or fo; Where if the Babe but make a lip and cry, Her heart begins to melt, and by and by She coaks his dewy cheeks; her babe she blisses, And choaks her language with a thousand kiffes; I am that child; Lo, here I proftrate lye, Pleading for mercy; I repent and cry For gracious pardon: let thy gentle ears Hear that in words, what mothers judge in tears : See not my frailties, Lord, but through my fear, And look on ev'ry trespass through a tear: Then calm thy anger, and appear more mild; Remember, th'art a Father, I a child.

S. BERN. Ser. 21. in Cant.

Miserable man! Who shall deliver me from the reproach of this shameful bondage? I am a miserable man, but a free man: Free, because like to God; miserable, because agzinst God: O keeper of mankind, why baft thou fet me as a mark against thee? Thou bast fet me, because thou bast not hindred me : It is just that thy enemy should be my enemy, and that be who repugnerb thee, should repugn me : I who am against thee, am against my felf.



E P I G. 6.

But form'd, and fight ? But born, and then rebel ? How small a blaft will make a bubble swell? But dare the floor affront the hand that laid it? So apt is duk to fly in's face that made it.

VII.



Wherefore hidest thou thy face, or holdest mee for thing Enemy lob 13.2.

VII.

JOB 13. 24.

Wherefore hidest thou my face, and holdest me for thine enemy?

Why dost thou shade thy lovely face? O why
Does that eclipsing hand so long, deny
The Sun-shine of my soul-enliving eye?

Without that Light, what light remains in me? Thou art my Life, my Way, my Light, in Thee I live, I move, and by thy beams I fee:

Thou art my Life, If thou but turn away,
My life's a thouland deaths: Thou art my Way;
Without thee, Lord, I travel not, but firay.

My Light thou art; without thy glorious fight, Mine eyes are darkned with perpetual night.
My God, thou art my Way, my Life, my Light.

Thou art my Way; I wander, if thou flie: Thou art my Light; if hid how blind am I? Thou art my Life; if thou withdraw, I die.

Mine eyes are blind and dark; I cannot see; To whom or whither should my darkness slee; But to the Light? And who's that Light but Thee?

My path is loft; my wandring fleps do flray; I cannot fafely go, nor fafely flay; Whom should I seek, but Thee, my Path, my Way? O, I am dead: To whom shall I, poor I, Repair? To whom shall my sad ashes sly But Life? And where is Life but in thy eye?

And yet thou turn's away thy face, and flieft me; And yet I fue for grace, and thou deny's me; Speak art thou angry, Lord, or only try's me?

Unskreen those heav'nly lamps, or tell me why Thou shad'st thy face? perhaps thou think'st no eye Can view those slames and not drop down and die.

If that he all, shine forth and draw thee nigher; Let me behold and die, for my desire Is Phanix like to perish in that fire.

Death conquei'd Laz'rm was redeem'd by thee; day and if I am dead, Lord, fet deaths prisoner free; and its contains I worle than he?

If my puft life be out, give leave to tine My shameless shuff at that bright Lamp of thine; a control of what's thy Light, the less for lightning mine? Its broad of the shame of the shame

If I have lost my Path, Great Shepherd, say, of the Shall I still wander in a doubtful way?

Lord, shall a Lamb of Isrels sheep-fold firay?

The dead man's Life; on thee my hopes rely; and the life thou remove; I err; I grope; I die.

Disclose thy Sun beams; close thy wings, and stay; and see, see how I am blind, and dead, and stray, and sold of thou shat art my Light, my Life, my Way.

ំបំរំភា ខ្លាប់ នៅកំណា ក្រុម ប្រជាជា

S. AUGUST. Solileg. cap. 1.

Why dost thou hide thy face? Happily thou wilt say, none can see thy face and live: Ab Lord, let me die, that I may see thee, let me see thee that I may die? I would not live, but die; that I may see Chris, I desire death; that I may live with Christ, I despise life.

ANSELM. Med. cap. 5.

O excellent biding, which is become my perfection! My God thou hidest thy treasure, to kindle my desire: Thou hidest thy pearl, to instance the seeker; thou delay is to give, that thou maist teach me to importune; seem's not to hear, to make me presevere.



If heavins all quickning Eyes vouchsafe to shine Upon our souls, we slight; if not, we whine; Our Equinodial hearts can never lie Secure, beneath the Tropicks of that eye;

VIII.



O that my Head were waters, and mine eyes a fountaine of tearer

VIII.

JER. 9. 1.

O that my head were waters, and mine eyes a fountain of tears, that I may weep day and night.

That mine eyes were springs, and could transform Their drops to feas? My fighs into a ftorm Of Zeal, and facred violence, wherein This lab'ring vessel laden with her sin. Might suffer sudden shipwrack, and be spilt Upon that Rock, where my drench'd foul may fit Orewhelm'd with plenteous passion; O and there Drop, Drop, into an everlafting tear! Ah me! That ev'ry fliding vein that wanders Through this vast Isle, did work her wild Meanders In brackish tears instead of blood, and swell This fiesh with holy Dropsies, from whose Well, Made warm with fighs, may fume my wasting breath Whilft I dissolve in ftreams, and reek to death ! These narrow fluces of my dribling eyes Are much too ftreight for those quick springs that rise And hourly fill my Temples to the top; I cannot shed for ev'ry fin a drop; Great builder of mankind, why haft thou fent, Such swelling floods, and made so small a vent? O that this flesh had been compos'd of snow, Inflead of earth; and bones of ice, that fo,

Feeling the fervor of my fin; and loathing The fire I feel, I might be thaw'd to nothing! O thou that didft, with hopeful joy, entomb Me thrice three Moons in thy laborious womb, And then with joyful pain, brought'ft forth a Son, What worth thy labour has thy labour done? What was there? Ah! What was there in my birth That could deserve the easiest smile of mirth? A man was born: Alas, and what's a man? A scrittle full of dust, a measur'd spant ... Of flitting time; a furnish'd Pack, whose wares 'Are suffen griefs, and soul tormenting Cares: A vale of tears, a vessel tunn'd with breath, By fickness broacht, to be drawn out by death : A hapless helpiess thing; that, born does cry To feed that feeds to live, that lives to die. Great God and Man, whose eye, spent drops so often For me that cannot weep enough ; O foften These marble brains, and firike this flinty rock; Or, if the musick of thy Peters Cock Will more prevail, fill, fill my hearkning ears With that fweet found, that I may melt in tears! I cannot weep until thou broach mine eye; Or give me vent, or else I burst, and die.

S. AMBR OS in Pfal. 118.

He that commiss fins to be wept for, cannot weep for fins committed: And being himself most lamentable bath no tears to lament bu offences.

NAZIANZ. Orat. 3.

Tears are the deluge of fin, and the worlds facrifice.

S. HIERO N. in Esaiam.

Prayer appeases God, but a tear compels bim: That moves bim, but this constrains bim.



EPIG. 8.

Earth is an Island ported round with Fears; Thy way to Heav'n is through the Sea of tears. It is a stormy passage, where is found The wrack of many a ship, but no man drown'd.

L 4

IX.



The forrower of hell bane encompassed me the snares of death have overtaken me plant

IX.

PSALM 18. 5.

The forrows of hell compassed me about, and the snares of death prevented me.

Is not this Type well cut? In ev'ry part
Full of rich cunning? Fil'd with Zeuxian Art? Are not the Hunters, and their Stygian Hounds Limm'd full to th' tife? Didit ever hear the founds The mufick, and the lip divideth breaths Of the ftrong winded Horn, Recheats, and deaths, Done more exact? Th' infernal Nimrods hollow? The lawless purliews? And the Game they follow? The hidden Engines, and the snares that lie So undikover'd, so obscure to th' eye? The new-drawn net, and her intangled Prey? And him that closes it? Beholder, fay, Is't not well done? seems not an em'lous firise Betwixt the rare cut picture and the life? These purliew men are Devils? and the hounds, (Those quick nos'd Canibals, that scour the grounds)
Temptations and the Game, the Fiends pursue; Are human fouls, which still they have in view ; Whose fury if they chance to scape, by flying The skilful Hunter plants his net cloose lying On th'unsuspected earth, baited with treasure, Ambitious honour, and felf wasting pleasure: Where, if the foul but floop, death flands prepar'd To draw the net, and drown, the foul's enfuar'd.

Poor foul! how art thou hurried too and fro? Where canst thou safely stay? where safely go? If ftay; these hot mouth'd Hounds are apt to tear thee. If go: the snares enclose, the nets ensnare thee: What good in this bad world has pow'r t'invite thee A willing Guelt? wherein can earth delight thee? Here pleasures aré but itch : Her wealth, but Cares : A world of Dangers, and a world of fnares: The close pursuers busie hands do plant Snares in thy fubstance; Snares attend thy want; Snares in thy credit; Snares in thy difgrace; Snares in thy high estate; Snares in thy base; Snares tuck thy bed; and Snares furround thy boord; Snares watch thy thoughts; and Snares attach thy word; Snares in thy quiet; Snares in thy commotion; Snares in thy diet; Snares in thy devotion; Snares lurk in thy refolves, Snares in thy doubt, Snares lie within thy heart, and Snares without, Snares are above thy head, and Snares beneath, Snares in thy fickness, Snares are in thy death: O, if these purliews be so full of danger, Great God of hearts, the worlds fole for raign Ranger, Preserve thy Deer, and let my soul be blest and In thy fafe Forrest, where I seek for rest: Then let the Hell-hounds roar, I fear no ill, Rouze me they may, but have no pow'r to kill.

S. AMBROS. lib. 4. in cap. 4. in Lucæ,

The reward of konours, the keight of power, the delicacy of diet, and the beauty of an harlot are the snares of the Devil.

S. AMBROS. de bono mortis.

Whilst thou seekest pleasures, thou runnest into snares, for the eye of the harlor, is the snare of the Adulterer.

SAVANAR.

In eating before before us gluttony; in generation luxury; in labour, fluggifinels: in converfing, envy: in governing, covercufnels; in correcting, anger: in bonour, pride: in the keart, be for evil thoughts: in the mouth, evil words: in adions, evil works: when aware, he moves us to evil actions: when afleep, to filthy freams.



EPIG. 6.

Be fad, my Heart, Deep dangers wait thy mirth: Thy foul, way-laid by Sea, by Hell, by Earth: Hell has her hounds: Earth, snares: the Sea a shelf; But most of all, my heart, beware thy self. X.



Enter not into judgment with thy servant for no man living shall be mostified in thy sight

X.

PSALM 143. 2.

Enter not into judgment with thy servant, for in thy sight shall no man living be justified.

Fefus.

Juftice.

Sinner.

Fes. Ring forth the pris ner, Justice. Fu. Thy commands
Are done, just Judge: See here the pris ner stands.
Fes. What has the pris ner done? Say; what's the cause
Of his commitment? Fust. He hath broken the laws
Of his too gracious God; conspir'd the death
Of that great Majesty that gave him breath.

And heaps transgression, Lord, upon transgression.

Fes. How know it thou this? Fu. Ev'n by his own confes-

His fins are crying: and they cry'd aloud! (fion: They cry'd to heav'n, they cry'd to heav'n for blood.

Fef. What fay'ft thou finner? haft thou ought to plead, That sentence, should not pass? hold up thy head,

And shew thy brazen, thy rebellious face.

Sin. Ah me! I dare not: I'm too vile and base To tread upon the earth, much more, to lift Mine eyes to heav'n; I need no other shrift Than mine own conscience; Lord, I must confess, I am no more than dust, and no whit less Than my indistment stiles me; Ah, if thou Search too severe, with too severe a brow, What shell can stand? I have transgress thy laws; My merits plead thy vengeance; not my cause:

Fuft:

fuft. Lord, shall I strike the blow? Fef. Hold, Justice, Sinner, speak on; what haft thou more to say?

Sin. Vile as I am, and of my felf abhorr'd, I am thy handy-work, thy creature, Lord, Stampt with thy glorious Image, and at first, Most like to thee, though now a poor accurst Convicted Caitiff, and degen rous creature, Here trembling at thy bar. Fuft. Thy fauit's the greater; Lord shall I firike the blow? Fef. Hold, Juffice flay, Speak finner; haft thou nothing more to fay?

Sin. Nothing but Mercy, Mercy; Lord my flate

Is milerably poor and desperate;

I quite renounce my felf, the world, and flee From Lord to Felus; from thy felf to thee.

Full. Ceale thy vain hopes; my angry God has vow'd; Abused mercy must have blood for blood: Shall I yet firike the blow & Jos. Stay, Juffice, hold; My bowels yearn, my fainting blood grows cold,

To view the trembling wretch? Methinks, I spie My father's Image in the pris'ners eye.

Fuft. I cannot hold. Fef. Then turn thy thirfly blade Into my fides: let there the wound be made : Chear up, dear foul; redeem thy life with mine: My foul shall smart; my heart shall bleed for thine.

Sin. O groundless deeps! O love beyond degree! Th' offended dies, to fet th' offender free.

on and the

S. AUGUST.

Lord, If I have done that, for which then mayest damn me; thou hast not lost that whereby thou mayest save me; Remember not, sweet Fesus, thy justice against the sinner, but the benignity towards the Creature: Remember not to proceed against a guilty soul, but remember the mercy towards a miserable wretch: forget the insclence of the provoker, and behold the misery of the savoker; for what is Fesus but a Savicur?

ANSESLM.

Have respect to what the Son bath done for me, and forget what my fins have done against thee: My st. sh hath provoked thee to vengeance; let the st. sh of Christ move thee to mercy: It is much that my rebelions have deserved; but it is more that my Redecizer hath mertied.

EPIG. 10.

Mercy of mercies! He that was my drudge Is now my Advocate, is now my judge: He fuffers, pleads, and fentences, alone: Three I adore, and yet adore but One. XI.



Let not the water flood overflow me neither let the deep swallow me up Ps 60-15

XI.

PSALM 69. 15.

Let not the water-floods overflow me, neither let the deeps (wallow me up.

The world's a Sea; my flesh a Ship that's mann'd With lab'ring Thoughts, and steer'd by Reasons hand: My Heart's the Sea-mans Card, whereby the fails; My loose Affections are the greater Sails: The top fail is my Fancie, and the Gufts That fill these wanton sheets, are worldly Lufts. Pray'r in the Cable, at whose end appears The Anchor Hope, nev'r flip'd but in our fears : My will's th' unconstant Pilot, that commands The flagg'ring Keel; my Sins are like the Sands: Repentance is the Bucket, and mine Eye The Pump, unus'd (but in extreams) and dry: My Conscience is the Plummet that doth press The deeps, but seldom cries, A fathom les: Smooth Calm's security; the Gulf, despair; My Fraught's Corruption, and this Life's my Fair: My Soul's the Paffenger, confus'dly driven From fear to fright; her landing Port is Heaven. My Seas are flormy, and my Ship doth leak; My Sailers rude; my Steers-man faint and weak : My Canvace torn, it flaps from fide to fide; My Cable's crackt, my Anchor's flightly ty'd; My Pilet's craz'd, my shipwrack-Sands are cloak'd ; Mg Bucket's broken, and my Pump is choak'd; My Calm's deceitful; and my Gulf too near; My Wares are flubber'd, and my Far's too dear : My Plummet's light, it cannot fink nor found; O shall my Rock-bethreatned Soul be drown'd;

Lord,

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Iord, fill the Seas, and shield my Ship from barm; Luftruct my Sailours, guide my Steersmens arm : Touch thou my Compais, and renew my Sails, Send fliffer courage or fend milder gales; Make strong my Cable; bind my Anchor faster; Direct my Pilot, and be thou his Master; Object the Sands to my more ferious view, Make found my Bucket, bore my Pump anew: New cast my Plummet, make it apt to try Where the Rocks lurk, and where the Quick fands lie; Guard thou the Gulf with love, my Calms with Care; Cleanse thou my fraught; accept my flender Fare? Refresh the Sea-fick passenger; cut short His Voyage; land him in his wished Port: Thou, Thou, whom winds and flormy feas obey, That through the deep gav'ft grumbling Isr'el way, Say to my foul, be fafe, and then mine eye Shall fcorn grim death, although grim death Rand by. O thou whose Arength-reviving Arm did cherish Thy finking Perer, at the point to perifh, Reach forth thy hand, or bid me tread the wave, I'le come, I'le come: The voice that calls will fave.

S. A M B R O S. Apol. post. pro David Cap. 3.

The confluence of lust makes a great tempest, which in the sea disturbeth the sea-faring soul, that reason cannot govern it

s. AUGUST. Soliloqu. cap. 35.

We labour in the boysterous sea: Thou standest upon the shor and seest our dangers: Give us grace to hold a middle cours betwixt Scylla and Charybdis, that both dangers escaped, was arrive at our Port secure.



EPIG. 11.

My foul, the seas are rough, and thou a firanger In these false coasts; O keep aloof; there's danger; Cast forth thy plummet; see a rock appears; Thy ship wagts sea-room; make it with thy tears.

M :

XII.



of that thou would'st protect me in the . grane and hideme until thy fury be paje tol. 14.

th ind, should a sunth in the fall course in Old in the fall by plotter and falls was a court

XII.

JOB 14. 13.

O that thou wouldst hide me in the grave, that thou wouldst keep me secret until thy wrath be past!

Whither shall I slie; what path untrod Shall I seek out to scape the slaming rod Of my offended, of my augry God?

Where shall I sojourn? What kind sea will hide My head from thunder? Where shall I abide, Until his slames be quench'd or laid aside?

What, if my feet should take their hasty slight, And seek protestion in the shades of night?
Alas, no shades can blind the God of Light.

What, if my foul should take the wings of day, And find some desart? If she springs away, The wings of vengeance clip as fast as they.

What, if some folid rock should entertain My frighted soul? Can solid rocks restrain. The stroke of Justice, and not cleave in twain?

Nor Sea, nor Shade, nor Shield, nor Rock, nor Cave, Nor filent Desarts, nor the sullen Grave, What slame-ey'd fury means to smite, can save.

The Seas will part, Graves open, Rocks will split; The Shield will cleave; the trighted Shadows slit; Where Justice aims, her siery darts must hit.

No

No, no, if stern-brow'd vengeance means to thunder, There is no place above, beneath, nor under, So close, but witll unlock, or rive in sunder.

'Tis vain to flee; 'tis neither here nor there Can scape that hand, until that hand forbear; Ah me! Where is he not, that's every where?

'Tis vanity to flee; till gentle mercy shew
Her better eye, the farther off we go,
The swing of Justice deals the mightier blow.

Th' ingenuous child, corrected, doth not flie. His angry mother's hand, but clings more nigh, And quenches with his tears her flaming eye.

Shadows are faithless, and the rocks are falle; No trust in brass, no trust in marble walls; Poor cots are even as safe as Princes halls.

Great God, there is no fafety here below; Thou art my Fortress, though thou seem'st my foe, 'Tis thou that firsk'st the stroke must guard the blow.

Thou art my God; by thee I fall or fland; Thy grace hath giv'n me courage to withfland All tortures, but my conscience and thy hand.

I know thy Juffice is thy felf; I know, Juff God, thy very felf is Mercy too; If not to thee, where? Wither should I go?

Then work thy will? If passion bid me flee, My reason shall obey; my wings shall be attracted out no farther then from thee to thee.

S. AUGUST. in Pfal. 33.

Whisher file 1? To what place can I safely file? To what mountain? To what den? To what strong house? What Castle shall I hold? What walls shall hold me? Whithersoever I go, my self followeth me: For whatsoever thou sliest, O man, thou maist, but thy own conscience: Wheresoever O Lord I go, I find thee, if angry, a Revengor; if appeased, a Redeemer: What way have I, but to slie from thee to thee: That thou maist avoid thy God, address thee to thy Lord.

EPIG. 12.

Hath vengeance found thee? Can thy fears command No rocks to shield thee from her thund'ring hand? Know'st thou not where to scape? I'll tell thee where; My soul make clean thy conscience; hide thee there.

XIII



Are not my dayes few Cease then, and let me alone that I may bewayle me a hal. Let

XIII.

J O B 10. 20.

Are not my days few? Cease then, and let me alone, that I may bewail my self a little.

Y Glass is half unspent; Forbear t'arrest My thristless day too soon; my poor request Is that my glass may run but out the rest.

My time-devoured minutes will be done
Without thy help; fee, fee how fwift they run:
Cut not my thred before my thred be fpun.

The gain's not great I purchale by this flay; What loss suffain'st thou by so small delay, To whom ten thousand years are but a day?

My following eye can hardly make a fhift To count my winged hours; they fly fo swift, They scarce deserve the bounteous name of gift.

The fecret wheels of hurrying Time do give So short a warning, and so fast they drive, That I am dead before I feem to live.

And what's a Life? a weary Pilgrimage, Whole glory in one day doth fill the flage With Child-hood, Man-hood, and decrepit Age.

And what's a Life? the flourishing array
Of the proud Summer meadow, which to day
Wears her green plush, and is to morrow hay.

And what's a Life? A blaft fustein'd with cloathing, Maintain'd with food, retain'd with vile self-loathing, Then weary of it self, again'd to nothing.

Read

Book 3.

Read on this dial, how the shades devour My fhort-liv'd winters day; hour eats up hour; Alas, the total's but from eight to four.

Behold these Lillies (which thy hands have made Fair copies of my life, and open laid To view) how foon they droop, how foon they fade!

Shade not that dial, night will blind too foon; My non-ag'd day already points to noon; How fimple is my fuit! how fmall my boon!

Nor do I beg this slender inch, to while The time away, or fafely to beguile.

My thoughts with joy; her's nothing worth a smile.

No, no: 'cis not to please my wanton ears ... With frantick mirth, I beg but hours, not years; And what thou giv'ft me, I will give to tears.

Draw not that foul which would be rather led! That Seed has yet not broke my serpents head; O shall I die before my fins are dead?

Behold these raggs; am I a fitting gueff To taft the dainties of thy royal feaft, With hands and face unwash'd, ungirt, unblest?

First, let the Jordan streams (that find supplies From the deep fountain of my heart) arise, And cleanse my spots, and clear my leprouseyes.

I have a world of fins to be lamented; I have a sea of tears that must be vented : O spare till then; and then I die contented.

S. AUGUST. lib. de Civit. Dei, Cap. 10.

The time wherein we live, is taken from the space of our life; and what remaineth, is daily made less and less, insomuch that the time of our life is nothing but a passage to death.

S. GREG. lib. 9. cap. 44. 10. Job.

As moderate afflictions bring tears, so immoderate take away tears; insomuch that sorrow becomes to no sorrow, which swallowing up the mind of the afflicted, taketh away the sense of the affliction.

E P I G. 13.

Fear'st thou to go, when such an Arm invites thee? Dread'st thou thy loads of sin? or what affrights thee? If thou begin to fear, thy fear begins: Fool, can be bear thee hence, and not thy sins?

XIV.



Oh that they were wife then they would underfland this; They would confider their latter end Deuteron. 32 180

XIV.

DEUT. 32. 29.

O that men were wife, and that they underflood this, that they would consider their latter end.

Flefb.

Spirit.

Fi. W Hat means my fifters eye so oft to pass
Through the long entry of that Optick glass?
Tellme; what secret virtue doth invite
Thy wrinkled eye to such unknown delight?
The locate sinks makes things remote appears

Sp. It helps the fight, makes things remote appear.

In perfect view; It draws the objects near.

El. What sense delighting objects dost thou spie?
What doth that Glass present before thing eye?

Sp. I fee thy foe, my reconciled friend,
Grim Death, even franding at the Glasses end:
His left hand holds a branch of Palm; his right
Holds forth a two-edg'd sword. Fl. A proper fight!
And is this all? Doth thy Prospective please.
Th' abused fancie with no shapes but these?

Sp. Yes, I behold the dark'ned Sun bereav'n
Of all his light, the battlements of Heav'n
Swelt'ring in flames; the Angel-guarded Son
Of glory on his high Tribunal-Throne;
I fee a Brimftone Sea of boyling fire.
And Fiends, with knotted whips of flaming wire,
Tort'ring poor fouls, thar knash their teeth in vain,
And gnaw their flame-tormented tongues for pain.
Look, sister, how the queazy-stomack'd Graves
Vomit their dead, and how the purple waves

Scall'd their confumeless bodies, ftrongly cursing All wombs for bearing, and all paps for nursing.

Fl. Can thy diffemper'd fancy take delight

In view of tortures? these are shows t'affright:

Look in this glass triangular; look here,

Here's that will ravish eyes. Sp. What seeft thou there?

Fl. The world in colours, colours that diffain
The cheeks of Prosess, or the filken train
Of Flora's Nymphs; such various forts of hiew,
As Sun-confronting Iris never knew:
Here, if thou please to beautifie a town,
Thou maist; or with a hand, turn't upside down;
Here maist thou scant or widen by the measure
Of thine own will; make short or long at pleasure:
Here maist thou tire thy fancy, and advise

With shows more apt to please more curious eyes.

**Jp. Ah fool! that dot'st on vain, on present toys,

And disrespect'st those true; those suture joys!

How strougly are thy thoughts befool'd, alas,

To dote on goods that perish with thy glas!

Nay, vanish with the turning of a hand!

Were they but painted colours, it might stand

With painted reason that they might devote thee;

But things that have no being tobesot thee?

Foresight of suture torments is the way

To baulk those ills which present joys bewray.

As thou hast sool'd thy self, so now come hither,

Break that fond glas, and let's be wise together.

S. BONAVENT. de contemptu feculi.

O that men would be wife, understand, and foresee. Be wise, to know three things: The multitude of those that are to be damned: the sew number of those that are to be saved; and the vanity of transitory things: Understand three things, the multitude of sins, the omission of good things, and the loss of time; Foresee three things, the danger of death, the last judgment, and eternal punishment.



EPIG. 14.

What, Soul, no further yet? what nev'r commence Mafter in Faith? Still batchelour of Sense? Is't insufficiency? Or what has made thee Oreslip thy lost degree? thy lusts have staid thee.

XV.



My life is spent with greif and.

XV.

PSALM. 30. 10.

My life is Spent with grief, and my years with fighing.

THat fullen Star rul'd my untimely birth, That would not lend my days one hour of Mirth? How oft have these bare knees been beat to gain The flender alms of one poor fmile, in vain? How ofcen, tir'd with the faftidious light, Have my faint lips:implor'd the shades of night? How often have my nightly torments pray'd For lingring twilight, glutted with the fliade? Day worse then night, night worse then day appears, In fears I spend my nights, my days in tears: I moan unpitt'd, groan without relief, There is no end nor measure of my grief. The (miling flow'r falutes the day; it grows Untouch'd with care ; it neither spins nor sows ? O that my tedious life were like this flow'r. Or freed from grief, or finish'd with an hour : Why was I born? Why was I born a man? And why proportion'd by so large a span? Or why suspended by the common lot, And being born to die, why die I not? Ah me! Why is my forrow-wafted breath Deni'd the easie priviledge of death? The branded flave that tugs the weary oare, Obtains the Sabbath of a welcome shore? His ransom'd ftripes are heal'd, his native soil Sweetens the mem'ry of his forreign toil;

But

But ah! my forrows are not half so bleft; My labour finds no point, my pains no reft : I barter fighs for tears, and tears for groans, Still vainly rolling Sify phean frones: Thou just observer, of our flying hours; That, with thy Adamantine fangs, devours The brazen monuments of renown'd Kings. Doth thy glass fland? Or by thy moulting wings Unapt to flie? If not, why doft thou spare A willing breaft; a breaft that flands fo fair ? A dying breaft, that hath but only breath To beg a wound, and ftrength to crave a death? O that the pleased Heav'ns would once dissolve These fleshly fetters, that so fast involve My hamp'red foul; then would my foul be bleft have i From all these ills, and wrap her thoughts in reft: Till then, my days are months, my months are years; My years are ages to be spent in tears: My griet's entailed upon my waftful breath, Which no recov'ry can cut off, but death, Breath drawn in cottages, puft out in thorns. Begins, continues, and concludes in groans.

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INNOCENT. de vilitate condit. humanæ.

O who will give mine eyes a fountain of tears, that I may bewail my miserable ingress of mans condition; the sinful progress of mans conversation, the damnable egress in mans disolution? I will consider with tears, whereof man was made, what man doth, and what man is to do: Alas, he is formed of earth, conceived in sin, born to punishment: He doth evil things which are not lawful; he doth silthy things, which are not decent; He doth vain things, which are not expedient.



EPI G. 15.

My heart, Thy life's a debt by Bond, which bears A fecret date; the use is Groans and Tears: Plead not; usurious Nature will have all, As well the Int'rest as the Principal.

N 2

T.



My Soule hath coveted to desire thy judgments . psal 119 100

THE

FOURTH BOOK.

ROM. 7: 23.

I see another Law in my members warring against the Law of my mind, and bringing me into captivity to the Law of sin.

How my will is hurried too and fro,
And how my unresolv'd resolves do vary!

I know not where to fix, sometimes I go
This way, then that, and then the quite contrary:
I like, d slike; lament for what I could not;
I do, undo; yet fill do what I would not.

And at the self same instant will the thing I would not.

.

Thus are my weather beaten thoughts oppress
With th' earth-bred winds of my prodigious will;
Thus am I hourly tost from East to West
Upon the rowling streams of good and ill:
Thus am I driven upon these slipy'ry suds
From real ills to sale apparent goods:
My life's a troubled sea, compos'd of ebs and floods.

3

The curious Penman, having trimm'd his page
With the dead language of his dabled quill,
Lets fall a heedless drop, then in a rage
Cashiers the fruits of his unlucky skill;
Ev'n so my pregnant soul in th' Infant bud
Of her best thoughts shorws down a cole black flood
Of unadvised ills, and cancels all her good.

N 3

1

Sometimes a sudden stall of sacred heat.

Warms my chill soul, and sets my thoughts in frame;
But soen that fire is shouldred from her teat
By sufful Cupia's much inferiour stame.

I feel two stames, and yet no stame entire;
Thus are the mungrel thoughts of mixt desire.

Confum'd between that heav'nly and this earthly fire.

<

Sometimes my trash disclaining thoughts out pass.
The common period of terrene conceit;
O then, methinks I scorn the thing I was,
Whilst I stand ravished at my new estate:
But when the Icarian wings of my defire
Feel but the warmth of their own native fire,
O then they melt and plunge within their wonted mire.

6

I know the nature of my wav'ring mind;

I know the frailty of my fleshly will:

My Passion's Eagle ey'd; my judgment blind;

I know what's good, but yet make choice of ill.

When th'Ostrich wings of my desires shall be

So dull, they cannot mount the least degree,

Yet grant my soul desire but of desiring thee

S. BERN. Med. 9.

My beart is a vain beart, a vagabond and instable beart; while it is led by its own judgment, and wanting Divine counfel cannot subsist in it self; and whilst it divers wass seeketh
rest. finderh none, but remaineth miserable through labour, and
void of peace; it agreeth not with it self; it disenteth from
it self; it altereth resolutions, changeth the judgment, frameth
new thoughts, pulleth down the old, and buildeth them up again: It willeth and willeth not; and never remaineth in the
same state.

S. AUGUST. de verb. Apoft.

When it would, it cannot; because when it might, it would not: Therefore by an evil will man lost his good power.



EPIG. I.

My foul, how are thy thoughts diffurb'J, confin'd, Enlarg'd betwixt thy members and thy mind! Fix here or there; thy doubt depending cause Can ne'r expect one verdict 'twixt two Laws. יבל פהו לכן

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Oh that my wayes were directed to keeps thy statutes. psalings

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II.

PSALM 119. 5.

O that my ways were directed to keep thy
Statutes !

it services in the contraction in

Hus I, the object of the worlds distain, and with Pilgrim pace surround the weary earth?

I only relish what the world counts vain;

Her mirth, my grief, her fullen grief, my mirth.

Her mirth's my grief, her fullen grief my mirth;
Her light my darkness; and her truth my errour;
Her freedom is my jail; and her delight my terrour.

15 (1831 p. 5.) 15 (1831 p. 5.) 17 (1831 p. 5.)

Fond earth! proportion not my feeming love 197
To my long fray; let not thy thoughts deceive thee;
Thou art my prifon and my home's above;

My life's a preparation but to leave thee: Like one that feeks a door, I walk about thee:

With thee I cannot live; I cannot live without thee.

2

The world's a lab'rinth, whose anfractuous ways
Are all compos'd of rubs and crook'd Meanders;
No refting here; He's hurried back that flays
A thought; and he that goes unguided wanders:

Her way is dark, her path untrod, unev'n; So hard's the way from earth; so hard's the way to Heaven.

angil lugaini pi4th di brodika San D

This gyring lab rinth is betrench'd about On either hand with fireams of fulph rous fire,

Streams closely fliding, erring in and out, and over

But seeming pleasant to the fond descier; Where if his footsteps trust their own invention, He falls without redress, and finks without dimension.

Vhere

Turk ile of

5

Where shall I seek a Guide? where shall I meet
Some lucky hand to lead my trembling paces?
What truty Lanthorn will direct my feet
To scape the danger of these dangrous places?
What hopes have I to pass without a Guide;
Where one gets safely through, a thousand fall beside.

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An unrequefted Star did gently slide

Before the Wise men to a greater Light;

Back sliding Ist'el found a double Guide;

A Pillar, and a Cloud; by Day, by Night:

Yet in my desp'rate dangers which be far.

More greater than theirs, I have no Pillar, Cloud, nor Star.

7

O that the pinions of a clipping Dove
Would cut my passage through the empty Air;
Mine eyes being seal'd, how would I mount above
The reach of danger and forgotten care!
My backward eyes should ne'r commit that fault,
Whose lasting guil: should build a monument of Sale.

8

Great God that art the flowing Spring of Light,
Enrich mine eyes with thy refulgent Ray:
Thou art my Path; direct my fleps aright;
I have no other Light, no other Way:

I'll trust my God, and him alone pursue; His Law shall be my Path; his Heavenly Light my Clue.

S. AUGUST. Soliloqu. cap. 4.

O Lord; who art the Light, the Way, the Truth, the Life; in whom there is no darknes, errour, vanity nor death; the Light, without which there is darkness; the Way, without which there is darkness; the Way, without which there is errour; the life, without which there is death: Say, Lord, let there be light, and I shall see Light, and eschew darkness; I shall see the way, and avoid wandring; I shall see the truth, and shun error; I shall see Life, and escape Death: Illuminate, O illuminate my blind Soul, which street in darkness, and the shadow of death; and direct my feet in the way of peace.



Pilgrim trudge on: what makes thy foul complaint Crowns thy complaint. The way to reft is pain: The road to resolution lies by doubt: The next way home's the farthest way about.

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S. A GULLUS II. S. III.



Stay my stepps in thy Pathes that

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III.

PSALM 17.5.

Stay my steps in thy paths, that my feet do not slide.

I

Hen e're the old Exchange of profit rings
Her filver Saints bell of uncertain gains,
My Merchant-foul can firetch both legs and wings,
How I can run, and take unwearied pains!
The charms of profit are fo firong, that I
Who wanted legs to go find wings to flie.

2

If time-beguiting Pleasure but advance
Her lustful trump, and blow her bold alarms,
O how my sportful soul can frisk and dance,
And hug that Syren in her twined arms!
The sprightly voice of sinew-strengthning pleasure
Can lend my bed rid soul both legs and leisure.

3

If blazing honour chance to fill my veins
With flat ring warmth, and flash of Courtly fire,
My soul can take a pleasure in her pains:
My losty firutting steps distain to tire;
My antick knees can turn upon the hinges
Of Complement, and scrue a thousand cringes.

4

But when I come to Thee, my God that art
The royal Mine of everlasting treasure,
The real honour of my better part,
And living fountain of eternal pleasure,
How nerveless are my limbs! how faint and slow!

Libaye no wings to slie nor legs to go.

5

So when the freams of swift foot Rhene convey
Her upland riches to the Belgick shore,
The idle vessel slides the wat'ry lay,
Without the blast or tug, of wind, or oar;
Her slipp'ry keel divides the silver soame
With ease: So facile is the way from home.

6

But when the home bound vessel turns her sails
Against the breast of the resisting stream,
O then she slugs; nor sail, nor oar prevails;
The stream is sturdy, and her Tide's extream
Each stroke is loss, and every tug is vain:
A Boat-lengths purchase is a league of pain.

7

Great all in all that art my rest, my home;
My way is tedious, and my steps are slow:
Reach forth thy helpful hand, or bid me come;
I am thy child, O teach thy child to go:
Conjoyn thy sweet commands to my desire,
And I will venture, though I fall or tire.

S. AUGUST. Ser. 15. de Verb. Apost.

Be always displeased at what thou are, if thou desirest to attain to what thou are not: For where thou hast pleased thy self, there thou abidest. But if thou sayest, I have enough thou perishest: Always add, always walk, always proceed; neither standstill, nor go back, nor deviate: He that standeth still proceedetheot; He goeth back, that continueth not; He deviateth, that revolveth; He goeth better that creepeth in his way, then be that tunneth out of his way.

E P I G. 3:

Fear not, my Soul, to lose for want of conning; Weep not; Heav'n is not always got by running: Thy thoughts are swift, although thy legs be flow; True love will creep, not having strength to go. . VI to be a spect of



My flesh trembleth for feare of thee of and afraide of the Indoments Pr. 119 100

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PSAL. 119. 120.

My flesh trembleth for fear of thee, and I am afraid of thy judgements.

Et others boaft of luck, and go their ways
With their fair game know vengeance seldom plays To be too forward, but doth wifely frame Her backwark Tables for an after-game : She gives thee leave to venture many a blot; And, for her own advantage, hits thee not; But when her pointed Tables are made fair, That she be ready for thee, then beware; Then, if a necessary blot be set, She hits thee; wins the Game; perchance the let: If prosp'rous chances make thy cafting high, Be wifely temp'rate; caft a ferious eye On after-dangers, and keep back thy game; Too forward feed times make thy harvest lame; If left-hand Fortune give thee left-hand chances, Be wifely patient; let not envious glances Repine to view thy gamefters heap so fair ; The hindmost hound takes oft the doubling Hare. The Worlds great Dice are falle; fometimes they go Extreamly high, sometimes extreamly low : Of all her gameftres he that plays the least, Lives most at eate, plays most secure and best : The way to win, is to play fair, and swear Thy felf a fervant to the Crown of fear:

Fear is the primmer of a Gamefters skill: Who fears not Bad flands most unarm'd to Iff: The Ill that's wisely fear'd, is half withflood; And fear of Bad is the best foyl to Good : True Fear's th' Elixar, which in days of old Turn'd Leaden Crosses into Crowns of Gold: The Worlds the Tables; Stakes, Eternal life; The Gamefters, Heav'n and I; Unequal ftrife! My Forrunes are my Dice, whereby I frame My indisposed Life: This Life's the Game; My fins are fev'ral Blots; the Lookers on Are Angels; and in death the Game is done: Lord, I'm a Bungler, and my Game doth grow Still more and more unshap'd; my Dice run low: The Stakes are great; my careles Blots are many; And yet thou paffest by, and hit'st not any:
Thou art too strong; and I have none to guide me: With the least jog; the lookers on deride me:
It is a Conquest undeserving Thee,
To win a Stake from such a Worm as me: I have no more to lose; If we persevere, 'Tis loft; and that once loft I'm loft for ever.' I man it lord, wink at faults, and be not too fevere, and said and I will play my Game with greater fear; on along I'm loft block height is then form for the said and the lock height is then form for the said and th Whose blot being hit, then fears, fears then too late, so

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S. BERN. Ser. 54. in Cant.

There is nothing so effectual to obtain Grace, to retain Grace, and to regain Grace, as always to be found before God not overwise, but to fear: Happy art thou if thy beart be replenished with three fears; a fear for received Grace, a greater fear for lost Grace, a greatest fear to recover Grace.

S. AUGUST. Super. Plat.

Present fear begetterb Eternal security: Fear God, which is above all, and no need to fear man at all.



EPIG. 4

Lord, shall we grumble when thy stames do scourge us? Our fins breath fire; that fire returns to purgs us, Lord, what an Alchymist art thou, whose skill Transmutes to presect Good from persect is?

0 2

V.



Turne away myne eves least they behold vanity pfal 118. 201

V.

PSALM. 119. 37.

Turn away mine eyes from regarding vanity.

1

HOW like the threds of flax
That touch the flame, are my inflam'd defires!
How like to yielding wax
My foul diffolve before these wanton fires!

The fire but touch'd, the flame but felt, Like flax, I burn; like wax, I melt.

2

O how this flesh doth draw

My fetter'd soul to that deceitful fire!

And how the eternal Law

Is bassled by the law of my defire!

How truly bad, how seeming good!

Are all the laws of flesh and blood!

3

O wretched flate of men,
The height of whose ambition is to borrow
What must be paid again
With griping int rest of the next days forrow!
How wild his thoughts! How apt to range!
How apt to vary! Apt to change!

4

How intricate and nice
Is mans perplexed way to mans defire!
Sometimes upon the ite
He slips, and sometimes falls into the fire;
His progress is extream and bold,
Or very hot, or very cold.

О 3

37

TO a streets of work

The common food he doth.

Suffain his foul-cormenting thoughts withal,

Is honey in his mouth

To night, and in his heart, to morrow gall;

Tis oftentimes, within an hour,

Both very fweet and very fowre.

If sweet Coriana smile, Sed : 200 and the local of A Heav'n of joy breaks down into his heart; and a Coriana frown a while? We shall be a feeling heart doth dwell

A seeming Heav'n, a very Hell.

Lad function to and the file of the file o

Link touch the flamed ere my inflam'd disher!

Thus worthless, vain, and void
Of comfort, are the fruits of earths employment,
Which 'ere they be enjoy'd
Distract us, and destroy us in th'enjoyment;
These be the pleasures that are priz'd,
When Heav'ss cheap pen'worth stands despis'd.

in the more than the second of the last of

Lord, quench these hasty flashes,
Which dart as lightning from the thund'ring skies,
And ev'ry minute dashes
Against the wanton windows of mine eyes:
Lord, close the casement, whilst I stand
Behind the curtain of thy hand.

s. AUGUST. Soliloqu. cap. 4.

O thou Sun that illuminates b both Heaven and Earth! Wo be unto those eyes which do not behold thee: Wo be unto those blind eyes which cannot behold thee: Wo be unto those which turn away their eyes that they will not behold thee! Wo be unto those that turn away their eyes that they may behold vanity.

S. CHRYS. Sup. Mat. 19.

What is the evil woman but the enemy of friendship, an unavoidable pain, a necessary mischief, a natural tentation, a descrable calamity, a domestick danger, a delectable inconvenience, and the nature of evil, painted over with the colour of good.



EPIG. 5.

'Tis vain, great God, to close mine eyes from ill, When I resolve to keep the old man still; My rambling heart must covenant first with thee, Or none can pass betwixt mine eye and me.

VI



If I have found farour in thy sight let, my life be given me at my petition. Efter 7.3

VI.

ESTHER 7. 3.

If I have found favour in thy fight, and if it please the King, let my life be given me at my petition.

Hou art the Great Afuerus, whole command Doth firetch from Pole to Pole; the world's thy Rebellious Vafhei's the corrupted will, Which being call'd, refuses to fulfil Thy just command: Efiber, whose tears condole The razed City's the regen'rate Soul; A captive maid, whom thou wilt please to grace With nuptial Honours in flout Valher's place : Her kinsman, whose unbended knee did thwart Proud Haman's glory, is the fleshly part: The fober Eunuch, that recall'd to mind The new built gibbet (Haman had divin'd For his own ruin) fifty cubits high. His luftful-thought-controlling chaftity; Infulting Haman is that fleshly luft Whose red-hot fury, for a season, must Triumph in pride, and fludy how to tread On Mordecai, till royal Effber plead. Great King, my fent-for Vafhti will not come; O let the oyl o'th bleffed Virgins womb Cleanse my poor Efiber; look, O look upon her With gracious eyes; and let thy Beam of honour So scour her captive stains, that she may prove

An holy Object of thy Heavenly love:

Anoint her with the Spiknard of thy graces, Then try the sweetness of her chaft embraces: Make her the partner of thy nuptial bed, And fet thy Royal Crown upon her head; If then ambitious Haman chance to spend His spleen on Mordecai, that scorns to bend The wilful flifnels of his flubborn knee, Or basely crouch to any Lord but thee; If weeping Efiber should prefer a grone Before the high tribunal Throne, Hold forth thy Golden Scepter, and afford The gentle audience of a gracious Lord: And let thy Royal Eftber be poffeft Of half thy Kingdom, at her dear request: Curb luftful Haman; him that would difgrace; Nay, ravish thy fair Queen before thy face: And as proud Haman was himself ensuar'd ! 19 windy? On that felf gibbet that himself prepare'd; So nail my luft, both punishment and guilt, On that dear Cross that mine own lufts have built, the various moved have not all

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THE CHARLES OF BUILD WELL DA

Creal King, my and with the record of the angle of the control of

S. AUGUST. in Ep.

O holy spirit, always inspire me with boly works. Constrain me, that I may do: Counsel me, that I may love thee; Construme, that I may hold thee; Conserve me, that I may not lose thee.

S. AUGUST. fup. Joan.

The spirit lusts where the stell resteth: For as the stell is nourished with sweet things, the Spirit is refreshed with sowre.

Ibidem.

Wouldst thou that thy fless obey thy spirit? Then let thy spirit obey thy God. Thou must be governed, that thou maist govern.



Of Mercy and Justice is thy Kingdom built; This plagues my fin; and that removes my guilt; When e're I sue, Asuerus like decline Thy Scepter; Lord, say, Half my Kingdom's thine. ्रिकेट विकास स्थापना है। इस्ते के किया है जिस्से के किया है। स्थापना के किया के किया के किया है किया के किया के किया के किया किया के किया के किया के किया के किया के किया क

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VII.



Come my beloved let us goe forth into the fields, let us remaine in the Villages. Cant - 7.11. 222

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VII.

CANTICLES 7. 11.

Come, my beloved, let us go forth into the field, and let us remain in the villages.

Chrift.

Soul.

Chr. Come, my dear, and let us both retire
And whiff the dainties of the fragrant fields:
Where warbling Phil'mel, and the shrill mouth'd quire
Chaunt forth their raptures; where the Turtle huilds
Her lovely nest; and where the new born brier
Breaths forth the Sweetness that her April yields:
Come, come, my lovely fair, and let us try
These rural delicates; where thou and I
May melt in private slames, and fear no stander by.

2

Soul. My hearts eternal joy, in lieu of whom

The earth's a blaft, and all the world's a bubble;

Our City-mansion is the fairest home,

But Country sweets are tang'd with lesser trouble;

Let's try them both, and chuse the better; come;

A change in pleasure, makes the pleasure double;

On thy commands depends my go or tarry,

I'll stir with Marba, or I'll stay with Mary:

Our hearts are firmly sit, although her pleasures vary.

Cbe:

3

Chr. Our Countrey mansion (situate on high)
With various Objects, still renews delight;
Her arched roof's of unstain'd Ivory:
Her walls of hery sparkling Chrysolite;
Her payement is of hardest Porphyry;
Her spacious windows are all glaz'd with bright
And slaming Carbuncles; no need require
Titan's faint rays, or Vulcan's feeble fire;
And every Gate's a Pearl; and every Pearl entire

4

Joul. Fool that I was! how were my thoughts deceived!

How fallly was my fond conceit possess!

I took it for an Hermitage but pav'd

And daub'd with neighbring dirt, and thacht at best

Alas, I nev'r expected more, nor crav'd;

A Turtle hop'd but for a Turtles nest:

Come, come, my dear, and let no idle stay

Neglect th'advantage of the head-strong day;

How pleasure grates, that feels the curb of dull delay!

5

Chr. Come then, my Joy; let our divided paces
Conduct us to our fairest territory;
O there we'll twine our souls in sweet embraces;
Soul. And in thine arms 'lli tell my passion story:
Chr. O there I'll crown thy head with all my graces;
Soul. And all these graces shall restest thy glory:
Chr. O there I'll feed thee with celestial Manna;
I'll be thy Elkana. Soul. And I, thy Hanna.
C. I'll sound my trump of joy. S. And I'll resound Hosanna.

Oar beer sore from the

S. BERN.

O blessed Contemplation! The death of vises, and the life of virtues! Thee, the Law and Prophets admire: Who ever attained perfection, if not by thee! O blessed Solitude, the Magazine of Celestial Treasure! by thee things earthly, and transitiory, are changed into Heavenly, and Eternal.

S. BERN. in Ep.

Happy is that bouse, and blessed is that Congregation, where Martha still complaineth of Mary.

EPIG. 7.

Mechanick foul, thou must not only do With Marsha; but, with Mars, ponder too: Happy's that house where these fair sisters very; But most, when Marsha's recordid to Marsha's

VIII.



Pramme we will run after thee because of the savour of thy good Oyntments.

Cant: 1:3. 21

VIII.

CANTICLES 1. 3.

Draw me; we will follow after thee by the favour of thy good Oyntments.

Hus, like a lump of the corrupted Mass,
I lie secure, long lost before I was:
And like a block, beneath whose burthen lies
That undiscover'd worm that never dies
I have no will to rouze, I have no power to rise.

Can flinking Laz'rus compound or flrive
With deaths entangling fetters, and revive?
Or can the water-buried Axe implore
A hand to raise it, or it self restore,
And from her sandy deeps approach the dry-soot shore?

So hard's the task for finful flesh and blood
To lend the smallest flep to what is good.
My God, I cannot move the least degree!
Ah! If but only those that active be,
None should thy glory see, none should thy glory see.

But if the Potter please t'informithe clay:
Or some Arong hand remove the block away:
Their lowly fortunes soon are mounted higher;
That proves a vessel, which before was mire;
And this being hewn, may serve for better use than fire.

And if that life-refforing voice command
Dead Lagram forth; or that great Prophets hand
Should charm the fullen waters, and begin
To becken, or to dart a flick but in,
Dead Lagram must revive, and th' Ax must float again.

Lord, as I am, I have no pow'r at all
To hear the voice or Echo to thy call;
The gloomy Clouds of mine own guilt benight me;
Thy glorious beams, not dainty sweets invite me;
They neither can direct; nor these at all delight me.

See how my fin-bemangled body lies,
Not having pow'r to will, nor will to rife!
Shine home upon thy Creature, and infpire
My liveless Will with thy regenrate fire;
The first degree to do, is only to defire.

Give me the power to Will, the Will to do;
O raise me up, and I will firive to go:
Draw me, O draw me with thy trebble twist,
That have no pow'r but meerly to resist;
O lend me firength to do, and then command thy list!

My Soul's a Clock, whose wheels (for want of use And winding up, being subject to the abuse Of eating rust) wants vigour to fulfil Her twelve hours task, and shew her makers skill, But idly sleeps unmov'd, and standeth vainly still.

Great God, it is thy work and therefore good.

If thou be pleas'd to cleanse it with thy blood,

And wind it up with thy soul moving keys,

Her busic wneels shall serve thee all her days; (praise,

Her hand shall point thy pow'r, her hammer stricke thy

S. BERN.

S. BERN. Serm. 21. in Cant.

Let warun, let warun, but in thy savour of thy Ointment, not in the confidence of our merits, nor in the greatness of our strength: We trust to run, but in the multitude of thy mercies, for though we run and are willing, it is not in him that willeth, nor in him that runneth, but in God that sheweth mercy. O let thy mercy return, and we will run: Thou like a Gyant, runnest by thy own power; we, unless thy Ointment breath upon us cannot run.

EPIG. 8.

Look not, my Watch, being once repair'd to fland Expeding motion from thy Maker's hand H'as wound thee up, and cleans'd thy Cogs with blood: If now thy wheels fland fill thou art not good. IX.



O that thou wert as my Brother, that Sucked the Brets of my Mother. Cant: 8

IX.

CANTICLES 8. I.

O that thou wert as my Brother, that sucked the breasts of my mother; when I should find thee without, I would kiß thee.

Ŧ

Ome, come, my bleffed Infant, and immure thee Within the temple of my facred arms; Secure mine arms, mine arms thall then fecure thee From Herod's fury, of the High-Priefts harms:

Or if thy dauger'd life fuffain a lofs,
My folded arms shall turn thy dying cross.

2

But ah; what favage Tyrant can behold

The beauty of fo sweet a face, as this is.

And not himself be by himself controut'd,

And change his fury to a thousand kiss?

One smile of thine is worth more Mines of treasure

Then there be Myriads in the days of Cafar.

2

O, had the Tetrarch, as he knew by birth,
So known thy flock, he had not fought to paddle
In thy dear blood; but profirate on the earth
Had vail'd his Crown before thy Royal Cradle,
And laid the Scepter of his glory down,
And begg'd a Heavenly for an Earthly Crown.

P 2 Illustrious

4

Illustrious Babe! How is thy handmaid grac'd With a rich armful! How dost thou decline. Thy Majesty, that wert so late embrac'd In thy great Fathers arms, and now in mine! How humbly gracious art thou, to refresh Me with thy Sprit, and assume my flesh!

4

But must the treason of a traitour's Hail
Abuse the sweetness of these ruby lips?
Shall marble hearted cruelty assail
These Alablaster sides with knotted whips?
And must these smilling Roses entertain
The blows of scorn, and fluits of base disdain?

.... 6

Ah! Must these dainty littlessprings that twine So sast about thy neck, be piere'd and torn With ragged nails? And must these brows resign Their Crown of Glory for a Crown of thorn?

Ah, must the blessed infant taste the pain Of deaths injurious pangs; nay worse, be slain?

7

Commit a sin! Lord, ev'ry sin's a dart;

And ev'ry trespass lets a javelin sie;

And ev'ry javelin wounds thy bleeding heart:

Pardon sweet Babe, what I have done amis;

And seal that granted pardon with a kiss.

Sweet Babe! At what dear rates do wretched I

BONAVENT. Solilogu. Chap. 1.

O sweet Fesu, I knew that thy kiffes were so sweet, nor thy fociety fo delectable, nor thy attaction fo virtuous : For when Hove thee, I am clean; when I touch thee, I am chafte; when I receive thee I am a Virgin : O most fweet felu, thy embraces defile not, but clean[e; thy attraction polluterb not, but sandifierb : O Jesu the fountain of universal sweetnels, pardon me that I believed fo late, that fo much sweetness is in sby embraces.



EPIG. 9.

My burthen's greatent: Let not Ailas boaft : Impartial Reader, judge which bears the most: He bears but Heav'n, my folded arms fuftain Heav'ns maker, whom Heav'ns Heav'n cannot contain.

X.



By night on my bed I fought him whom my foulehoveth, I fought him but I found him not .

Cant: 3:1.

X.

CANTICLES 3. 1.

Inmy bed by night I fought him that my foul loveth; I fought him, but I found him not.

He learned Cynick having loft the way

To honest men, did in the height of day, By Taper-light divide his fleps about The peopled freets to find this Dainty out; But fail'd: The Cynick fearch'd not where he ought; The thing he fought for, was not where he fought. The Wife-mens task feem'd harder to be done. The Wife-men did by Star-light feek the Sun, And found: The Wife-men fearch'd it where they ought The thing he hop'd to find was where they fought. One seeks his wishes where he should; but then Perchance he feeks not as he should; nor when. Another fearches when he should; but there He fails; not feeking as he should, nor where. Whose soul desires the good it wants, and would Obtain, must seek Where, As, and When he should. How often have my wild affections led My wasted soul to this my widow'd bed To feek my lover, whom my foul defires? (Ilpeak not, Cupid, of thy wanton fires: Thy fires are all but dying sparks to mine; My flames are full of Heav'n, and all Divine) How often have I fought this bed by night, To find that greater by this leffer light!

How

How oft have my unwitnest groans lamented Thy dearest absence! Ah, how often vented The bitter tempelts of despairing breath, And toft my foul upon the waves of death! How often has my melting heart made choice Of filent tears (tears louder than a voice) To plead my grief, and woe thy absent ear ! And yet thon wilt not come, thou wilt not hear; O is thy wonted love become so cold? Or do mine eyes not feek thee where they should! Why do I feek thee, if thou art not here? Or find thee not, if thou art ev'ry where? I fee my errour, it is not strange I could not Find out my love: I fought him where I should not. Thou art not found in downy beds of eafe; Alas, thy mufick strikes on harder keys: Nor art thou found by that falle feeble light Of Natures candle, our Egyptian night Is more than common darkness; nor can we Expect a morning, but what breaks from thee; Well may my empty bed bewail thy loss, When thou art lodg'd upon thy shameful cross: If thou refuse to share a bed with me, We'll never part, I'll share a cross with thee.

ANSELM. in Protolog. 1.

Lord, if then are not present, where shall I seek thee absent? If every where, why do I not see thee present? Thou
dwellest in light inaccessible; and where is that inaccessible
light? Or how shall I have access to light inaccessible? I beseech thee Lord, teach me to seek thee, and show thy self to the
seeker; because I can neither seek thee, unless thou teach me,
nor find thee, unless thou show thy self to me: Let me seek
thee, in desiring thee, and desire thee in seeking thee; Let me
find thee in loving thee, and live thee in sinding thee.



E P I G. 10:

Where shouldst thou seek for rest. but in thy bed? But now thy rest is gone, thy rest is fled: 'Tis vain to seek him there: My soul be wise; Go ask thy size; they'll tell thee, where he lies.

XI.



I will rise now, and see about the City in the streets, and in the broad ways I will seek him whom my soul leveth. I sought him but found him not. Cant 3, 2 228.

XI.

CANTICLES 3. 2:

I will rife, and go about the City, and will feek him that my foul loveth: I fought him, but I found him not.

1

How my disappointed soul's perplext!
How reftless thoughts swarm in my troubled breast
How vainly pleased with hopes, then crossly vext
With sears! And how betwixt them both distrest!
What place is lest unransack'd? Oh, where next
Shall I go seek the Author of my rest?
Of what blessed Angel shall my lips enquire
The undiscovered way to that entire
And everlasting solace of my hearts desire?

,

Look how the stricken Heart that wounded fales
Ov'r hills and dales, and seeks the lower grounds
For running streams, the whillt his weeping eyes
Beg silent mercy from the following Hounds:
At length, embose, he droops, drops down, and lies
Beneath the burthen of his bleeding wounds:
Ev'n so my gasping soul, dissolved in tears,
Doth search for thee, my God, whose deafned ears
Leave me th'unransom'd Pris'ner to my panick fears.

3

Where have my busie eyes not pry'd? O where,
Of whom hath not my thred-bare tongue demanded?

I (eyes)'d this glorious (it we he's not have

I fearch'd this glorious City; he's not here:

I fought the Country; she stands empty handed;

I fearch'd the Court; he is a stranger there:

I ask'd the land; he's thipp'd: the fea: he's landed:
I clim'd the air, my thoughts began t'aspire;

But ah! the wings of my too bold defire, Soaring too near the Sun, were findged with facred fire.

4

I mov'd the Merchant's ear; alas, but he
Knew, neither what I faid, nor what to fay:
I ask'd the Lawyer, he demands a fee,
And then demurs me with a vain delay:
I ask'd the Schoolman: his advice was free,
But fcor'd me out too intricate a way:
I ask'd the Watch-man (best of all the four)
Whose gentle answer could resolve no more,
But that he lately lest him at the Temple door.

5

Thus having fought, and made my great inquest
In ev'ry place, and search'd in ev'ry ear:
I threw me on my bed; but ah! my rest
Was poison'd with th'extremes of grief and fear,
Where looking down into my troubled breast,
The Magazine of wounds, I found him there:
Let others hunt, and shew their sportful Art;

As Potchers use to do; Heav'as Form's a troubled heart.

S. AMBROS. lib. 3. de Virg.

Christ is not in the market, nor in Breets: For Christ is Peace, in the market are strifes: Christ is Fustice, in the market is iniquity: Christ is a Labourer, in the market is idleness: Christ is Charity, in the market is stander: Christ is Faith, in the market is fraud. Let us not therefore seek Christ, where we cannot find Christ.

S. HIEROM. Ser. 9. Ep. 22. ad Euftoch.

Fesus is jealous: He will not bave thy face seen: Let foolish Virgins ramble abroad, seek thou thy Love at bome.

EPIG. II.

What, lost thy love? will neither bed nor board Receive him? Not by tears to be implored? It is the Ship that moves, and not the Coast; I fear, I fear, my soul, 'tis thou art lost.

MIRORE

XII.



Saw ye him whom my Soule loveth; it was but little I passed from them but I found him may soule loveth I held him etc: Cant :3.4.

XII.

CANTICLES. 3. 3.

Have you seen him whom my Soul loveth: When I hast a little from them, then I sound him, I took hold on him, and left him not.

1

Hat secret corner? What unwonted way
Has scap'd the ransack of my rambling thought?
The Fox by night, nor the dull Owl by day,
Have never search'd those places I have sought,
Whilst they lamented, absence taught my breast
The ready road to grief, without request;

My day had neither comfort, nor my night had reft.

How hath my unregarded language vented
The fad tautologies of lavish passion;
How often have I languished unlamented!
How oft have I complained, without compassion!
I asked the City-watch, but some denyed me
The common street, whilst others would misguide me;
Some would debar me; some, divert me; some, deride me.

3

Mark how the Widow'd Turtle, having loft
The faithful partner of her loyal heart,
Stretches her feeble wings from coaft to coaft,
Haunts ev'ry path; thinks every shade doth part
Her absent Love, and her; at length unsped,
She re-betakes her to her lonely bed,
And there bewails her everlasting Widow head.

4

So when my foul had progreft ev'ry place,
That love and dear affection could contrive,
I threw me on my couch, refolv'd t'embrace
A death for him in whom I ceas'd to live:
But there injurious Hyman did present
His landskip joys; my pickled eyes did vent
Full streams of Briny tears, tears never to be spent.

5

Whilft thus my forrow-wasting foul was feeding
Upon the rad'cal humour of her thought,
Ev'n whilst mine eyes were blind, and heart was bleeding
He that was fought, unfound, was found, unfought
As if the Sun should dart his orbe of light
Into the secrets of the black-brow'd night:
Ev'n so appear'd my Love, my sole, my souls delight.

6

O how mine eyes now ravish'd at the fight
Of my bright Sun-shot flames of equal fire!

Ah! How my soul diffolv'd with o'r-delight,
To re-enjoy the Crown of chast defire!
How sov'reign joy depos'd and dispossest
Rebellious grief! And how my ravish'd breast—
But who can press those heights, that cannot be express?

7

O how these arms, these greedy arms did twine,
And strongly twist about his yielding wast!

The sappy branches of the Thespian Vine,
Nev'r cling'd their less beloved Elm so fast;
Boast not thy slames, blind boy, thy seather'd shot;
Let Hymens easie snarles be quite forgot:

Time cannot quench our fires, nor death dislove our knot.

ORIG. Hom. 10. in divers.

O most boly Lord! and sweetest Master, how good art thou to those that are of upright heart, and humble spirit! O how blessed are they that seek thee with a simple heart! How happy that trust in thee! It is a most certain truth, that thou lovest all that love thee, and never forsakest those that trust in thee: For behold thy Love simply sought thee, and undoubtedly sound thee: She trusted in thee, and is not forsaken of thee, but hath obtained more by thee, than she expected from thee.

BEDA in cap. 3. Cant.

The longer I was in finding whom I sought, the more carnestly I held him being found.



EPIG. 12.

What? found him out? let strong embraces bind him; He'l flie perchance, where tears can never find him. New sins will lose, what old repentance gains. Wisdom not only gets, but got retains. XIII.



It is good for me to draw neare to the Lord, I have put my trust in y Lord God.

XIII.

PSALM. 72. 28.

It is good for me to draw near to God, I have put my trust in the Lord God.

Where is that Good, which wise-men please to call.
The chiefest? Doth there any such befal
Within mans reach? or is there such a Good at all?

If such there be, it neither must expire,
Nor change; than which there can be nothing higher to
Such good must be the utter point of man's desire.

It is the Mark, to which all hearts must tend; Can be defired for no other end, Than for it self, on which all other Goods depend.

Vichat may this Excellent be? doth it subfift A real Effence clouded in the midst Of curious Art, or clear to ev'ry eye that list?

Or is't a tart Idea, to procure

An edg, and keep the practick foul in ure,

Like that dear Chymick duss, or puzling Quadrature?

Where shall I seek this? Where shall I find
This Cath'lick pleasure, whose extremes may bind.
My thoughts? and fill the gulf of my insatiate mind?

Lies it in Treasure? In full heaps untold?
Doth gowty Mammon's griping hand infold
This facred Saint in facred shrines of sov'reign gold?

No, no, she lies not there; wealth often sours; In keeping; makes us hers, in seeming ours; She slides from Heav'n indeed, but not in Danae's showers.

Lives the in honour? no. The Royal Crown
Builds up a creature, and then batters down:
Kings raife thee with a smile, and raze thee with a frown.

In pleasure? no. Pleasure begins in rage;
A&s the fools part on earth's uncertain stage;
Begins the play in youth, and Epilogues in ag.

These, these are baltard goods; the best of these Torment the soul with pleasing it, and please, Like water's gulp'd in seavers with deceitful ease.

Earth's flatt'ring dainties are but sweet distresses: Mole-hills perform the mountains she professes.

Alas, can earth confer more good than earth possesses:

Mount, mount, my foul, and let my thoughts cashier Earth's vain delights, and make the full carier 'At Heav'ns eternal joys; stop, stop, thy Courser there.

There shall thy soul possess uncareful treasure,
There shall thou swim in never-fading pleasure:
And blaze in honour far above the frowns of Casar.

Lord, if my hope dare let her anchor fall
On thee, the chiefest Good, no need to call
For earths inferiour trash; Thou, thou art All in All.

s. AUGUST. Soliloqu. cap. 13.

I follow this thing: I pursue that, but am filled with noting. But when I found thee, who art that immutable, individed, and only good in my self, what I obtained, I wanted not; for what I obtained not, I grieved not; with what I was sosses, my whole desire was satisfied.

S. BERN. Ser. 9. sup. beati qui habent, &c.

Let others presend merit; let him brag of the burshen of the day; let him boast of his Sabbath fasts, and let him glory that he is not as other men; but for me, it is good to cleave unto the Lord, and to put my trust in my Lord God.



Let Boreas blasts, and Neptunes waves be join'd, Thy Eolus commands the waves, the wind: Fear not the Rocks or Worlds imperious waves; Thou climbst a Rock (my soul) a rock that saves.

Q 4

XIV.



I fat under the shadow of him who ine I have defired. Cant: 2.

XIV.

CANTICLES 2. 3.

I sat under his shadow with great delight, and his fruit was sweet to my taste.

1

Ook how the sheep, whose rambling steps do stray
From the safe blessing of her Shepherds eyes,
Estsoon becomes the unprotected prey
To the wing'd squadron of beleagring slies;
Where sweltered with the scorching beams of day,
She frisks from bush to brake, and wildly slies
From her own self, ex'n of her self afraid;
She shrouds her troubled brows in ev'ry glade,
And craves the mercy of the soft removing shade.

2

Ev'n fo my wandring foul, that bath digreft
From her great Shepherd, is the hourly prey
Of all my fins. These vultures in my breakt
Gripe my Promethean heart both night and day;
I hunt from place to place, but find no rest;
I know not where to go, nor where to stay:
The eye of vengeance burns, her slames invade
My swelt'ring soul: My soul hath oft assaid,
Yet she can find no shroud, but can she feel no shade,

3

I fought the shades of Mirth, to wear away
My flow pac'd hours of soul consuming grief;
I fearch'd the shades of sleep, to ease my day
Of griping forrows with a nights reprief.
I fought the shades of death; thought there t'allay
My sinal torments with a full relief:
But mirth, nor sleep, nor death, can hide my hours

In the falle shades of their deceitful bowrs;
The first distracts, the next disturbs, the last devours.

4

Where shall I turn? To whom shall I apply me?
Are there no streams where a faint Soul may wade?
Thy God-head, Jesus, are the slames that fry me;
Hath thy All-glorious Deity never a shade,
Where I may sit and vengeance never eye me,
Where I might sit refresh'd or unastraid?
Is there no comfort? Is there no reseasion?
Is there no cover that will give protection
T'a fainting soul, the subject of thy wraths reslexion?

50

Look up, my foul, advance the lowly flature
Of thy fad thoughts; advance thy hamble eye:
See, here's a shadow found: The humane nature
Is made th'Umbella to the Deity,
To catch the Sun beams of thy just Creator:
Beneath this covert thou maist safely lie:
Permit thine eyes to climb this fruitful tree,
As quick Zackem did, and thou shalt see
A cloud of dying flesh betwixt those beams and thee.

GUIL. in cap. 2. Cant.

Who can endure the fierce rays of the Sun of Fustice? Who shall not be consumed by his beams? Therefore the Sun of Fusice took sless, that through the conjunction of that Sun and this humane body a shadow may be made.

S. AUGUST. Med. cap. 37.

Lord, let my foul flee from the scorebing thoughts of the world, under the covert of thy wings, that being refreshed by the moderation of thy student, she may sing merrily, in peace will I lay me down and rest.



Ah, treach'rous Soul, would not thy pleasures give That Lord, which made the living, leave to live? See what thy fins have done: thy fins have made The Sun of Glory now become thy shade.

XV.



How shall we sing the song of the Lord in a strange Land . 244.

XV.

PSAL M. 137. 4.

How shall we fing a song of the Lord in a strange Land?

TRge me no more: this airy mirth belongs To better times: these times are not for longs. The sprightly twang of the melodious Lute Agrees not with my voice: and both unfute My untun'd fortunes : the affected measure Of ftrains, that are conftrain'd, afford no pleasure. Musick's the Child of Mirth; where griefs asfail The Troubled foul, both voice, and fingers fail: Let fuch as ravel out their lavish days, In honourable riot; that can raise Dejected hearts, and conjure up a sp'rit Of madness by the Magick of delight; Let those of Cupid's Hospital, that lie Impatient Patients to a smiling eye, That cannot rest, until vain hope beguile Their flatter'd torment with a wanton smile: Let such redeem their peace, and salve the wrongs, Of froward Fortune with their frolick fongs: My grief, my grief's too great for smiling eyes To cure, or counter-charms to exorcife. The Ravens dismal croaks, the midnight howls Of empty Wolves mixt with the screech of Owls. The nine fad knolls of a dull passing Bell, With the loud language of a nightly knell,

And horrid out-cries of revenged crimes, Join'd in a medley's musick for these times; These are no times to touch the merry ftring Of Orpheus; no, these are no times to fing. Can hide-bound Pris'ners, that have spent their souls. And famish'd bodies in the noisome holes. Of hell black dungeons, apt their rougher throats, Grown hoarse with begging alms, to warble notes? Can the fad Pilgrim, that hath loft his way In the vaft defart; there condemn'd a prey To the wild subject, or his savage King, Rouze up his palfie smitten spirits, and sing? Can I a Pilgrim, and a Pris'ner too. (Alas) where I am neither known, nor know 24 Ought but my torments, an unransom'd stranger In this strange climate, in a land of danger? O, can my voice be pleasant, or my hand, Thus made a Pris'ner to a forein land? How can my mulick relish in your ears,
That cannot speak for sobs, nor sing for tears? Ah, if my voice could, Orpheus-like, unspel My poor Eurydice, my foul, from Hell 12. 2. (24) 10. Of earth's misconftru'd Heaven, Othen my breaft Should warble airs, whose rhapsodies should feast The ears of Seraphims, and entertain Heav'ns highest Deity with their lofty strain, and A ftrain well drench'd in the true Thespian Well, Till then, earths Semiquaver, mirth, farewell.

S. AUGUST, Med. cap. 33.

O infinitely bappy are those heavenly virtues which are able to praise thee in boliness and purity, with excessive sweetness, and inusterable exultation! From thence they praise thee, from whence they rejoice, because they continually see for what they rejoice, for what they praise thee: But we prest down with this burthen of sless, far removed from thy countenance in this pilgrimage, and blown up with worldly vanities, cannot worthly praise thee: We praise thee by faith; not face to face; but those Angelical spirits praise thee face to face, and not by faith.

E P I G. 15.

Did I refuse to sing? said I these times Were not for songs? nor musick for these climes? It was my errour: are not grones and tears Harmonious raptures in th'Almighty's ears?

XVI.



Tcharge you ove daughters of Ierusalem if we finde my teloved by you tell him y 1 am sicke of love. Contis. 8.

THE

FIFTH BOOK

I.

CANTICLES 5. 8.

I charge you, O daughters of Jerusalem, if you find my beloved, that you tell him that I am sick of love.

1

You holy Virgins, that so oft surround
The City's Saphire walls, whose snowy seet
Measure the pearly paths of sacred ground
And trace the new Jerus'lems Jasper street;
Ah, you whose care-forsaken hearts are crown'd
With your best wishes; that enjoy the sweet
Of all your hopes; If e're you chance to spie
My absent Love, O tell him that I lie
Deep wounded with the slames that furnac'd from his eye.

2

[charge you, Virgins, as you hope to hear The heav nly mulick of your Love'rs voice;

I charge you by the folemn faith you bear
To plighted vows, and to that loyal choice
Of your affectious, or, if ought more dear
You hold; by Hymen, by your marriage joys,
I charge you tell him, that a flaming dart,
Shot from his eye, hath pierc'd my bleeding heart;
And I am fick of love, and languish in my smart.

Teg

Tell him, O tell bim, how my panting breaft Is fcorch'd with flames, and how my foul is pin'd; Tell him, O tell him, how I lie opprest With the full torments of a troubled mind; O tell him, tell him, that he loves in jeft, But I in earnest; tell him he's unkind: But if a discontented frown appears Upon his angry brow, accost his ears

My foul of peace, while peace in vain she seeks;

O tell him, that his cruelties deprive

With fost and fewer words, and all the rest in tears.

Tell him, those damask roses, that did ftrive With white, both fade, upon my fallow cheeks; Tell him, no token-doth proclaim I live, But tears, and fighs, and fobs, and fudden fhrieks: Thus if your piercing words should chance to bore

His hearkning ear, and move a figh, give o'e.
To speak; and tell him, Tell him, that I could no more.

Spile on the Orange Literature of

If your elegious breath should bap to rouze A happy tear, close harb'ring in his eye, Then urge his plighted faith, the facred vows, Which neither I can break, nor he deny; Bewail the torments of his loyal spouse, That for his fake would make a sport to die O bleffed virgins, how my paffion tires Reneath the burthen of her fond defires! Heav'n never shot such flames, earth never felt such fires!

the livery of a steedding of the livery

S. AUGUST. Med. cap. 40.

What shall I say? What shall I do? Whither shall I go? Where shall I seek him? Or when shall I find him? Whom shall I ask? Who will tell my beloved that I am fick of Love?

GULIEL in cap. 5. Cant.

I live, but not 1: it is my beloved that liveth in me: I love my felf, not with my own love; but with the love of my beloved that loveth me: I love not my felf in my felf, but my felf in kim, and him in me.



EPIG. I

Grieve not (my foul) nor let thy love wax faint, Weep'n thou to lose the cause of thy complaint? He'll come; Love ne'r was bound to times nor laws: Till then thy tears complain without a cause.

R 2

II.



Stay me with Flowers; Comfort mee with Apples, for I am fick of lone (ant: 2.5.

II.

CANTICLES 2. 5.

Stay me with flowers, and comfort me with apples, for I am fick with love.

I

Tyrant love! how doth thy fov'reign pow'r '
Subject poor fouls to thy imperious thrall!
They fay, thy cup's compos'd of fweet and fower;
They fay, thy diet's honey mixt with gall;
How comes it then to pass, these lips of ours
Still trade in bitter; tast no sweet at all?
O tyrant love! Shall our perpetual toil.
Ne'r find a Sabbath to refresh a while
Our drooping souls? Art thou all frowns, and ne'r a smile?

2

You bleffed Maids of honour that frequent
The royal courts of our renown'd Jehove,
With flow'rs reftore my spirits faint and spent;
O fetch me apples from Loves fruitful grove,
To cool my palate, and renew my scent,
For I am sick, for I am sick of love:
These will revive my dry, my wasted pow'rs,
And they will sweeten my unsav'ry hours;
Refresh me then with fruit, and comfort me with flow'rs.

O bring me apples to affwage that fire, Which Æina-like inflames my flaming breaft;

Nor is it every apple I defire,

Nor that which pleases every palate best: 'Tis not the lafting Deuzan I require,

Not yet the red cheek'd Queening's request.

Nor that which first beshrew'd the name of wife, Nor that whose beauty caus d'the golden firife; No, no, bring me an apple from the tree of life.

Virgins, tuck up your filken laps, and fill ye With the fair wealth of Flora's Magazine;

The purple violet and the pale fac'd hilly :

The pancy and the organ colombine; . . .

The flowring thyme, the guilt-bowl daffadilly;

The lowly pink, the lofty eglantine:

The blushing rose, the queen of flowers, and best

Of Flora's beauty; but above the relt,

Let Befes sovereign flower perfume my qualming breaft.

Hast, Virgins, hast, for I lie weak and faint,

Beneath the pangs of love; why frand ye mute,

As if your filence neither car'd to grant; Nor yet your language to deny my suit; if the starts

No key can lock the door of my complaint, in the

Until I smell this flower, or tast that fruit; miles

Go, Virgins, feek this tree, and fearch that bow'r;

O, how my foul shall bless that happy hour,

That brings to me fuch fruit, that brings me fuch a flower. rely in the with the tell comforts - - 1. Box in

GISTEN. in cap. 2. Cant. Expof. 3,

O bappy fickness, where the infirmity is not to death, but to life, that God may be glorified by it! O Happy feaver, that proceedeth not from a conjuming, but a calcining fire! O Happy diflemper, wherein the soul relished no earthly things, but only savoureth divine nourishment!

S. BERN. Serm. 51. in Cant.

By flowers understand faith; by fruit, good works: As the flower or blosom is before the fruit, so is faith before good works: So neither is the fruit without the flower, nor good works without faith.



Why apples, O my foul? Can they remove, The pains of grief, or ease the stames of love? It was that fruit which gave the first offence; That sent him hither; that remov'd him hence.

III.



My beloued is mine and I am his, hee fee: deth among the Lillies. Cant. 2.16.

III.

CANTICLES 2.16.

My beloved is mine, and I am his; He feedeth among the lillies.

1

E V'n like two little bank-dividing brooks,

That wash the pebbles with their wanton streams,

And having rang'd and search'd a thousand nooks,

Meet both at length in silver-breasted Thames,

Where in a greater current they conjoyn: So I my best beloveds am; so be is mine.

2

Ev'n so we met; and after long pursuit;
Ev'n so we joyn'd we both become entire;
No need for either to renew a suit,
For I was flax and he was flames of fire:
Our firm united souls did more than twing

Our firm united fouls did more than twine; So I my best-beloveds am; so he is mine.

3

If all those glitt'ring Monarchs that command
The servile quarters of this earthly ball,
Should tender, in exchange, their shares of land,
I would not change my fortunes for them all;
Their wealth is but a counter to my coyn;
The world's but theirs; but my beloved's mine.

4

Nay more; if the fair The spain Ladies all
Should heap together their diviner treasure;
That treasure should be deem'd a price too small
To buy a minutes lease of half my pleasure;
'Tis not the sacred wealth of all the nine

Can buy my heart from him, or his, from being mine.

51

Nor Time, nor Place, nor Chance, nor Death can bow
My leaft defires unto the leaft remove;
He's firmly mine by oath; I his by vow;
He's mine by faith; and I am his by love;

He's mine by water; I am his by wind; Thus I my best-beloveds am; thus he is mine.

6

He is mine Altar; I, his holy Place;
I am his gueft; and he, my living food;
I'm his by penitence; he mine by grace;
I'm his by purchase; he is mine by blood;
He's my supporting elm; and I his vine;
Thus I my best-beloveds am; thus he is mine.

. .

He gives me wealth, I give him all my vows:
I give him longs; he gives me length of days:
With wreaths of grace he crowns my conqu'ring brows:
And I his Temples with a crown of Praile,

Which he accepts an ev'rlafting fign, That I my best beloveds am; that he is mine.

S. AUGUST. Manu. cap. 24.

Omy foul stampt with the image of thy God, love him of whom thou are so much belove; hend to him that heweth to thee, seek him that seeketh thee: Love the lover, by whose love thou are prevented, begin the cause of thy love: Be careful with those that are careful, want with those that want; be clean with the clean, and holy with the boly: Choose this friend above all friends, who when all are taken away, remaineth only faithful to thee: In the day of thy burial, when all leave thee, he will not deceive thee, but defend thee from the roaring Lions prepared for their paey.



EPIG. 3

Sing, Hymen, to my forl: What? lost and found? Welcom'd, espous'd, enjoy'd so foon, and crown'd! He did but climb the Cross, and then come down To th' gates of hell; triumph'd and fetch'd a Crown.

IV.



Jam my beloved's er his Desire is towards mee, Cant: 7.10. "260

IV.

CANTICLES 7.10.

I am my Beloveds, and his desire is towards

7

Ike to the Attick needle, that doth guide
The wandring shade by his magnetick pow'r,
And leaves his silken Gnomon to decide
The question of the controverted hour,
First franticks up and down, from side to side
And restless beats his crystal'd Iv'ry case,
With vain impatience; jets from place to place,
And seeks the bosome of his frozen bride,

At length he flacks his motion, and doth reft His trembling point at his bright Poles beloved breaft.

2

Ev'n so my soul, being hurried here and there,
By ev'ry object that presents delight,
Fain would be settled, but she knows not where;
She likes at morning what she loads at night:
She bows to honour; then she lends an ear
To that sweet swan-like voice of dying pleasure,
Then tumbles in the scatter'd heaps of treasure;
Now flatter'd with false hope; now foyl'd with fear:
Thus finding all the worlds delight to be
But empty toys, good God, she points alone to thee.

But hath the virtued fleel'a power to move? Or can the untouch'd needle point aright; Or can my wandring thoughs torbear to rove, Unguided by the vertue of thy fp'rit?

O hath my leaden foul the art t' improve Her wasted talent, and unras'd, aspire

In this fad moulting time of her defire? Not first belov'd have I the power to love;

I cannot ftir, but as thou please to move me, Nor can my heart return thee love, until thou love me.

A sould be to mis ch all

hiwac shores went to be all the same of the The ftill commandress of the filent night and and Borrows her beams from her bright brothers eye; His fair aspect fills her tharp horns with light, it is the

If he withdraw her flames are quench'd and die :

Ev'n fo the beams of her enlightning sp'rit Infus'd and that into my dark defire,

Inflame my thoughts, and fill my foul with fire,

That I am ravish'd with a new delight; a smider is 13.

But if thou shroud thy face, my glory fades, And I remain a Nothing, all compos'd of shades.

Eternal God! O thou that only art and in hym of rival

The ficred Fountain of eternal light, we give the

And bleffed Load-frome of my better part, of blow of O thou my hearts defire, my fouls delight, sailed Refled my foul, and touch my heart, of the original and touch my heart,

And then my heart shall prize no good above thee; And then my foul shall know thee; knowing, love thee;

And then my trembling thoughts shall never start: 400. From thy commands, or swerve the least degree,

Or once prefume to move, but as they move in thee.

S. AUGUST.

S. AUGUST. Med. cap. 25.

If Man can love man with so entire affection, that the one can scarce brook the others absence? if a kride can be joyned to ber bride-groom with fo great an ardency of mind, that for the extremity of love she can enjoy no rest, not suffering his absence without great anxiety, with what affection, with what fervency ought the foul whom thou hast espoused by faith and comp fron, to love thee ber true God, and glorious bridegroom?



My foul, thy love is dear: 'Twas thought a good And easie pen'worth of thy Saviours blood: But be not proud; All matters rightly icann'd, 'Twas over bought: 'Twas fold at fecond hand.

V



My Soule melted, when my beloved : spake. Cant: 5.6 264

willing to the styling

V

CANTICLES 5. 6.

My Soul melted whil'st my Beloved spake.

Ord, has the feeble voice of flesh and blood The power to work thine ears into a flood f melted mercy? or the firength t'unlock he gates of Heav'n, and to dissolve a rock f marble-clouds into a morning show'r? r hath the breath of whining dust the pow'r o ftop or faatch a falling Thunder-bolt om thy fierce hand; and make thy hand revolt om resolute confusion, and instead f viols, pour full bleffings on our head? r shall the wants of famish'd Ravens cry, ad move thy mercy to a quick supply? r shall the filent fuits of drooping flow'rs oo thee for drops, and be refresh'd with show'rs? as, what marvel then, great God, what wonder thy hell-rouzing voice, that splits in sunder he brazen portals of eternal death; hat number if that life-reftoring breath 'hich dragg'd me from the infernal shades of night, ould melt my ravish'd foul with o'er-delight? can my frozen gutters choose but run, hat feel the warmth of fuch a glorious Sun? ethinks his language like a flaming arrow oth pierce my bones, and melts their wounded marrow.

Thy flames, O Cupid (though the joyful heart Feels neither tang of grief, nor fears the smart Of jealous doubts, but drunk with full defires) Are torments, weigh'd with these celeftial fires; Pleasures that ravish in so high a measure, That O I languish in excess of pleasure: What ravish'd heart, that feels these melting joys, Would not despise and loath the treach'rous toys Of dunghil earth? What foul would not be proud Of wry-mouth'd scorns, the work that flesh and blood Had rancor to devise? Who would not bear The world's derifion with a thankful ear? What palat would refuse full bowls of spight, To gain a minutes tafte of fuch delight? Great spring of light, in whom there is no shade But what my interposed fins have made. Whose narrow melting fires admit no screen But what my own rebellions put between Their precious flames and my obdurate ear? Disperse this plague distilling clouds, and clear My mungy foul into a glorious day; Transplant this screen, remove this bar away; Then, then my fluent foul shall feel the fires wair Of thy fweet voice, and my diffolv'd defires Shall turn a fov'reign balfome, to make whole Those wounds my fins inflicted on thy foul. of the second se

125 p. 12 p.

S. AUGUST. Solilog. cap. 34.

What fire is this that so warmeth my heart? What light is this that so enlightnesh my soul? O fire, that always hurneth, and never goes out, kindle me: O light, which ever shinest, and art never darkned, illuminate me: O that I had my heat from thee, most holy fire! How sweetly dost thou hurn? How secrely dost thou shine? How desiredly dost thou inflame me?

BONAVENT. Stim. amoris, cap. 8.

It makes God man, and man God; things temporal, eternal; mortal, immortal; is makes an enemy, a friend; a fervant, a son; vile things; glorious; cold bearts, fiery; and bard thengs, liquid.

EPIG. 5.

My foul, thy gold is true, but full of dross; Thy Saviours breath refines thee with some loss; His gentle furnace makes thee pure as true; Thou must be melted e're th'art cast anew. VI. Company



Whom have I in heaven but thee e'n desire I on earth in respect of the Ps: 23

F. H. V. Houe Sculp:

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VI.

PSALM 73. 25.

Whom have I in Heaven but thee? and what defire I on earth in respect of thee?

Love (and have some cause to love:) the earth:
She is my Makers creature; therefore good:
She is my Mother, for she gave me birth;
She is my tender Nurse; she gives me food;
But what's a Creature, Lord compar'd with thee?
Or what's my Mother, or my Nurse to me?

2

I love the Air: her dainty sweets refresh
My drooping soul, and to new sweets invite me;
Her shril mouth'd quire sustain me with their sless,
And with their Polyphonian notes delight me:
But what's the Air, or all the sweets, that she
Can bless my soul withal, compar'd to thee?

3

I love the Sea: She is my fellow Creature,
My careful porveyour; the provides me flore:
She walls me round; the makes my diet greater;
She walts my treasure from a forreign flore:
But Lord of Oceans, when compar'd with thee,
What is the Ocean, or her wealth to me,

4

To heav'ns high city I direct my journey, Whose spangled suburbs entertain mire eye; Mine eye, by contemplations great Atturney, Transcends the crystal pavement of the skie:

But what is Heav'n, great God compar'd to Thee? Without thy presence Heav'n's no Heav'n to me.

5

Without thy presence Earth gives no refection;
Without thy presence Sea affords no treasure;
Without thy presence Air's a rank infection;
Without thy presence Heav'n it self's no pleasure;
If not posses'd, if not enjoy'd in thee,
What's Earth, or Sea, or Air, or Heav'n to me?

6

The highest honour, that the world can boast, Are subjects far too low for my desire; The brightest beams of glory are (at most) But dying sparkles of thy living fire:

The proudest slames that earth can kindle, be

The proudest flames that earth can kindle, be But nightly Glow-worms if compared to thee.

7

Without thy presence, Wealth are bags of cares; Wisdom, but folly; Joy, disquiet sadness: Priendship is treason, and Delights are snares; Pleasures but pain, and Mirth but pleasing madness:

Without thee, Lord, things be not what they be, Nor have their being, When compar'd with thee.

8

In having all things, and not thee, what have I?
Not having thee, what have my labours got?
Let me enjoy but thee, what farther crave I?
And having thee alone, what have I not?
I wish nor Sea, nor Land; nor would I be
Possess of Heavin, Heavin unposses of thee.

BONAV

BONAVENT, Solioqu. Cap. 1.

Alas! My God, now I understand (but blush to confess) that the teamty of thy Creatures bath deceived mine eyes, and I have not observed that thou art more amiable then all the Creatures; to which thou hast communicated but one drop of thy inestimable beauty: For who hath adorned the Heavens with stars? Who hath stored the air with fowl, the waters with sish, the earth with plants and slowers? But what are all these but a small spark of divine beauty.

S. CHRYS. Hom. 5. in Ep. ad Rom.

In baving nothing I have all things, because I have Christ Having therefore all things in bim, I seek no other reward; for he is the universal reward.



EPIG. 6.

Who would not throw his better thoughts about him, And forn this drofs within him; that without him? Cast up (my foul) thy clearer eye; Behold, If thou be fully melted, there's the mold.

S

PO VET

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VII.



We is me that I am confirmined to dwell with Mesedie or to have my habitation among the Terris of Cedar Psal: 120.4 F. H. var. Hove Sales

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VII

PSAL M. 120. 5.

Woe isto me, that I remain in Mesheck, and dwell in the tents of Kedar!

IS Natures course dissolv'd? doth times glass stand? Or hath some frolick heart set back the hand Of Fates perpetual Clock? Will never strike? Is crazy Time grown lazy, faint or sick, With very Age? Or hath that great Pair-royal Of Adamantine fifters late made trial Of some new trade? Shall mortal hearts grow old In forrow? Shall my weary arms infold, And underprop my panting fides for ever? Is there no charitable hand will fever My well-sprungthred, that my imprison'd soul May be deliver'd from this dull dark hole Of dungeon flesh? O shall I, shall I never Be ransom'd, but remain a slave for ever? It is the lot of man but once to die, But e're that death, how many deaths have I? What human madness makes the world afraid To entertain heav'ns joys, because convey'd By th' hand of death? Will nakedness refuse Rich change of Robes, because the man's not spruse That brought them? Or will poverty send back Full bags of gold, because the bringers black? Life is a bubble, blown with whining breaths, Fill'd with the torment of a thousand deaths;

Which being prick'd by death (while death deprives One life) presents the foul a thousand lives: O frantick mortal, how hath earth bewitch'd Thy bedlam foul, which hath fo fondly pitch'd Upon her false delights! Delights that cease Before enjoyments finds a time to please: Her fickle joys breed doubtful fears; her fears Bring hopeful griefs; her griefs weep fearful tears! Tears coyn deceitful hopes; hopes careful doubt, And furly passion juftles passion out: To day we pamper with a full repaft Of lavish mirth, at night we weep as fast : To night we fwim in wealth, and lend; to morrow. We fink in want, and find no friend to borrow, In what a climate doth my foul refide? Where palefac'd murther, the first born of pride, Sets up her kingdom in the very smiles. And plighted faiths of men like Crocodiles! A land, where each embroyd'red fattin word Is lin'd with fraud; where Mars his lawless sword Exiles Affræa's balance; where that hand Now flayes his brother, that new fow'd his land; O that my days of bondage would expire In this lewd foyl! Lord, how my foul's on fire To be dissolv'd, that I might once obtain These long'd for joyes, long'd for so oft in vain! If Moles like I may not live possest Of his fair land; Lord, let me see't at leaft.

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\$. AUGUST. Soliloqu. cap. 12.

My life is a frail life; a corruptible life; a life, which the more it increaseth, the more it decreaseth : The farther it goeth, the nearer it cometh to death. A deceiful life, and like a shadow full of the snares of death: Now I rejorce, now I languift, now I flourish, now infirm, now I live, and Braight I die; now I feem bappy, always miferable ; now I laugh, now I weeps Thus all things are subject to mutability, that nothing continuerb an hour in one estate : O joy above joy, exceeding all joy without which there is no joy, when shall lenter into thee, that I may see my God that dwelleth in thee?



EPIG. 7.

Art thou fo weak? O canft thou not digeft An hour of travel for an night of rest? Chear up my foul, Call home thy spirits, and bear One bad good-friday, full mouth'd Eafter's near.

VIII.



I were thed Man that I am who flend

VIII.

ROM. 7: 24.

O wretched man that I am! who shall deliver me from the body of this death?

B Ehold thy darling, which thy luftful care
Pampers, for which thy reftless thoughts prepare Such early cares; for whom thy bubbling brow So often sweats, and bankrupt eyes do ow Such midnight scores to nature, for whose sake Base earth is sainted, the infernal lake Unfear'd, the Crown of glory poorly rated: Thy God negletted, and thy Brother hated; Behold thy darling, whom thy foul affects So dearly; whom thy foud indulgence decks And puppets up in foft, in filken weeds: Behold the darling, whom thy fondaels feeds With far-fetch'd delicates, the dear bought gains Of ill spent time, the price of half my pains: Behold thy darling, who, when clad by thee, Derides thy nakedness; and when most free, Proclaims her lover flave; and being fed Most full, then strikes th' indulgent feeder dead. What means thou thus, my poor deluded foul, To love so fondly? Can the burning cole Of thy affection last without the fuel Of counter-love? Is thy compeer so cruel. And thou so kind, to love unlov'd again? Canft thou fow favours, and thus reap disdain?

Remember, O remember, thou art born Of royal blood; remember thou art sworn A Maid of Honour in the Court of Heaven; Remember what a coffly price was given To ransome thee from flav'ry thou wert in: And wilt thou now, my foul, turn flave again? The Son and Heir to Heav'n's Tri-une 1 E HOVE Would fain become a futer for thy love, And offers for thy dow'r his fathers Throne, To fit for Seraphims to gaze upon; He'l give thee Honour, Pleasure, Wealth, and Things Transcending far the Majetty of Kings: And wilt thou profirate to the odious charms Of this base scullion? Shall his hollow arms Hug thy foft fides? Shall these course hands untie The facred Zone of thy virginity? For shame degen'rous soul, let thy defire Be quickned up with more heroick fire; Be wisely proud, let thy ambitious eye Read nobler objects; let thy thoughts defie Such am'rous baseness; let thy soul disdain Th'gnoble profers of so base a swain; Or if thy vows be past, and Hymans bands Have ceremonied your unequal hands, Annul, at least avoid, thy lawless act With insufficiency, or precontrad: Or if the act be good, yet maift thou plead A second freedom; or the flesh is dead.

NAZIANZ. Orat. 16.

How I am joyn'd to this body I know not; which when it is bealthful, provoketh me to war, and being damaged by war, affecteth me with grief; which I both love as a fellow servant, and hate as an utter enemy: It is a pleasant foe, and a persidious friend. O strange conjunction and alienation: What I fear I embrace, and what I love I am afraid of? before I make war, I am reconciled; before I enjoy peace I am at variance.



E P I G. 8:

What need that house be daub'd with flesh and blood? Hang'd round with filks and gold? repair'd with food? Cost idly spent! That cost doth but prolong. Thy thraldome. Fool, thou mak'st thy jail too strong.

IX.



I am in a streight betwiest two having a Defire to Depart er to be with Christ.,

Phil: 1.23. F.H.van. Hove. soulp.

IX.

PHILIPPIANS 1.23.

I am in a straight between two: having a defire to be dissolved, and to be with Christ.

1

Hat meant our careful parents so to wear,
And lavish out their ill extended hours,
To purchase for us large possessions here,
Which (though unpurchas'd) are too truly ours?
What meant they, ah, what meant they to endure
Such loads of needless labour to procure

And make that thing our own, which was our own too fure.

2

What mean these liv'ries and possessive keyes?

What mean these bargains, and these needless sales?

What need these jealous, these suspicious ways

Of law devis'd, and law dissolv'd entails?

No need to sweat for gold, wherewith to buy

Estates of high-priz'd land; no need to tie

Earth to their heirs, were they but clogg'd with earth, as I.

3

O were their fouls but clogg'd with earth, as I,

They would not purchase with so falt an itch;

They would not take of alms, what now they buy?

Nor call him happy, whom the world counts rich;

They would not take such pains, project and prog,

To charge their shoulders with so great a log;

Who hath the greater lands, hath but the greater clog.

T

4

I cannot do an act which earth diffiains;
I cannot think a thought which earth corrupts not;
I cannot speak a word which earth profanes not
I cannot make a vow earth interprets not;

If I but offer up an early groan,

Or spread my wings to Heav'ns long-long'd for throne. She darkens my complaints, and draggs my offring down.

5

Ev'n like the hawk, (whose keepers wary hands
Have made a pris'ner to her wethring stock)
Forgetting quite the pow't of her fast bands,
Makes a rank bate from her forsaken block,
But her to faithful leash doth soon retain
Her broken slight, attempted oft in vain;
It gives her loins a twich, and tuggs her back again.

6

Se, when my foul directs her better eye
To Heav'ns bright Palace (where my treasure lies)
I foread my willing wings, but cannot flie,
Earth hales me down, I cannot, cannot rise:
When I but firive to mount the least degree,
Earth gives a jerk, and foils me on my knee;
Lord, how my foul is rack'd betwirt the world and thee;

7

Great God, I (pread my feeble wings in vain;
In vain I offer my extended hands:
I cannot mount till thou unlink my chain:
I cannot come till thou release my bands:
Which if thou please to break, and then supply
My wings with spirit, th' Eagle shall not slie
A pitch that's half so fair, nor half so swift as I.

BONAVENT. Solilog. Cap. 1.

Ab sweet Fesus, pierce the marrow of my soul with the bealthful shafts of thy love, that it may truly burn and melt and languish with the only desire of thee; that it may desire to be disolved, and to be with thee: Let it hunger alone for the bread of life: Let it thirst after thee, the spring and fountain of eternal light, the stream of true pleasure: let it always, desire thee, seek thee, and sind thee, and sweetly rest in thee.

EPIG. 4.

What? will thy shackles neither loose nor break, Are they too strong, or is thy arm too weak? Art will prevail where knotty Arength denies; My soul, there's Aqua forth in thine eyes.

T. 2

X.



Bring my Soule out of Prison that Imay Praise thy Name Ps: 14 2.7. F.H. Van. Hove. Sculp:

X.

P SAL M. 142. 7.

Bring my soul out of prison, that I may praise thy Name.

Y Soul is like a Bird, my flesh the cage, Wherein she wears her weary pilgrimage Of hours, as few as evil, daily fed With facred Wine, and Sacramental Bread; The keyes that lock her in, and let her out, Are Birth and Death; 'twixt both the hops about From pearch to pearch, from fense to reason; then From higher reason down to sense again : From sense she climbs to Faith; where for a season She fits and fings; then down again to reason: From reason back to faith, and fireight from thence She rudely flutters to the perch of fense: From sence to hope; then hops from hope to doubt, From doubt, to to dull despair; there seeks about For desp'rate freedom, and at ev'ry grate, She wildly thrufts, and beggs th' untimely date Of the unexpired thraldom, to release Th' afflicted captive, that can find no peace. Thus am I coop'd within this fleshly cage I wear my youth, and wast my weary age, Spending that breath which was ordain'd to chaunt Heav'ns praises forth, in fighs, and sad complaint: Whilft happier birds can spread their nimble wing From shrubs to Cedars, and there chirp anp fing,

In choice of raptures, harmonious flory Of mans Redemption, and his Makers glory : You glorious Martyrs, you illuftrious floops, That once were cloy ster'd in your fleshly coops, As fast as I, what rhet rick had your tongues? What dextrous Art had your Elegiac fongs? What Paul-like pow'r had your admir'd devotion What shackle, breaking faith infus'd such motion To your firong prayer, that could obtain the boon To be enlarg'd; to be uncag'd fo foon? What I, poor I, can fing my daily tears; Grown old in bondage, and can find no ears: You great partakers of eternal glory, That with your Heav'n-prevailing Oratory, Releard your fouls from your terrestrial cage, Permit the passion of my holy rage To recommend my forrows, dearly known To you, in days of old, and once your own. To your best thoughts, (but oh't doth not besit ye To move your pray'rs; you love joy, not pittie:) Great Lord of fouls to whom should pris'ners flie, But thee? Thou haft a cage as well as I; And for my fake, thy pleasure was to know The forrows that it brought, and felt'st them too; O fet me free and I will spend those days, Which now I waste in begging, in thy praise.

ANSEL M. in Protolog. cap. 1.

O miserable condition of mankind, that has lost that for which he was created! Alas, what hath he lost? And what hath he found? He hath lost happiness for which he was made, and found misery for which he was not made: What is gone? And what is left? That thing is gone, without which he is unhappy? That thing is left by which he is miserable: O wretched men! From whence are we expelled? To what are we impelled? Whence are we thrown? And whither are we hurried? From our home into hanishment; from the sight of God into our own blindness; from the pleasure of immortality to the hitteruess of death: Miserable change! From how great a good, to how great an evil? Ah me, what have I enterprised? What have I done? Whether did I go? Whether am I come?

E P I G. 10.

Pauls midnight-voice prevail'd; his musicks thunder Uahing'd the prison-doors, split bolts in sunder: And sitt'st thou here, and hang'st the seeble wing? And whin'st to be enlarg'd? Soul, learn to sing.

XI.



As the Hart panteth after the waterbrooks So panteth my foule after thee C Lord.

F.H.van.Hovesalp

289

XI.

PSALM. 24. 2.

As the Heart panteth after the water-brooks, fo panteth my soul after thee, O God.

ŧ

Which Heav'n hath kindled in my ravish'd heart?
What Muse shall I invoke, that will inspire
My lowly quill to all a losty part!
What Art shall I devise t'express desire,
Too intricate to be express'd by Art!
Let all the Nine be filent; I refuse
Their aid in this high task, for they abuse
The flames of love too much; Assist me, Davids Muse.

2

Not as the thirsty soil desires soft show'rs
To quicken and refresh her Embrion grain;
Nor as the drooping crests of fading slow'rs
Requests the bounty of a morning rain,
Do I desire my God: These in sew hours,
Re-wish what late their wishes did obtain,
But as the swift foot Hart doth wounded slie
To th' much desired streams, even so do I
Pant after thee, my God, whom I must find, or die.

Before a pack of deep-mouth'd lufts I flee; O, they have fingled out my panting heart,

And wanton Cupid, fitting in a tree,

Hath pierc'd my bosome with a flaming dart; My foul being spent, for refuge seeks to thee, But cannot find where thou my refuge art:

Like as the swift-foot Hart doth wounded flie To the defired ftreams, ev'n so do I Pant after thee, my God, whom I must find, or die.

At length by flight, I over-went the pack; Thou drew'ft the wanton dart from out my wound

The blood that follow'd, left a purple track,

Which brought a Serpent, but in shape a Hound; We frove, he bit me; but thou break'ft his back, Heft him grov'ling on th' envenom'd ground;

But as the Serpent bitten Hart doth flie To the long-long'd for streams, ev'n so did I Pant after thee, my God, whom I must find, or die.

If Luft should chase my soul, made swift by fright, . Thou art the fiream, whereto my foul is bound: Or if a Jav'lin wound my fides in flight,

Thou art the Balfom that must cure my wound : If poyfon chance t' infeft my foul in fight,

Thou art the Treacle that must make me sound: Ev'n as the wounded Hart, emboft, doth flie Toth' ftreams extreamly long'd for, fo do I.

Pant after thee, my God, whom I must find, or die.

CYRIL. lib. 5. in Joh. cap. 10.

O precious water, which quenches the notione thirst of this world, scoures all the stains of sinners, that waterest the earth of our souls with heavenly showers, and bringes back the thirsty heart of man to his only God!

S. AUGUST. Solilog. 35.

O fountain of life, and vein of living waters, when shall I leave this forsaken, impassible, and dry earth, and taste the waters of thy sweetness, that I may behold thy virtue and thy glory, and slack my thirst with the streams of thy mercy; Lerd, I thirst: Thou are the spring of life, satisfic me; I thirst Lord, I thirst after thee the living God!



EPIG. II.

The arrow smitten Hart, deep wounded, flies To th' springs with water in his weeping eyes: Heav'n is thy spring: if Satans fiery dart Pierce thy faint sides: Do so, my wounded Heart.

XII.



When shall I come and appeare before the Lord . Pf. +2: 2.

XII.

PSALM 42. 2.

When shall I come and appear before God:

That is my foul the better to be tin'd With holy fire? What boots it to be coya'd With Heavens own flamp? What vantage can there be To fouls of Heav'n-desended pedigree, More, then to beaft that grovel? Are not they Fed by th' Almighties hand? And ev'ry day, Fill'd with his bleffings too? Do they not fee God in his Creatures, as direct as we? Do they not taffe thee? Hear thee? Nay, what sense Is not partaker of thine Excellence? What more do we? Alas, what serves our reason, But, like dark-lanthorns, to accomplish treason With greater closenes? It affords no light, Brings thee no nearer to our pur bline fight: No pleasure rises up thee least degree, Great God, but in the clearer-view of thee: What priv'ledge more then fense hath reason then? What vantage is it to be born, a man? How often hath my patience built, dear Lord, Vain towers of hope upon thy gracious Word? How often hath thy Hope reviving Grace Woo'd my suspicious eyes to seek thy face ? How often have I fought thee? O how long Hath expectation taught my perfect tongue Repeated pray'cs, yet pray'rs could-ne'r obtain; In vain I feek thee, and I beg in vain:

Book 5

If it be high prefumption to behold Thy face, why didft thou make mine eyes fo bold To feek it? If that object, be too bright For mans aspect, why did thy lips invite Mine eye t'expect it? If it might be feen, Why is this envious curtain drawn between My darkned eye and it? O tell me, why Thou doft command the thing thou doft deny; Why dost thou give me so unpriz'd a treasure. And then deny'it my greedy foul the pleafure To view my gift: Alas, that gift is void. And is no gift, that may not be enjoy'd: If those refulgent beams of Heavens great light Guild not the day, what is the day, but night? The drowzy shepherd sleeps; flowrs droop and fade; The birds are fullen, and the beafts is fad But if bright Titan dart his golden ray, And, with his riches, glorifie the day, The jolly thepherd pipes; flowrs freshly spring; The beafts grown gamesome, and the birds they fing, Thou art my Sun, great God : O when shall I View the full beams of thy Meridian eye? Draw, draw this fleshly courtain, that denies The gracious presence of thy glorious eyes; Or give me faith; and by the eye of grace, I shall behold thee, though not face to face.

S. AUGUST. in. Pfal. 39.

Who created all things is better than all things; who heautified all things is more beautiful than all things: Who made strength is stronger than all things: Who made great things is greater than all things: Whatsoever thou lovest, he is that to thee: Learn to love the workman in his work, the Creatour in his creature: Let not that which was made by him possess thee, lest thou life him by whom thyself was made.

S. AUGUST. Med. cap. 37.

O thou most sweet, most gracious, most amiable, most fair, when shall I fee thee? When shall I be satisfied with thy beauty? When will thou lead me from this dark dungeon, that I may confessibly name.



How art thou shaded in this veil of night, Behind thy curtain sless? Thou seeft no light, But what thy pride doth challenge, as her own; Thy sless is high: Soul, take this curtain down. XIII.



Oh VI had & Wings of a Dove for then I would Ay away and beat rest 15:55:8.

. ould AHL refe blue . น่อง อำรา เราะ เกา

The brand with the state PSALM: 55. 6.

O that I had the wings of a Dove, for then I would flie away and be at rest!

A Nd am I sworn a danghil-slave for ever To earth's base drudg'ry? shall I never find A night of reft? fhalf my Indentures never Be cancell'd? did injurious Nature bind My foul earth's prentice, with no clause to leave her?
No day of freedom: must I ever grind; O that I had the pinions of a Dove, That I might quit my bands and fore above,

And pour my just complaints before the great Jehove !

How happy are the Doves, that have the pow'r When e're they please, to spread their airy wings? Or cloud-dividing Eagles, that can towre Above the scent of these inferiour things! How happy is the Lark, that ev'ry hour Leaves earth, and then for joy mounts up and fings! Had my dull foul but wings as well as they, How I would spring from earth, and clip away!

As wife Affrea did, and forn this ball of clay.

O how my foul would fourn this ball of clay. And loath the dainties of earth's painful pleasure ?

O how I'de laugh to see men night and day

Turmoil, to gain that trash, they call their treasure!

O how I'de smile to see what plots they lay

To catch a blaft, or own a smile from Cafar! Had I the pinions of a mounting Dove,

How I would foar and fing, and hate the love Of transitory toys, and feed on joys above!

There should I find that everlasting pleasure, Which change removes not, and which chance prevents There should I find that everlasting treasure,

Which force deprives not, fortune disaugments not;

There should I find that everlasting Casar,
Whose hand recalls not, and whose heart repents not; Had I the pinions of a clipping Dove,

How I would climb the skies, and hate the love

Of transitory toys, and joy in things above!

No rank mouth'd slander there shall give offence, Or blaft our blooming names, as here they do;

No liver scalding lust shall there incense Our boiling veins. There is no Cupia's bow;

Lord, give my foul the milk-white innocence

Of Doves, and I shall have their pinions too: Had I the pinions of a sprightly Dove, How I would quit this earth, and foar above

And Heav'ns bleft kingdom find, with Heav'ns bleft King (Tehove.

5. A U G.

S. AUGUST. in Pfal. 138.

What wings frould I desire, but the two precepts of love, on which the Liw, and the Prophers depend! O if I could obtain these wings, I could fly from thy face to thy face, from the face of thy Justice to the face of thy Mercy: Let us find those wings by love, which we have lost by lust:

S. AUGUST. in Pfal. 76.

Let us cast off wbassoever kindereib, entargleth, or burdeneth our flight, until we attain that which satisfieth; beyond which, nothing u; beneath which, all things are; of which all things are:

EPIG. 13.

Tell me, my wishing soul, did'st ever trie How fast the wings of red crost faith can slie? Why begg'st thou then the pinions of a Dove? Faiths wings are swifter, but the swiftest love.

U 2

XV.



How amiable are thy Tabernacles 0 Lord of Hosts, my Soule longeth, yea even rainteth for the courts of the Lord. P. 32.

XIV.

PSALM 84.1.

How amiable are thy tabernacles, O God of Hosts!

Ntient of days to whom all times are Now, Before whose Glory Seraphims do bow Their blushing cheeks, and veil their blemish'd faces, That, uncontain'd, at once doth fill all places; How glorious, O how far beyond the height Of puz'led quils, or the obtule conceit Of flesh and blood, or the too flat reports Of mortal tongues are thy exprelless courts! Whose glory to paint forth with greater Art, Ravish my fancy, and inspire my heart; Excuse my bold attempt, and pardon me For shewing sense, what Faith alone should see. Ten thousand millions, and ten thousand more Of Angel-measured leagues, from th' Eastern shore Of dungeon-earth his glorious Palace stands, Before whose pearly gates ten thousand bands Of armed Angles wait to entertain Those purged souls, for which the Lamb was slain; Whose guiltless death and voluntary yielding Of whole given life, gave the brave court her building; The luke warm blood of this dear Lamb being spilt; To tubies turn'd whereof her posts were built; And what dropp'd down in a kind gelid gore, Did turn rich Saphyres, and did pave her floor: U a The

The brighter flames, that from his eye-balls ray'd, Grew Chrysolites, whereof her walls were made: The milder glances sparkled on the ground, And groundfild every door with Diamond; But dying, darted upwards, and did fix A battlement of pureft Sardonix. Her streets with burnish'd gold are paved round, Stars lye like pebbles foatt'red on the ground: Pearl mixt with Onyx, and the Jasper stone, Made gravell'd cause-ways to be trampled on. There Thines no Sun by day, no Moon by night, The Palace glory is the Palace light: There is no time to measure motion by, Their Time is swallow'd with Eternity: Wry-mouth'd Disdain, and corner hunting Luft, And twy fac'd Fraud, and beetle-brow'd Distrust Soul-boyling Rage, and trouble flate Sedition, And giddy Doubt, and goggle ey'd Suspition, And lumpish Sorrow, and degen'rous Fear Are banish'd thence, and Death's a stranger there: But simple Love, and sempiternal Joys Whose sweetness neither gluts nor fulness cloys; Where face to face our ravish'd eye shall see Great E L O H I M, that glorious One in Three, And Three in One, and seeing him that bles him, And bleffing, love him, and in love possess him, Here flay my foul and ravish in relation : The words being spent, spend now in contemplation.

S. GREG. in Pfal. 7. poenitent.

Sweet Jefm, the Word of the Father, the brightness of paternal glory, whom Angles delight to view, teach me to do thy will; that led by thy good Spirit, I may come to that blefed City, where day is eternal, where there is certain security, and secure eternity, and eternal peace, and peaceful happiness, and happy sweetness, and sweet pleasure; where thou, O God, with the Father and the holy spirit livest and reignest world without end.

Ibidem.

There is light without darkness; joy without grief; desire without punishment; love without sadness; satiety without loathing; safty without sear; health without disease; and life without death.

E PIG. 14.

My foul, pry not too nearly; the complexion Of sols bright face is feen by reflection: But would'it thou know what's Heav'n? I'l tell thee what, Think what thou can't not think, and Heav'n is that, XV.



Make hast my beloved and he than like to a Roe, or to a young Hart upon y Mount: taines of Spices? Cant: 8: 14.

XV.

CANTICLES 8. 14.

Make hast, my Beloved, and be like the Roe, or the young Hart upon the mountains of Spices.

O, gentle tyrant, go; thy flames do pierce; My foul too deep; thy flames are too too fierce; My marrow melts, my fainting spirits fry I' th' torrid Zone of thy Meridian eye: Away, away, thy fweets are too perfuming: Turn, turn thy face, thy fires are too confuming: Haft hence, and let thy winged fleps out go The frighted Ro-buck, and this flying Roe. But wilt thou leave me then? O thou that art Life of my foul, foul of my dying heart, Without the sweet aspect of whose fair eyes? My foul doth languish, and her solace dies, Art thou so easily woo'd? so apt to hear The frantick language of my foolish fear? Leave, leave me not, nor turn thy beauty from me; Look, look upon me, though thine eyes o'recome me. O how they wound! But how my wounds content me! How sweetly these delightful pains torment me! How I am tortur'd in excessive measure Of pleasing cruelties too cruel measure! Turn, turn away, remove thy scorching beams; I languish with these bitter-sweet extreams:

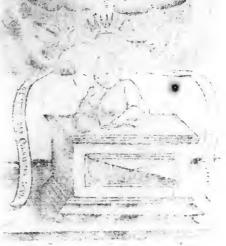
Haste then, and let thy winged steps out-go
The slying Ro-buck, and his frighted Ro.
Turn back, my dear; O let my ravish'd eye
Once more behold thy face before thou sly;
What shall we part without a mutual kis?
O who can leave so sweet a face as this?
Look full upon me; for my soul desires
To turn a holy Martyr in those fires:

O leave me not, nor turn thy beauty from me;
Look, look upon me, though thy flames ov'rcome me.
If thou becloud the Sun-shine of thy eye,
I freeze to death, and if it shine, I fry;
Which like a feaver, that my soul hath got,
Makes me to burn too cold, or freeze too hot:
Alas, I cannot bear so sweet a smart,
Nor canst thou be less glorions, than thou art.

Hafte then, and let thy winged fleps out go
The frighted Ro-buck, and this flying Ro,
But go not far beyond the reach of breath;
Too large a diffance makes another death:
My youth is in her fpring; Autumnal vows
Will make me riper for so sweet a Spoule;
When after times have burnish'd my desire,
I'l shoot thee slames for slames, and fire for fire.

O leave me not, nor turn thy beauty from me; Look, look upon me, though thy flames ov'rcome me. Autor scalæ Paradisi. Tom. 9. Aug. cap. S.

Fear not, O Bride, nor despair; think not thy self contemned if thy Bridegroom withdraw his face a while: All things cooperate for the best: Both from his absence, and his presence
thougainst light: He cometh to thee, and he goeth from thee:
He cometh to make thee consolate; he goeth, to make thee cautious, lest thy abundant consolation puss thee up: He cometh, that
thy languishing soul may be comforted; he goeth, lest his familiarity should be contemned; and being absent to be more
desired; and being desired, to be more earnessly sought: And
being long sought, to be more acceptably sound.



EPIG. 15.

My foul fins Monster, whom with greater ease Ten thousand fold, thy God could make than please What would'st thou have? Nor pleas'd with Sun, nor shade? Heav'n knows not what to make of what he made.



The FAREWELL.

REV. 2. 10.

Be thou faithful unto Death, and I will give thee the Crown of Life.

Believe: 'tis easie to believe; but what's that?

That he whom thy hard heart hath wounded,
And whom thy scorn hath spit upon,
Hath paid thy fine, and hath compounded
For these fouls deeds thy hands have done a
Believe, that he whose gentle palms
Thy needle pointed fins have nailed,
Hath born thy slavish load (of alms)
And made supply where thou hast failed,
Did ever mis'ry find so firange relief?

It is a love too firange for mans belief.

2

Believe that he whole fide
Thy crimes have pierc'd with their rebellions, dy'd,
To fave thy guilty foul from dying
Ten thouland horrid deaths, from whence
There was no fcape, there was no flying,
But through his dearest bloods expence:
Believe, this dying friend requires
No other thanks for all his pain,
But ev'n the truth of weak defires,
And for his love, but love again:
Did ever mis'ry find fo true a friend?
It is a love too wast to comprehend.

With floods of tears baptize

And drench these dry, these unregen rate eyes;

Lord, whet my during belief,

And break this fleshly rock in sunder, That from this heart, this hell of grief, May spring a Heav'n of love and wonder:

O if thy mercies will remove

And melt this lead from my belief, My grief will then refine my love,

My love will then refresh my grief, Then weep mine eyes as he hath bled; vouchsafe To drop for every drop an Epitaph.

4

But is the crown of Glory

The wages of a lamentable flory?

Or can so great a purchase rise
From a salt humour? Can mine eye
Run sast enough t' obtain this prize?
If so, Lord, who's so mad to die?
Thy tears are trisles; thou must do:
Alas I cannot then endeavour;
I will! But will a tug or two

Suffice the turn? Thou must persever:

1'l strive till death; and shall my feeble strife

Be crown'd? I'l crown it with a crown of life.

But is there such a dearth

That thou must buy, what is thy due by birth?

He whom thy hands did form of dust

And give him breath upon condition;

To love his great Creatour, must

He now be thine by composition?

Art thou a gracious God and mild,

Or head-stroag man rebellious rather?

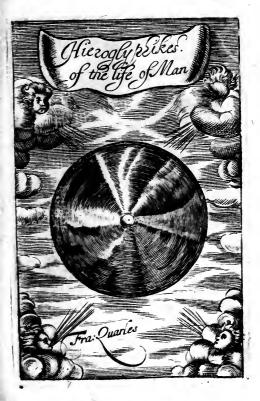
O, man's a base rebellious child,

And thou a very gracious Father:

The gife is thine; we firly thou crown't our firle;

Thou giv'ft us Faith: and Faith, a crown of life,

F I N I S.



The mind of the Fromispiese.

This Bubble's Man: Hope, Fear, false Joy and Trouble, Are those Four Winds which daily toss this Bubble.



in the choice for the control of the choice of the choice

To the Right Honourable

.vioistipad W

Soth in BLOOD and VIRTUE,

M A R Y

Countels of DORSET,

Lady Governess to the Most Illustrious

CHARLES,

PRINCE of GREAT-BRITAIN,

AND

JAMES DUKE of YORK.

Excellent Lady,

Present these Tapors to burn under the safe protection of your Honourable Name; bere, I presume, they stand secure from the Damps of Ignorance, and Blasts of Censure,

The Epistle Dedicatory.

It is a small part of that abundant service which my thankful heart oweth your incomparable goodness. Be pleased to honour it with your noble Acceptance, which shall be nothing but what your own esteem shall make it.

outrole of the second

MADAM,

Your Ladiship's

· Committee of the comm

Most Humble Servant,

Fra. Quarles.

To the READER.

If you are satisfied with my Emblems, I here set before you a second Service. It is an Azyptian Dish, drest on the English Fashion: They, at their Feasts, used to present a Death's-Head at their Second Course: This will serve for both. You need not sear a Surseit: Here is but little, and that light of digestion: If it but please your Palate, I question not your Stomack: Fall too; and much good may it do you.

Convivio addit Minerval. E. B.

Rem, Regem, Regimen, Regionem, Religionem, Exornat, celebrat, laudat, honorat, amat.



PSALM. 1. 5.

Behold I was shapen in iniquity, and in sin did my Mother conceive me.

Man is man's A. B. C. There is none that can Read God aright, unless he first speell Man: Man is the flairs, whereby his knowledge climbs, To his Creatour though it oftentimes Stumbles for want of light, and fometimes trips For want of careful heed; and fometimes flips Through unadvised hafte; and then at length His weary fleps have reach'd the top, his firength Oft falls to fland; his giddy brains turn round; And Phieron like, falls headlong to the ground: These stairs are often dark, and full of danger To him, whom want of practice makes a ftranger, To this blind way: the Lamps of nature lends But a false light, and lights to her own ends. These be the ways to Heaven, these paths require A light that springs from that Diviner fire, Whole human foul-enlightning Sun-beams dart Through the bright crannies of th'immortal part.

And here thou great Original of Light,
Whose errour chasing beams do unbenight
The very soul of darkness, and untwist
The clouds of ignorance, do thou assist
My feeble quill; reslect thy sacred raves
Upon these lines, that they may light the ways
That lead to thee; so guide my heart, my hand,
That I may do what others understand.
Let my heart practice what my hand shall write;
Till then, I am a Tapor wanting light.

Hieroglyph, I.

324 This golden Precept, Know thy felf, come down From Heavn's high Court: It was an Art unknown To flesh and blood. The men of Nature took Great journies in it: Their dim eyes did look But through the mift, like Pilgrims they did fpend Their idle steps, but know no journies end. The way to know thy felf, is first to cast Thy frail beginning, Progress, and thy laft: This is the fum of Man; But now return And view this Tapour standing in this Urn. Behold her substance fordid and impure, Useless and vain, and (wanting light) obscure: 'Tis but a span at longest, nor can last Beyond that span; ordain'd and made to wast: Ev'n fuch was Man (before his foul gave light To this vile (ubstance) a meer child of night; Ere he had life, estated in his Urn, And markt for death; by nature, born to burn ? Thus liveless, lightless, worthless first began That glorious, that prefumptuous thing called Man.

S. AUGUST.

Consider, O man, what thou were before thy birth, and what thou are from thy birth to thy death, and what thou shalt he after death: Thou were made of an impure substance, chothed and nourished in thy mothers blood.

EPIG. I.

Forbear, fond Tapour: What thou feek'st, is fire: Thy own distruction's lodg'd in thy defire. Thy wants are far more safe then their supply: He that begins to live, begins to die.



Descius unde.

226

GEN. 2. 3.

And God said, Let there be Light; and there was Light.

I

His flame expeding Tapour hath at length
Received fire, and now begins to burn:
It hath no vigour yet, it hath no ftrength;
Apt to be puft and quencht at every turn:
It was a gracious hand that thus endow'd
This fnuff with flame; But mark this hand doth shroud
It self from mortal eyes, and fold it in a cloud.

2

Thus man begins to live. An unknown flame
Quickens his finisht Organs, now possest
With motion; and which motion doth proclaim
An active foul, though in a feeble breast:
But how, and when infus'd ask not my pen;
Here slies a cloud before the eyes of men:
I cannot tell thee how, nor canst thou tell me when.

3

Was it a parcel of Celeftial fire
Infus'd by Heav'n into this fleshly mould:
Or was it (think you) made a foul entire?
Then, Was it new created? Or of old?
Or is't a propagated Spark, rak'd out
From Natures embers? While we go about,
By reason to resolve, the more we raise a doubt.

4

If it be part of that celeftial Flame,
It must be ev'n as pure, as free from spot
As that eternal Fountain whence it came:
If pure and spotless, then whence came the blot
It self being pure could not it self defile;
Nor hath unastive matter pow'r to soil
Her pure and active form, as Jars corrupt their Oyl.

5

Or if it were created, tell me when?

If in the first six days, where kept till now?

Or if thy soul were new created, then
Heav'n did not at all, at first, he had to do:

Six days, expired all creation ceast
All kinds, ev'n from the greatest to the least,

Were sinisht and compleat before the day of rest.

6

But why should Man, the Lord of Creatures, want
That priviledge which Plants and Beasts obtain?
Beasts bring forth Beasts, the Plant a perfect Plant;
And ev'ry like bring forth her like again:
Shall Fowls and Fishes, Beasts and Plants convey
Life to their issue, and Man less than they?
Shall these get living souls? And Min dead lumps of clay?

7

Must human souls be generated then;
My water ebs; behold, a Rock is nigh:
If Natures work produce the souls of men,
Mans soul is mortal: All that's born must die.
What shall we then conclude? What sun-shine will
Disperse with gloomy cloud? Till then, be still,
My vainly striving thoughts; lie down, my puzzled quill.

ISIDOR.

ISIDOR.

Why dost thou wonder, O man, at the height of the Stars, or the depth of the Sea? Enter into thy own soul, and wonder there.

Thy foul by creation is infused, by infusion, created.

EPIG. 2.

What art thou now the better by this flame?
Thou know'ft not how, nor when, nor whence it came:
Poor kind of happiness, that can return
No more account but this, to say, Iburn.



What act they so. Your house the second of t

PSAL: M. 103. 16. 4.11 91:

The wind passeth over it, and it is gone,

i's c. mera we to confeet us

indige of long hing as

O sooner is this lighted Taper set

Upon the transcory stage

Of eye-bedarking night, of the control of the set of the control of the set of the control of the set of the set of the control of the set of the s

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No fooner are we born, no fooner come

To take possession of this vast,

This foul afflicting earth,

But danger meets us at the very womb, the said of the said o

3

Nor infant innocence, nor childish tears,
Nor youthful wit, nor manly power,
Nor politick old age,
Nor virgins pleading, nor the widows prayers,
Nor lowly cell, nor losty tower,
Nor Prince, nor Peer, nor Page
Can scape this common blast, or curb her stormy rage.

- 1750 ... 1. 1. 1.

Our life is but a pilgrimage of blaffs. And every blaft brings forth a fear: And every fear, a death;

The more it lengthens, ah, the more it wastes:

Were, were we to continue here The days of long liv'd Setb,

Our forrows would renew, as we renew our breath?

Toft too and fro, our frighted thoughts are driv'a With every puff, with every tide Of life-confuming care; of the life life

Our peaceful flame, that would point up to Heav'n
Is fill diffurb'd, and turn'd afide; And every blaft of air

Commits such waste in man as man cannot repair.

Moles rater born word W'are all born debters, and we firmly fland a size of Oblig'd for our first parents debt, who a find it Besides our intaerest;

Alas; we have no h rmless counter-band,

With threatnings of arreft,

And till we pay the debt, we can expect no reft.

What may this forrow-shaken life present and in That's worth the name of fweet? Her minutes pleasur's choak't, with discontent, Her glory foil'd with every blaft;

How many dangers meet. Poor man betwirt the biggin and the winding sheet.

S. AUGUST.

In this world, not to be grieved, not to be afflided, not to be in danger, is impossible.

Ibidem.

Behold, the world it full of trouble, yet beloved: What if it were a pleasing world? How wouldst thou delight in her calms, that canst so well endure her storms.



EPIG. 7.

Art thou confum'd with soul afflicting crosses?
Disturb'd with grief? annoy'd with worldly losses?
Hold up thy head; the Tapour listed hie
Will brook the wind, when lower Tapours die.

HUSU!



Curando Labascit.

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MATTHEW 9. 12.

The whole need not the Physitian.

I

A Lways pruning, always cropping?

Is her brightness ftill obscur'd?

Ever dressing, ever topping?

Always curing, never cur'd?

Too much souffing makes a waste;

When the spirits spend too fast,

They will shrink at ev'ry blast.

2

You that always are bestowing
Costly pains in life repairing,
Are but always overthrowing
Natures work by overcaring:
Nature meeting with her so,
In a work she hath to do,
Takes a pride to over-throw.

:

Nature knows her own perfection, And her pride distains a tutour, Cannot stoop to Arts correction, And she scorns a co-adjutor. Saucy Art should not appear Till she whisper in her ear: Hagar slees, if Sara bear.

Nature worketh for the better, If not hindred that the cannot; Art flands by as her abetter,

Ending nothing she began not;
If distemper chance to seise
Nature foil d with the disease,
Art may help her if she please.

Rus

5

But to make a trade of trying
Druggs and doses always pruning,
Is to die for fear of dying;
He's untun'd, that's always tuning.
He that often loves to lack
Dear-bought drugs hath found a knack
To foyl the man, and feed the Quack.

6

O the fad, the frail condition
Of the pride of Natures glory!
How infirm his composition,
And at best how transitory!
When this riot doth impair
Natures weakness, then his care
Adds more ruin by repair.

7

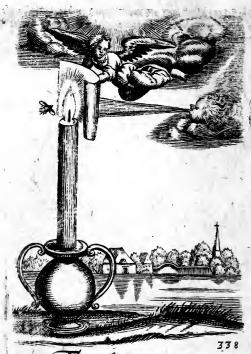
Hold the hand, healths dear maintainer,
Life perchance may burn the fironger:
Having substance to substain her,
She untouch'd, may last the longer:
When the Artist goes about,
To redress her stame, I doubt,
Oftentimes he snuffs it out.

NICOCLES!

Physicians of all men are most happy; what good success soever they have, the world proclaimeth, and what faults they commit, the earth covereth.

EPIG. 4.

My purse being heavy, if my light appear But dimm, Quack comes to make all clear; Quack leave thy trade; thy dealings are not right, Thou tak'ft our weigty gold to give us light.



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PSALM. 11. 91.

And he will give his Angels charge over thee.

How mine eyes could please themselves, and spend Perpetual ages in this precious fight ! How I could woe Eternity, to lend My wasting day an antidote for night And how my flesh could with my flesh contend, That views this object with no more delight!

My work is great, my Tapour spends too fast: 'Tis all I have, and foon would out or wast

Did not this bleffed fcreen protest it from this blaft.

O. I have loft the jewel of my foul, And I must find it out, or I must die? Alas! My fin-made darkness doth controul The bright endeavour of my careful eye: I must go search and ransack every hole;

Nor have I other light to to feek it by: O if this light be spent, my work not done, My labour's worse then loft; my jewel's gone,

And I am quite forlorn, and I am quite undone.

You bleffed Angels, you that do enjoy. The full fruition of eternal glory,

Will you be pleas'd to fancy fuch a toy As man, and quit your glorious territory, And floop to earth, vouchfafing to employ

Your care to guard the dust that lies before ye? Disdain you not these lumps of dying clay, That for your pains, do oftentimes repay

Neglet, if not disdain, and send you griev'd away?

This

PSALNA

This tapour of our lives, that once was plac'd

In the fair suburbs of Eternity,

Is now alas confin'd to ev'ry blast,
And turn'd a Mappole for the sporting Fly;

And will you, sacred Spirits, please to cast

Your care on us, and lend a gracious eye?

How had this slender inch of Tapour been

Blasted and blaz'd, had not this heavenly Screen

Curb'd the proud blaft, and timely flept between !

5

O goodness, far transcending the report
Of lavish tongues! too vast to comprehend:
'Amazed quill, how far dost thou come short
T' express expressions that so far transcend!
You blessed Courtiers of th' eternal Court,
Whose full-mouth'd Hallelujahs have no end,
Receive that world of praises that belongs
To your great Sov'reign; fill your holy tongues
With our Hosanna's mix'd with your Scraphick songs.

S. BERN.

If thou desirest the help of Angels, sty the comforts of the world, and resist the temprations of the Devil. He will give his Angels charge over thee. O what reverence, what love, what confidence deserveth fo sweet a saying ? For their presence, reverence; for their good will, love; for their tuition, confidence.



EPIG. 5.

My flame, art thou disturb'd, diseas'd and driv'n To death with storms of grief? Point thou to Heav'n: One Angel there shall ease thee more alone, Then thrice as many thousands of thy own.



Tempus erit,

ECCLESIASTES 3. 1.

To every thing there is an appointed time.

1

Time

Death,

Pehold the frailty of this ilender fouff
Alas, it hath not long to lait:
Without the help of either thief or puff,
Her weakness knows the way to wast:
Nature hath made her jubstance apt enough
To spend it self, and spend too fast:
It needs the help of none

That is to prone

To lavish out uptouch'd, and languish all alone.

2

Death. Time, hold thy peace, and shake thy slow pac'd fand:
Thy idle minutes make no way:

Thy glass exceeds her how'r, or elfe doth fland, I cannot hold, I cannot flav.

Surcease thy pleading, and enlarge fify hand

I furfet with too long delay:

This brisk, this bold-sac'd light Doth burn too bright;

Darkness adorns my throne, my day is darkest night.

3

Time. Great Prince of darkness, hold thy needless hand;
Thy captiv's fast and cannot see:

What arm can refue? Who can countermand? What pow'r can fet thy pris'ner free?

Or if they could, what close, what foreign land Can hide that head that flees from thee?

But if her harmless light

Offend thy fight, (at night? What need'st thou snatch at noon, what will be thine

I

4

Death. I have out flaid my patience; my quick trade
Grows dull and makes too flow return:
This long liv'd debt is due, and fhould been paid
When first her flame began to burn:
But I have flaid too long, I have delaid
To flore my vast, my craving Urn.
My patient gives me pow'r
Each day, each hour, (tow'r
To ftrike the Peasants thatch, & shake the Princely

5

Time. Thou count'st to fast: Thy patient gives no pow'r
Till Time shall please to say, Amen. (hour?

Death. Canst thou appoint my shaft? Time. Or thou my

Death. 'Tis I bid, do. Time. 'Tis I bid, When
Alas! Thou canst not make the poorest flow'r
To hang the drooping head till then:
Thy shafts can neither kill,
Nor strike, until (will.

My power give them wings, and pleasure arm thy

S. AUGUST.

Thou knowest not what time be will come: Wait always that because thou knowest not the time of his coming, thou mayest be prepared against the time be cometh. And for this perchance, thou knowest not the time, because thou mayest be prepared against all times.



EPIG. 6.

Expect, but fear not death: Death cannot kill, Till Time, (that first must feal her Patent) will: Would'st thou live long? keep Time in high esteem; Whom gone, if thou canst not recal, redeem.



7 3 7 3000

Nec sine nec Tecum

JOB. 18.6.

His light shall be dark; and his candle shall be put out.

What ails our tapour? Is her luftre fled, Or foyl'd? What dire disafter bred This change, that thus she vails her golden head?

It was but very now the thin'd as fair
As Venus flar. Her glory might compare
With Cynthia, burnitht with her brothers hair.

There was no cave-begotten damp that mought Abuse her beams; no wind that went about To break her peace; no puff to put her out.

Lift up thy wond'ring thoughts, and thou shalt spie A cause, will clear thy doubts, but cloud thine eye: Subjects must vail, when as their Sov'reign's by.

Canft thou behold bright Phabu, and thy fight No whit impair'd? The object is too bright; The weaker yields unto the ftronger light.

Great God, I am thy tapour, thou my fun; From thee, the Spring of light, my light begun; Yet if thy light but shine, my light is done.

If thou withdraw thy light, my light will shine, If thine appear, how poor a light is mine? My light is darkness if compar'd to thine.

Q

Thy Sun beams are too firong for my weak eye; If thou but shine, how nothing, Lord, am I!

Ab, who can see thy visage, and not die!

9

If intervening earth should make a night,
My wanton slame would then shine forth too bright;
My earth would even presume t'eclipse thy light.

0

And if thy light be shadow'd, and mine fade, If thine be dark, and my dark light decay'd, I should be cloathed with a double shade.

I

What shall I do? O what shall I desire? What help can my distracted thoughts require, That thus am wasted twixt a double fire?

12

In what a firait, in what a strait am I?
'Tiwixt two extreams how my rackt fortunes lie?
See I thy face, or see it not, I die.

13

O let the steam of my Redeemers blood, That breaths from my sick soul, be made a cloud, To interpose these lights, and be my shroud.

14

Lord, what am I? Or what's the light I have ? May it but light my ashes to their grave, And so from thence, to thee; 'cis all I crave.

15

O make my light, that all the world may see Thy glory by 't: If not, It seems to me Honour enough, to be put out by thee. Hieroglyph. VII.

349

O light inaccessible, in respect of which my light is utter darkness; so restect upon my weakness, that all the world may behold thy strength: O Majestic incomprehensible, in respect of which my glory is more shame: so shine upon my misery that all the world may behold thy glory.



EPIG. 7.

Wilt then complain, because thou art bereav'n Of all thy light? Wilt thou vie lights with Heav'n? Can thy bright eye not brook the daily light? Take heed: I fear thou art a child of night.



Nec virtus obscura petit . 350

MATTHEW 5. 16.

Let your light so shine, that men seeing your good works may gloriste your Father which is in Heaven.

1

As it for this, the breath of Heaven was blown
Into the nostrils of this Heavenly creature?
Was it for this, that facred Three in One
Conspir'd to make this quintessence of Nature?
Did Heavenly providence intend
so rare a fabrick for so poor an end?

.

Was Man, the highest master-piece of Nature,
The curious abstract of the whole creation,
Whose sould was copied from his great Creator,
Made to give light, and set for observation,
Ordain'd for this? To spend his light
In a dark-lauthorn cloystred up in night?

3

Tell me, recluse Monastick, can it be
A disadvantage to thy beams to shine?
A thousand tapours may gain light from thee:
Is thy light less or worse for lighting mine?
If wanting light, I stumble, shall
Thy darkness not be guilty of my fall?

4

Why dost thon lurk so close? Is it for sear Some busie eye should pry into thy slame, And spie a thief, or else some blemish there?

Or being spi'd, shrink'st thou thy head for shame?

Come, come fond tapour, shine but clear,
Thou needst not shrink for shame, nor shroud for fear.

Remember

1.75 H TY Y

Remember, O remember, thou wert let
For men to see the great Creatour by;
Thy slame is not thy own: It is a debt
Thou own'st thy Master. And wilt thou deny
To pay the int'rest of thy light?
And skulk in corners, and play least in fight?

5

Art thou afraid to trust thy easie slame
To the injurious wast of Fortunes pust?
Ah, coward, rouze, and quit thy self for shame:
Who dies in service, hath liv'd long enough:
Who shines, and makes no eye partaker,
Usurps himself, and closely robs his Maker.

7

Make not thy felf a Pris'ner, that art free :
Why doft thou turn thy Palace to a jail?
Thou art an Eagle: And befits it thee
To live immured like a cloyfter'd finail?
Let toys feek corners; things of coft
Gain worth by view: Hid jewels are but loft.

8

My God, my light is dark enough at lighteff,
Encrease her flame, and give her ftrength to shine:
'Fis frail at best: 'Tis dim enough at brightest,
But 'tis her glory to be foyld by thine,
Let others lurk: My light shall be
Propos'd to all men; and by them to thee.

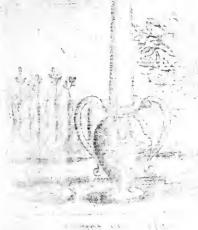
S. BERN.

S. BERN.

If thou be one of the foolish virgins, the congregation is nester for thee; if thou be one of the wife virgins, thou are necessary for the congregation.

HUGO.

Monasticks make Cloysters to inclose the outward man't O would to God they would do the like to restrain the inward man.



EPIG. 8.

Affraid of eyes? What, still play least in fight? 'Tis much to be presum'd all is not right: Too close endeavours bring forth dark events: Come forth, Monastick; here's no Parliament.

Z 2



Ut Luna Infantia torpet. 354

or distribution.

JOB. 14. 2.

He cometh forth like a flower and is cut down.

I Bebold

How short a span
Was long enough, of old
To measure out the life of man!
In those well temper'd days his time was then
Survey'd, cast up, and found but threescore years and ten-

2 Alas

And what is that?

They come, and flide, and pass,

Before my pen can tell thee what.

The posts of time are swift, which having run

Their seaven short stages 'ore, their short-live task is done.

Our days Begun we lend

And toyes, until the first stage end:

12. waining moons, twice 3. times told, we give
To unrecover'd loss: We rather breath than live:

We fpend

A ten years breath
Before we apprehend

What 'tis to live or fear a death?
Our childish dreams are fill'd with planted joys,
Which please our sense a while, and waking, prove but toys.

S How vain, How wretched is Poor man, that doth remain A flave to fuch a State as this! His days are short, at longest; few, at most; They are but bad, at best; yet lavisht out, or lost.

They be nor The fecret fprings 11 14 17 That make our minutes flee On wheels more swift then Eagles wings: Our lif's a Clock, and every gain of Breath Breaths forth a warning grief, till Time fhall firike a death.

5 22 12 8 25 17 10 A

They come a pulle, and p is How foon Will 5 0 Our new-born light Attains to full ag'd noon ! And this, how foon to gray-hair'd night! We spring, we bud, we blossom, and we blast

Pr we can count our days, our days they flee fo faft. When fcarce begun,

And e're we apprehend

That we begin to live, our life is done: Man, count thy days; and if they flie too fast For thy dull thoughts to count, count every day the last. Before we apprinch!

Will wist of the or fear and chiling O , i de eans of bild a the partal ; of With the contract of the contract washing one but to con-

Our infancy is confumed in eating and sleeping; in all which sime what differ we from heasts, but by a possibility of reasor, and a necessity of sin?

O misery of mankind, in whom no sooner the Image of God appeareth in the act of his Reason, but the Devil blurs it in the

corruption of his will!



To the decrepit man.

Thus was the first seventh part of thy sew days Consum'd in sleep, in food, in toyish plays: Know'st thou what tears thine eyes imparted then? Review thy loss, and weep them o're agen.



JOB. 20. 11.

His bones are full of the fins of his youth.

The swift-soot Post of Time hath now begun
His second stage;
The dawning of our age
Is lost and spent without a Sun:
The light of reason did not yet appear
Within th' Horizon of this Hemisphere.

2

The infant Will had yet no other guide
But twilight Sense;
And what is gain'd from thence
But doubtful (tens. that trend glide?

But doubtful steps, that tread aside? Reason now draws her curtains; her clos'd eyes Begin to open, and she cass to rise.

3

Youths now disclosing bud peeps out, and shews Her April head;

And, from her graß-green bed, Her virgin Primerose early blows; Wh'ilst waking Philomel prepares to sing Her warbling sonets to the wanton spring.

4

His stage is pleasant, and the way seems short;
All strow'd with flowers;
The days appear but howers,
Being spent in time-beguiling sport;
Her griefs do neither press, nor doubts perplex;
Here's neither fear to curb, nor care to yex.

121 025 ACL

His downy cheek grows proud, and now distains.
The tutours hand;

He glories to command

The proud-neck fleed with prouder reins:
The flrong-breath'd horn must now salute his ear;
With the glad downfal of the falling Dear.

6

His quick-nos'd armie, with their deep-mouth'd founds, Must now prepare

To chase the tim'rous Hare.

About his yet unmorgag'd grounds; The ill he hates, is counsel and delay; And fears no mischief but a rainy day.

25731'27 : 7

The thought he takes, is how to take no thought
For bale nor blis;

And late repentance is

The laft dear pen'worth that he bought:

He is a dainty morning, and he may,

If luft orecast him not, b' as fair a day.

8 17

Proud bloffom, use thy Time: Times headfrong horse Will post away.

Will post away.

Trust not the foll wing day,

For every day brings forth a worse:

Take time at best: Believe 's, thy days will fall

From good to bad, from bad to worst of all.

S. AMBROS.

Humility is a rarething in a young man, therefore to be admired: When youth is vigorous, when strength is sirm, when blood is bot, when cares are strangers, when mireh is free, then prideswelleth, and humility is despised.

E P.I G. 10.

To the old man.

Thy years are newly gray, his newly green; His youth may live to see what thine hath seen; He is thy Parallel: His present stage And thine are the two Tropicks of mans age.



ECCLESIASTES. 11. 9.

Rejoyce, O young man, and let thy heart cheer thee, but know, &c.

Of transitory this with date How hurry'd on the clipping wings Of Time, and driv'n upon the wheels of Fate! How one condition brings ... The leading Prologue to another flate! No transitory things can last? Change waits on Time, and Time is wing'd with haft; Time present's but the ruin of Time past.

Behold how Change hath inch'd away thy Span; And how thy light doth burn Nearer and nearer to thy Urn: For this dear wast what satisfaction can Injurious Time return Thy shortned days, but this, the style of Man? And what's a man? A cask of care, Now tunn'd and working; he's a middle stair 'Twixt birth and death; a blast of full-ag'd air.

His breast is tinder, apt to entertain The sparks of Cupids fire, Whole new blown flames must now enquire A wanton julep out, which may restrain The rage of his defire, Whose painful pleasure is but pleasing pain: His life's a fickness that doth rife From a hot liver, Whilst his passion lies Expeding cordials from his miltrifs eyes,

ECCLESIASTES II. 9.

The leading Projection to a to first dated

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Mirio Cittillon, Commission of the Commission of 1075 : Tight first the control of the control of the

His stage in strow'd with thorns, and deck'd with flowers: His year sometimes appears 13 15 1 2000 19000

A minute; and his minutes, years ?

His doubtful weather's Sun-shine mixt with showers;

His traffique, Hopes and Fears;
His life's a medley, made of Sweets and Sowrs;
His pains reward is Swiles and Pouts;

His diet is far language mixt with Flours ; ins , and 10 He is a No-thing, all composed with Doubtes

देश १३ मार्ग क्षेत्र क्ष्मित स्थापनी

Tive (19 od) of Party Is in a Do, wast thy inch, proud Span of living earth Consume thy golden days In flavish freedom, let thy ways

Take best advantage of thy frolick mirth; Own Modell

Thy flock of Time decays, with a work of

, 7. . .

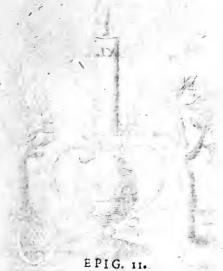
And lavish plenty fill fore-runs a dearth : 15 cm

The bird that's flown may turn at laft; - 15 6 2 / 1 10 7 And painful labour may repair a wast;

But pains nor price can call my minutes paff, bertain All

SEN.

Exped great joy when thou shalt lay down the mind of a child, and deserve the kyle of a wise man; for at those years childhood is past, but oftentimes childishness remaineth, and what is worfe, thou haft the authority of a man, but the voice of a child.



To the declining man.

Why fland'ft thou discontented? Is not he As equal diffant fron the top as thee? What then may cause thy discontented frown? He's mounting up the hill; thou plodding down.



Vt Sol ardore virili.

DEUTERONOMIE. 33. 25.

As the days, So shall the strength be.

The Post
Of swift foot Time
Hath now at length begun
The Kalends of our middle stage:
The number'd steps that we have gone, do show
The number of those steps we are to go:
The buds and blossoms of our age
Are blown, decay'd, and gone
And all our prime
Is Lost;

And what we boaft too much, we have leaft cause to boaft.

Ah me!
There is no reft;
Our Time is always fleeing.
What rein can curb our head-ftrong hours;
They post away: They pass we know not how:
Our Now is gone, before we can say Now;
Time past and future's none of ours:
That hath as yet no being;
And this hath ceast

.To be:

What is, is only ours: How thort a Time have we!

And now Apollos ear.

Expects harmonious strains,
New minted from the Thracian Lyre;
For now the virtue of the twi-fork'd Bill
Inspires the ravish'd fancy, and doth fill
The vines with Pegasean fire:
And now those steril brains
That cannot show,

Nor bear Some fruits, shall never wear Apollo's sacred Bow.

Excess
And furfeit uses
To wait upon these days;
Full seed and flowing cups of wine
Conjure the fancy, forcing up a spirit
By the case Magick of debauch'd delight;
Ah pitty, twice-born Bacebus Vine
should starve Apollo's Bayes,
And drown those Muses
That bless

And calm the peaceful foul, when florms of cares oppress.

Strong light
Boast not those beams
That can but only raise
And blaze a while, and then away:
There is no Solstice in thy day;
The midnight glory lies

Betwixt th' extremes Of night,

A glory foil'd with shame, and fool'd with falle delight.

Hast thou climbed up to the full age of the few days? Look backwards and thou shalt see the frailty of the youth; the folly of thy childhood, and the waste of thy Infancy: Look forwards; thou fhalt fee the cares of the World, the troubles of thy mind, the diseases of thy body.

EPIG. 12.

To the middle-aged.

Thou that art prancing on the lufty Noon Of thy full age, boaft not thy felf too foon : Convert that breath to wail thy fickle flate; Take heed thou'lt brag too foon, or boaft too late,

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JOHN. 3. 30.

He must encrease, but I must decrease.

Ime voids the table, dinner's done; And now our days declining Sun Hath hurried his diurnal load To th' borders of the Western road; Fierce Phlegon, with his fellow fleeds. Now puffs and pants, and blows and bleeds, And froths and fumes, remembring ftill Their lashes up th' Olympick hill, Which having conquer'd, now disdain. The whip, and champ the frothy rein, And with a full carier they bend Their paces to their journeys end: Our blazing Tapour now hath loft Her better half, Nature hath croft Her forenoon book, and clear'd that score, But scarce gives trust for so much more: And now the generous fap forfakes Her seir-grown twig: A breath ev'n shakes The down ripe fruit; fruit foon divorc'd From her dear branch, untouch'd, unforc'd. Now Sanguin Venus doth begin To draw her wanton colours in. And flees neglected in difgrace, Whil'ft Mars supplies her luke warm place ; Blood turn to choler: What this age Loses in strength it finds in rage: That rich ennamel, which of old, Damask'd the downy cheek, and told,

A harmless guilt, unask'd, is new Worn off from the audacious brow; Luxurious dalliance, midnight revels, Loofe riot, and those venial evils Which inconfiderate youth of late Could plead, now want an Advocate: And what appear'd in former times Whisp'ring as faules, now roar as crimes : And now all ye whose lips were wont To drench their Coral in the font Of fork'd Parnaffus; you that be The fons of Phabus, and can flee On wings of fancy to display The flagg of high invention, flay, Repose your quills; your veins grow sower, Tempt not your sale beyond her power : If your pall'd fancies but decline, Censure will strike at every line And wound your names, the popular ear Weighs what you are, not what you were Thus hackney like, we tire our age, Spur-gall'd with change from flage to flage.

Seeft thou the daily light of the greater World? When attended to the highest pitch of Meridian glory, it stayeth not, but by the same degrees, it ascended, it descendeth. And is the light of the lesser world more permanent? Continuance is the abild of Eternity, not of Time.

EPIG. 13.

To the young man.

Young man, rejoyce; and let thy rifing days
Cheer thy glad heart: Think'ft thou these uphil ways
Lead to death's dungeon? No, but know withal,
A rifing is but a Prologue to a fall.

Aa 4

n legiski i na ednik za Marsini i ednik i na kantini



Invidiosa Senectus.

JOHN. 12. 35:

Tet a little while is the light with you.

He day grows old, the low-pitch lamp hath made No less than treble shade, And the descending damp doth now prepare

T' uncurl bright Titans hair;

Whose Western wardrobe now begins t' unfold Her purples, fring'd with gold,

To cloath his evening glory, when th' alarms Of reft shall call to reft in reftless Theris arms.

Nature now calls to supper, to refresh

The spirits of all flesh;

The toyling plowman drives his thirfty teams.

To take the slipp'ry streams:
The droyling swine-herd knocks away, and seafts His hungry whining guefts :

The boxbil Ouzle, and the dapled Thrush Like hungry rivals meet at their beloved bush.

And now the cold Autumnal dews are feen To cobweb every green;

And by the low-fhorn Rowins doth appear The faft-declining year:

The laples branches doff their summer saits And wain their winter fruits;

And flormy blafts have forc'd the quaking trees To wrap her trembling limbs in fuits of mosfly freez.

Our wasted Tapour now hath brought her light To the next door to night;

Her sprightless flames grown with great snuff, doth turn Sad as her neighb'ring Urn:

Her slender inch, that yet unspent remains, Lights but to further pains,

And in a filent language bids her guest Prepare his weary limbs to take Eternal reft.

Now careful age hath pitch'd her painful plough Upon the furrow'd brow;

And snowy blasts of discontented care Have blanch'd the falling hair :

Suspicious envy mixt with jealous spight Disturb's his weary night :

He threatens youth with age; and now alas; He owns not what he is, but vaunts the man he was,

Gray hairs, pursue thy days, and let thy past Read Lectures to thy laft:

Those hafty wings that hurri'd them away

Will give these days no day:

The constant wheels of Nature scorn to tire Until her works expire:

That blaft that nipt thy youth, will ruin thee ;3 tree. That hand that shook the branch will quickly firike the

S. CHRYS.

Gray bairs are bonourable, when the behaviour suith gray bairs: But when an antient man bath childisk manners, be becometh more ridiculous than a child.

SEN.

Thou art in vain attained to old years, that repeatest thy youthfulness.

EPI G. 14.

To the Touth.

Seeft thou this good old man? he represents
Thy Future, thou, his Preserperfest tense:
Thou goest to labour, he prepares to rest:
Thou break'st thy fast, he supps; now which is best?



PSALM 90. 10.

The days of our years are threescore years and ten.

I

O have I feen th' illustrious Prince of Light Rising in glory from his Crocean bed, And trampling down the horrid shades of night, Advancing more and more his conqu'ring head, Pause first, decline, at length begin to shroud His fainting brows within a cole-black cloud.

2

So have I seen a well-built Castle stand
Upon the tip-toes of a losty hill,
Whose active pow'r commands both sea and land,
And curbs the pride of the beleag'rers will:
At length her ag'd soundation fails her trust,
And lays her tott'ring ruins in the dust.

-

So have I feen the blazing Tapour shoot
Her golden head into the feeble air,
Whose shadow-gilding ray spread round about,
Makes the foul face of black-brow'd darkness fair;
Till at the length her wasting glory fades,
And leaves the night to her invet'rate shades.

4

Ev'n so this little world of living Clay,
The pride of Naure, glorified by Art,
Whom Earth adores, and all her Hosts obey,
Ally'd to Heav'n by his Diviner part.

Triumphs a while, then droops, and then decays, And worn by age, death cancels all his days.

That

3

That glorious Sun, that whilom shone so bright, Is now ev'n ravish'd from our darkned eyes:
That sturdy Castle, mann'd with so much might,
Lies now a Mon'ment of her own disguise:
That blazing Tangus, that distain'd the puff

That blazing Tapour, that disdain'd the puff.

Of troubled Air, scarce owns the name of snuff

б

Poor bed-rid Man! Where is that glory now,
Thy Youth so vaunted? Where that Majesty
Which set enthron'd upon thy manly brow?
Where, where that braving arm? That daring eye?
Those bux om tunes? Those Bacchanalian tones;
Those swelling veins? Those marrow flaming bones?

7

Thy drooping glory's blurr'd, and profirate lies Grov'ling in duft; and frightful horrour, now, Sharpens the glaunces of thy gashful eyes? Whilft fear perplexes thy diffracted brow:

The panting breast vents all her breath by groans, And death enerves thy marrow-wasted bones.

9

Thus Man that's born of woman can remain
But a short time: His days are all full of sorrow;
His life's a penance and his death's a pain.

Springs like a flow'r to day, and fades to morrow;
His breath's a bubble, and his day's a span:

'Tis glorious misery to be born a Man.

CYPR.

when eyes are dim, ears deaf, visage pale, teeth decayed, skin whithered, breath tainted, pipes furred, knees trembling, hands fumbling, feet failing, the sudden downfal of thy fleshly house is near at hand.

S. AUGUST.

All vices wax old by age: Coverounels alone groweth young.

EPIG. 15.

To the infant.

What he doth spend in groans, thou spend'ft in tears; Judgment and firength's alike in both your years; He's helples; so art thou; what difference then? He's an old Infant; thou, a young old Man.

FINIS.

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